ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



BUNCOMBE COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2023

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Brownie Newman, Chair Al Whitesides, Vice Chair Jasmine Beach-Ferrara Amanda Edwards Martin Moore Parker Sloan Terri Wells

COUNTY MANAGER Avril Pinder, CPA, ICMA-CM

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE Melissa Moore

Prepared by the Finance Department



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Buncombe County

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Introductory Section



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Buncombe County North Carolina

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Finance Department



Melissa Moore Finance Director

January 9, 2024

To the Board of County Commissioners and the Residents of Buncombe County, North Carolina:

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. State law requires local governments to publish a complete set of financial statements annually.

Management of Buncombe County assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. This report consists of management's representations regarding the financial position and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

As required by state and federal law the annual audit must be prepared by an independent certified public accountant or an accountant certified to audit local government accounting. Buncombe County went through a competitive proposal process to select an audit firm capable of meeting the legal requirements and providing value to the process.

Mauldin & Jenkins was engaged this year to conduct the annual audit. They were established in 1918 and have experienced growth now covering 14 offices in six states. Mauldin & Jenkins' success is deeply rooted in their core values, with extensive experience serving public sector clients. This foundation provides the County with an audit firm that has stood the test of time.

The Mauldin & Jenkins team audited the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits; therefore, the auditor's review is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The independent auditors concluded that the statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and there was a reasonable basis for issuing an unmodified opinion on the Buncombe County financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the County's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with emphasis on administration of federal grants.



buncombecounty.org

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides an introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The discussion and analysis complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in combination with it.

Profile of Buncombe County, North Carolina

Buncombe County, established in 1791, is located in the southwestern portion of North Carolina in the heart of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Nicknamed the "Land of the Sky", the County comprises 660 square miles of land and water and is shaped by one of the oldest mountain ranges in the world. With approximately 275,800 residents who call this home, Buncombe is the most populous county in western North Carolina accounting for over half of the population in the four-county Asheville Metropolitan Area.

The County encompasses six incorporated municipalities, the largest being the City of Asheville (population of approximately 96,800 or approximately 35% of the County), which lies at the geographic center of the County and serves as the County seat. Throughout history Buncombe County has been an important crossroads, being approximately 240 miles west of the state capital, Raleigh, North Carolina; 205 miles north of Atlanta, Georgia; and, 120 miles east of Knoxville, Tennessee.

The County operates under a commissioner/manager form of government. Presently, a sevenmember Board of County Commissioners governs Buncombe County. The Chair is elected separately by all the qualified voters in Buncombe County every four years. Two commissioners are elected from each of the three House of Representative Districts in Buncombe County to serve staggered four-year terms. Each commissioner is required to reside in and represent one of the districts, and only the qualified voters of that district will be eligible to vote for that district seat.

Buncombe County is a caring community in harmony with its environment where citizens succeed, thrive, and realize their potential. The County promotes a healthy, safe, well-educated, and thriving community with a sustainable quality of life. To that effort the County provides a full range of services to meet the complex needs of this unique community including human services, public safety, economic and physical development, environmental protection, cultural and recreational activities, and others. The majority of the annual budget is spent on public safety, human services, and support of local public education entities. The County also extends financial support to certain boards, agencies, and commissions to assist their efforts in serving residents and other community stakeholders. Among these partners are the Asheville City Board of Education, the Buncombe County Board of Education, the Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College, the Tourism Development Authority, the Land of Sky Regional Council, Buncombe County Service Foundation, and the Vaya Health Managed Care Organization.



The annual budget serves as the base for the County's financial planning and control. Budgets are developed on a departmental basis by expenditure function within a fund. The budgets display all of the County's financial operations including funding for various agencies outside the County's organizational structure. The County Manager submits the annual balanced budget to the Board of Commissioners before June each year. A public hearing on the budget is held in the middle of June with an expected budget adoption by June 30. In accordance with North Carolina statutes, the governing board shall adopt a budget not earlier than 10 days after the budget is presented to the Board and no later than July 1.

The Local Economy

Buncombe County serves as the regional economic center for western North Carolina. The County's economy is supported by a variety of robust and growing industries. Major industries located within the County's boundaries include the region's growing healthcare system; a thriving tourism and hospitality industry; strong educational and public sector systems; and, a resurgent manufacturing industry. In addition, small businesses and entrepreneurship are active engines fueling the region's diverse business landscape. Approximately 96% of establishments in the Metro area have fewer than 50 employees.

Buncombe County's economic development growth is driven by businesses innovating in advanced manufacturing; science and technology; healthcare; and, knowledge-based entrepreneurship. These industries are supported by a highly skilled workforce, steady population growth and reputable educational institutions meeting the talent needs of top-tier companies. The area stands as a hub for technology and business innovation and growth, making it an attractive destination for corporate relocation. Thanks to its remarkable quality of life, Buncombe County is a thriving center for outdoor recreation, creative arts and mountain cultures, as well as a budding community for entrepreneurs across all industries. Economic development in the region is supported by strong workforce development initiatives which work to ensure that the region has a globally competitive workforce that encourages local, regional, and international business investment. Workforce Development anticipates and delivers the types of education and training that are relevant to the local economy, provides transferable skills that benefit individuals into the future and ensures that the region's workforce is capable of meeting the ever-changing demands of the business world.

During fiscal year 2023, the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners recognized the continued growth of a well-known existing employer. In June 2023, Poppy Handcrafted Popcorn announced plans to invest approximately \$4.3 million through the year 2027 in a new Buncombe County-based manufacturing facility. The expansion adds 66 jobs at an average wage of \$26.40/per hour to the existing 45 employee workforce.

Buncombe County's employment market has picked up steam and refilled more consistently throughout fiscal year 2023. Buncombe County's unemployment rate of 2.8% is below the



State-wide metric at 3.3% at the close of the fiscal year. These are steady improvements from the County unemployment rate of 3.3% and State rate of 3.6% posted at the end of the prior fiscal year. The shifting unemployment rate has created new concerns related to workforce availability and employers have been challenged to find employees across industries. Wage growth continued to grow with the year-over-year average weekly wage increasing about 11% from Q1 2022 to Q1 2023 according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Buncombe County housing market remains dynamic and by all measures is a seller's market. The median days for a house on the market is 47 days which represents a median listing price of \$650,000, a 16% increase from the prior year. Concerns are prevalent that the supply of housing could be a long-term workforce challenge, however the number of active listings is up 12.0% from the prior year. Buncombe County continues to support initiatives to increase housing affordability through the Affordable Housing Services Program and the approval of Voter Bond Referendum for housing for low to moderate income individuals.

North Carolina law requires all counties to reappraise real property—land, buildings, structures, and improvements—at least once every eight years. Buncombe County attempts to reappraise all real property every four years; the most recent reappraisal is effective as of January 1, 2021. By completing this extensive process more often than the State requirement, the County seeks to maintain accurate current market values in pace with a booming housing market; avoid large and unpredictable changes to property values; and, minimize the opportunities for inequities that are commonly associated with longer reappraisal cycles. Based on the most recent reappraisal, property values increased across the County by approximately 18% on average; this includes both residential and commercial properties.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The County uses a Capital Improvement Program (CIP) to identify all capital projects for the next budget year and five additional years. The CIP is formulated under the direction of the County Manager for financial planning purposes. A capital project is defined as purchases over \$100,000 with an anticipated useful life of at least five years. These items are generally for major information technology projects, buildings, land, vehicle replacement programs, etc. All capital projects are reviewed by the CIP committee around November of each year. After the projects are reviewed and prioritized, they are submitted to the Board of Commissioners for further discussion and approval. Each capital project includes detailed descriptions, estimated total cost, impact on operating budget, and funding source. The CIP budget through fiscal year 2027 includes projects such as Elections facilities; emergency services base construction, solar panel installations; radio system and fleet replacements, as well as dispatch call center upgrades, for emergency services; parks and recreation upgrades; and, detention center facility expansion.



In November 2022, Buncombe County voters approved two general obligation bonds, \$30 million for open space, and \$40 million for affordable housing. The goal for the open space bond is to protect farmland and natural resources while also contributing to the county's goal of conserving 20% of the County's land by 2030, increase access to recreational activities and protect natural resources, and support greenway infrastructure. The goal for the affordable housing bond is to increase construction of housing for people of low to moderate incomes.

In a continued focus on the Board of Commissioners strategic objectives Buncombe County expanded the Community Paramedic program. This expansion provided support to community members in many ways such as individuals suffering from an overdose, substance use disorders, or mental health crises. The Community Paramedic Program also helps connect those in need to medication assistance treatment and utilizes harm reduction best practices.

Another major initiative for the County has been the focus on funding for education. Pre-K to community college continues to experience funding shortfalls. The County supports this by funding more than \$109 million toward its strategic focus area of an educated and capable community.

Relevant Financial Policies

Fund balance is an accounting term defined as the difference between assets and liabilities in a governmental fund. The term *reserves* is often used by public finance practitioners, but is not a governmental accounting term. It refers to the portion of fund balance held in reserve to buffer against financial distress or risk. The North Carolina State Treasurer recommends a minimum unallocated general fund balance of 8%. However, the County policy is more restrictive, requiring a range of 15% to 20%. The policy also requires any unreserved, undesignated fund balance more than 20% to be transferred to the County's Capital Projects Fund. This policy allows for better management of undesignated fund balance in the General Fund while maintaining reasonable fund balance levels and creates a mechanism to cash fund capital expenditures, helping to reduce the dependency on debt financing.

If fund balance is appropriated to balance the following year's budget in an amount that, if spent, would reduce the percentage below 15%, an explanation and a plan to save or replenish the fund balance will be included in this transmittal letter. The County has a strong history of meeting the challenge to realize cost savings and avoid spending appropriated fund balance. It has not had to tap into this resource for over a decade.

The County's debt policy is the operational rulebook for the issuance and management of debt. This policy is reviewed regularly to ensure that debt is issued responsibly, affordably, and in keeping with the best interests of taxpayers. There have been no significant changes to this policy in recent years. Buncombe County maintains Triple-A credit ratings from Moody's and Standard and Poor's for general obligation debt based on the most recent credit rating opinions received in 2020. Buncombe continues to be in an exclusive group of governments with two



Triple-A ratings and this strongly affirms the County's financial strength and position to support the needs of the community as well as encouraging business development.

Buncombe County's Investment Policy sets forth the County's general investment philosophy for its financial assets that do not have other special restrictions. The County pools the cash resources of its various funds into a single pool in order to maximize investment opportunities. These funds are accounted for in the Financial Statements section of this report. Each fund's portion of total cash and investments is summarized by fund type in the combined balance sheet as equity or deficit in pooled cash and investments. The Investment Policy was most recently updated in May 2020 to add clarity and best practices regarding external investment advisors, legal guidelines for investment, and diversification of investment types.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The County was awarded the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Buncombe County for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This would mark the forty-fourth consecutive year that Buncombe County has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The County also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its 2022 annual budget document. This is the twenty-eighth year that the award has been presented to the County. In order to qualify for this award, the County's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization. The Budget Department believes the fiscal year 2023 budget document continues to conform to program requirements and has submitted it to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another award.

Many professional staff members in the Finance Department contributed to the preparation of this report. Their hard work, dedication, and continuing efforts to produce and improve the quality of this report are a direct benefit to all that read and use it. We would also like to commend each County department for their cooperation and assistance throughout the year in the efficient administration and commitment to the vision, mission and goals of Buncombe



County Government. We also thank Mauldin & Jenkins for their hard work and efforts throughout the audit process.

Recognition and appreciation are also extended to the Board of County Commissioners for their leadership and dedication to serving the people of Buncombe County. This report is a testament to their continued support and desire for maintaining the highest standards in fiscal management and accountability.

Respectfully submitted,

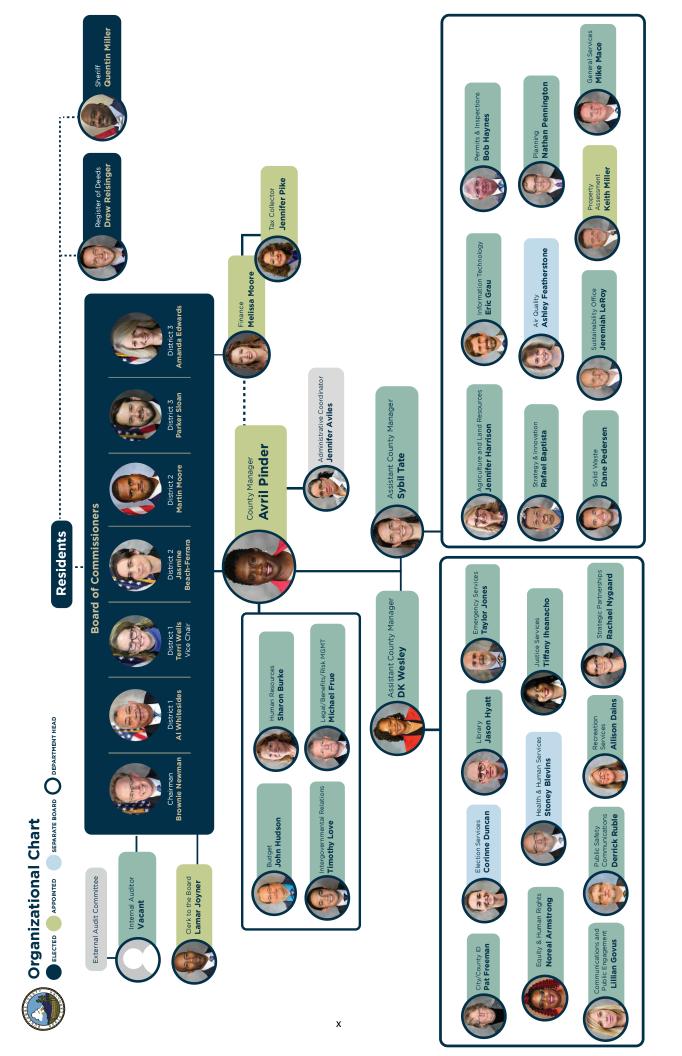
Ruder

Avril Pinder, CPA County Manager

Moore

Melissa Moore Finance Director





Financial Section







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Members of the Board of County Commissioners Buncombe County, North Carolina Asheville, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Buncombe County, North Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buncombe County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund, the Occupancy Tax Fund, and the Special Taxing Districts Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical reporting requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to the County's pension plans and other post-employment benefits plan, as listed in the table of contents under the header "Required Supplemental Financial Data," be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the other schedules, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State of North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act (collectively, "the supplementary information") are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In conjunction with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina January 9, 2024

INTRODUCTION

As management of Buncombe County (the County), we offer readers of the financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this discussion and analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FISCAL YEAR

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$11.0 million (net position).
- The County's total net position increased by \$38.3 million during the fiscal year. The increase was primarily caused by the governmental activities, specifically due to increased revenues combined with most categories of expenditure coming in under budget.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$228.3 million, a decrease of \$5.2 million from the prior year. Approximately 55% of this total amount, or \$126.9 million, is restricted or nonspendable.
- The County's General Fund increased fund balance by approximately \$2.6 million during the fiscal year for many of the same reasons as County's total net position increased.
- At June 30, 2023, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$86.1 million, or 21.6% of total general fund expenditures and transfers for the fiscal year which is 6.6% higher than the County's minimum fund balance policy.
- At June 30, 2023, the total amount of outstanding long-term debt was \$380.6 million, a decrease of \$43.5 million, or 10.3% from the previous fiscal year.
- Under State law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school systems and community college. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$215 million or 56.5% of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements is related to assets to be included in the respective entity's statements.
- The County maintains a Aaa bond rating from Moody's Investor Service and a AAA bond rating from Standard and Poor's Rating Service.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the readers' understanding of the fiscal condition of the County.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 12) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds

statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary funds statements; and 4) the fiduciary funds statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by general statutes can also be found in this part of the statements. Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plans.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. These statements are prepared under the full-accrual basis of accounting where all the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into the following three types of activities:

Governmental Activities – These activities of the County include general government, public safety, human services, economic and physical development, education, and cultural and recreation. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities – The County charges fees to recover the costs associated with providing certain services. These activities include Solid Waste Disposal and Inmate Commissary/Welfare.

Component Units – The government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Buncombe (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate tourism development authority and a legally separate air quality agency for which the County of Buncombe is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method which provides a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial

statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements. A detailed reconciliation can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund as required by the NC General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board of Commissioners about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The County has two kinds of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its solid waste and inmate commissary/welfare operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to account for its insurance programs. Because this operation benefits predominately governmental rather than business-type activities, the internal service fund has been included with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Buncombe County's own programs. Buncombe County has three fiduciary funds. One is a trust fund for the future health insurance benefits for retirees and the others are custodial funds. Information about these funds can be found on Exhibits 11 and 12 as well as the budgetary statements following the notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes follow the financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide health insurance benefits to retirees and pension benefits to its law enforcement officers. Required supplementary information can be found after the notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

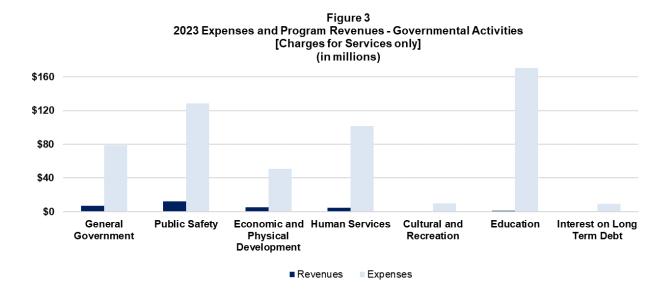
As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. As shown in Figure 1, the County's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$11.0 million at June 30, 2023. The County's net position increased by \$35.4 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The largest portion of Buncombe County's net position is reflected in the County's Net Investment in Capital Assets. Buncombe County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens;

consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Buncombe County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

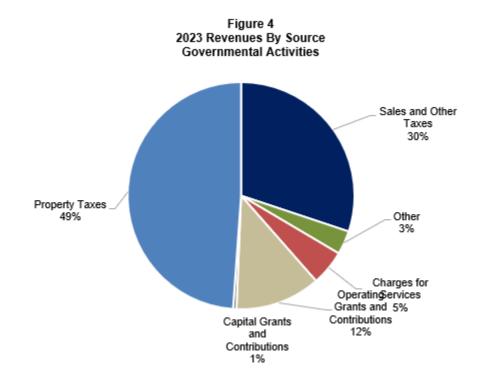
				Figur								
			Net	Position (in m	illions)						
		Goverr	nmer	ntal		Busine	ss-T	ype				
		Activ	ities	;		Activities				Total		
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Current and other assets	\$	354.2	\$	381.4	\$	24.1	\$	35.8	\$	378.3	\$	417.2
Capital assets		232.2		233.4		43.1		35.8		275.3		269.2
Total assets		586.4		614.8		67.2		71.6		653.6		686.4
Total deferred outflows of resources		86.6		73.0		1.8		1.5		88.4		74.5
Long-term liabilities outstanding		541.8		550.5		39.1		39.3		580.9		589.8
Other liabilities		77.1		95.8		1.6		2.6		78.7		98.4
Total liabilities		618.9		646.3	-	40.7	-	41.9		659.6		688.2
Total deferred inflows of resources		91.9		117.2		1.5		1.9		93.4		119.1
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		95.1		86.0		29.4		28.3		124.5		114.3
Restricted		104.1		105.6		-		-		104.1		105.6
Unrestricted		(237.1)		(267.3)		(2.5)		1.0		(239.6)		(266.3)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(37.9)	\$	(75.7)	\$	26.9	\$	29.3	\$	(11.0)	\$	(46.4)
	Ψ	(01.0)	Ψ	(1011)	Ψ	20.0	Ψ	20.0		(11.5)	Ψ	(10.1)

Buncombe County's governmental activities have a negative balance of \$237.1 million in unrestricted net position (deficit). As with many counties in the State of North Carolina, the County's deficit in unrestricted net position is due to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for the benefit of local educational entities: the Buncombe County Board of Education, the City of Asheville Board of Education, and AB-Tech Community College. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for these institutions. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation by using a mixture of County funds and debt financing. The assets funded by the County, however, are owned and utilized by these institutions. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$215 million or 56.5% of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the financial statements of the school systems and community college. The unrestricted net position of governmental activities increased by \$30.2 million from fiscal year 2022.

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	ss-Type vities	То	tal
	2023 2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 29.6	\$ 31.9	\$ 10.6	\$ 10.9	\$ 40.2	\$ 42.8
Operating grants and contributions	71.7	79.4	0.4	0.5	72.1	79.9
Capital grants and contributions	2.8	0.8	-	-	2.8	0.8
General revenues:						
Property taxes	288.3	277.5	-	-	288.3	277.5
Other taxes	177.7	172.5	0.8	0.7	178.5	173.2
Other	19.9	6.1	0.6	-	20.5	6.1
Total revenues	590.0	568.2	12.4	12.1	602.4	580.3
Expenses:						
General government	78.6	69.3	-	-	78.6	69.3
Public safety	128.4	113.8	-	-	128.4	113.8
Economic and physical development	50.9	46.1	-	-	50.9	46.1
Human services	101.5	106.8	-	-	101.5	106.8
Culture and recreation	10.1	7.2	-	-	10.1	7.2
Education	170.3	153.1	-	-	170.3	153.1
Interest on long-term debt	9.5	12.3	-	-	9.5	12.3
Solid waste disposal	-	-	14.4	12.0	14.4	12.0
Other	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total expenses	549.3	508.6	14.8	12.4	564.1	521.0
Increase (decrease) in net position						
Before transfers	40.7	59.6	(2.4)	(0.3)	38.3	59.3
			· · ·	. ,		
Transfers						
Increase (decrease) in net position	40.7	59.6	(2.4)	(0.3)	38.3	59.3
Net position, beginning	-			()		
as originally reported	(75.7)	(135.3)	29.3	29.6	(46.4)	(105.7)
Prior period restatement -	(-)	(/			<u> </u>	(/
change in accounting principle	(2.9)	-	-	-	(2.9)	-
Net position (deficit), beginning	(78.6)	(135.3)	29.3	29.6	(49.3)	(105.7)
Net position (deficit), ending	\$ (37.9)	\$ (75.7)	\$ 26.9	\$ 29.3	\$ (11.0)	\$ (46.4)



Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position \$40.7 million. Increased revenues combined with most categories of expenditure coming in under budget were the primary drivers for the change in net position. Specifically, the County realized investment revenues significantly higher than projected along with continued moderate growth in ad valorem (property) and sales tax revenues.



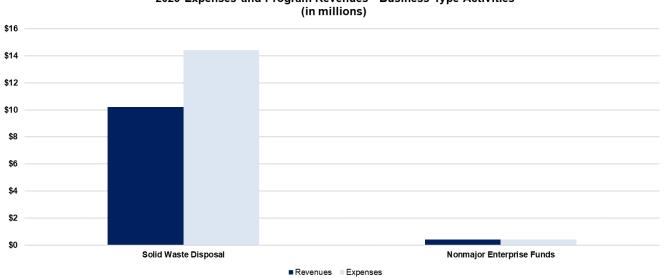


Figure 5 2023 Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities (in millions)

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased net position by \$2.4 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

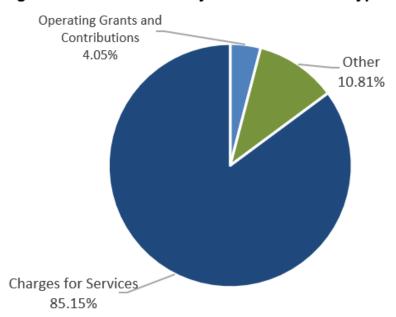


Figure 6 2023 Revenues By Source Business-Type Activities

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Buncombe County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements. The County, along with all other local governments and public authorities in North Carolina, conducts financial management and accounting in compliance with guidance from multiple authorities. These authorities include the North Carolina General Assembly, specifically through General Statutes Chapter 159; the Local Government Commission within the North Carolina State Treasurer's Office; and, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as established by the federally-established Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), national and State chapter of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), and other sources for best practices in accounting, fiscal management, and financial reporting.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The County's major governmental funds include the General Fund, Public School Capital Needs Fund, AB Tech Capital Projects Fund, Public School ADM Project Fund, County Capital Projects Fund, Special Projects Capital Projects Fund, Grant Projects Fund, Occupancy Tax Fund and the Special Taxing District Fund. The remaining governmental funds are considered non-major.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of Buncombe County reported a combined fund balance of \$228.3 million, a \$5.2 million decrease from last year. Of the total governmental fund balance, \$126.9 million, or 55%, is considered nonspendable or legally restricted as to use.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Buncombe County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Buncombe County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$86.1 million, while total fund balance reached \$126.9 million. The Board of Commissioners has determined that the County should maintain a minimum available fund balance of 15% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The County currently has an available fund balance of 21.6% of general fund expenditures and transfers.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the General Fund budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenue \$3.9 million. The actual revenue collected was more than the final budget amount by \$12.3 million. This can be attributed to revenues exceeding budget in multiple areas. Ad Valorem Tax are budgeted based on estimated assessed values and collection rate and actual assessed values were higher than estimated. The County saw higher than anticipated building permits fees, recording fees, sales and services associated with ambulance fees and Medicaid cost settlements. As a result of the increased interest rates the County realized additional revenue through interest income.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund saw an increase of approximately \$2.6 million from the previous year; savings in all functional areas and increased general revenues contributed to this increase. This is the 11th consecutive year that the County has seen an increase in its General Fund fund balance.

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital asset construction or acquisition from general government resources and financing. The total fund balance decreased \$5.0 million from \$30.7 million in fiscal year 2022 to \$25.7 million in 2023. Total fund balance can fluctuate from year to year due to the timing of debt issuances or other funding and project completions. The primary cause for the decrease is normal progress and completion of project activities throughout the year.

Public School ADM Sales Tax/Lottery Projects Fund accounts for major capital maintenance projects for local public schools with article 40/42 sales tax and lottery funds. Once constructed, the assets will be capitalized by the local school units.

The Public School Capital Needs Fund accounts for revenues restricted for public school capital outlay projects. The total fund balance decreased \$7.7 million from \$41.4 million in fiscal year 2022 to \$33.7 million in 2023. Total fund balance can fluctuate from year to year due to the timing of debt issuances or other funding and project completions. The primary cause for the decrease is normal progress and completion of project activities throughout the year.

The AB Tech Capital Project Fund accounts for revenues restricted for use on capital projects benefiting AB Tech Community College. The total fund balance increased \$2.2 million from \$18.8 million in fiscal year 2022 to \$21.0 million in 2023. Similar to other capital project funds, total fund balance can fluctuate from year to year due to the timing of debt issuances or other funding and project completions. The most significant cause of the increase is increased sales tax revenues received in 2023.

The Special Projects Capital Projects Fund accounts for special projects that may not necessarily result in a capital asset for the County. The total fund balance increased \$4.6 million from \$14.2 million in fiscal year 2022 to \$18.8 million in 2023. Total fund balance can fluctuate from year to year due to the timing of collections on long-term receivables associated with affordable housing loans and project completions. The most significant causes of the increase were interfund transfers of certain multi-year economic development, conservation, and reparations funding that was previously accounted for in the General Fund.

The Grant Projects Fund accounts for revenues received from multi-year grants and related expenditures. The total fund balance decreased \$5.2 million from (\$1.9) million in fiscal year 2022 to (\$7.1) million in 2023. Total fund balance can fluctuate from year to year due to the timing of grant reimbursements and when the actual project expenditures occurred.

The Occupancy Tax Fund accounts for the revenues from the room occupancy tax to fund the development and implementation of strategies to promote tourism in Buncombe County. Occupancy tax net of collection fees is remitted to the component unit (Tourism Development Authority) to achieve this purpose.

The Special Taxing Districts Fund accounts for the revenues from property taxes and local option sales tax collected and remitted on behalf of the school districts and fire districts within Buncombe County.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Disposal Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to (\$3.7) million. The Solid Waste Fund net position decreased \$3.88 million from fiscal year 2022. In 2023, the County completed a solid fee rate study to determine the amount to increase fees as well as managing operating expenditures so that they don't exceed revenues. The County committed to increasing the fee beginning in fiscal year 2023 and reevaluation of the fee no less than every three years.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2023, the County's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$275.3 million. These assets include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, automotive equipment, construction in progress, and right to use assets. This is an increase of \$9.0 million, or 3%, from fiscal year 2022. This increase is primarily due to construction in progress associated with the solid waste in business-type activities, the net effect of the increase in accumulated depreciation

in the governmental activities, and the initial recognition of right to use assets based on new accounting standards. See Figure 7.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- County facilities solar project
- Electric vehicle infrastructure
- Vehicles and major equipment for public safety and solid waste
- Continued major maintenance of older buildings to maintain safety and extend their useful lives
- Continued courthouse exterior renovations and jail repairs

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3(A)(5) Capital Assets, in the notes of the financial statements.

Figure 7 Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation (in millions)

	Go	overnmen	ental Activities			usiness-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total				
		2023	2022		2023			2022		2023		2022	
Land	\$	21.6	\$	21.6	\$	6.8	\$	6.8	\$	28.4	\$	28.4	
Buildings and improvements		182.1		187.9		32.3		19.8		214.4		207.7	
Equipment		8.0		3.9		2.2		2.2		10.2		6.1	
Automotive equipment		4.3		4.0		0.8		0.2		5.1		4.2	
Intangibles		1.3		1.7		-		-		1.3		1.7	
Construction in progress		8.2		9.1		0.2		5.6		8.4		14.7	
Right-to-use		6.7		1.6		0.7		1.3		7.4		2.9	
Total capital assets	\$	232.2	\$	229.8	\$	43.1	\$	35.9	\$	275.3	\$	265.8	

Outstanding Debt. As of June 30, 2023, the County's total debt outstanding was \$380.6 million, of which \$7.2 million is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Installment notes account for the remaining \$373.41 million. Collateral for these notes are the assets purchased or constructed.

As mentioned earlier, the County is required by State law to provide capital funding for the two local public school systems and the community college. At the end of the fiscal year, the outstanding balance of the debt for these activities is approximately \$215.0 million, of which \$162.8 million is for the school systems and \$52.2 million is for the community college.

State law also requires the County to provide court facilities for the State of North Carolina. At the end of the fiscal year, the outstanding balance of the debt related to courthouse facilities was \$24.0 million, or 6.3% of the total outstanding debt of the County.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, Buncombe County maintained its AAA bond rating from Standard and Poor's Corporation and received a Aaa rating with Moody's Investor Service. These bond ratings are a clear indication of the sound financial condition of Buncombe County. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.

Outstanding Debt (in millions)												
					51							
		2023		2022	2	2023	2	022		2023		2022
General Obligation Bonds	\$	7.2	\$	10.0	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7.2	\$	10.0
Installment Notes Payable		359.9		398.1		13.5		16.0		373.4		414.1
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	367.1	\$	408.1	\$	13.5	\$	16.0	\$	380.6	\$	424.1

Figure 8

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Buncombe County is \$3.9 billion. The County's policy is to limit amount of debt issued to 3% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The County's imposed debt margin is \$1.5 billion.

Additional information regarding the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 (B)(7)(j) Long-Term Obligations, in the notes of the financial statements.

FISCAL YEAR 2024 BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The total operating budget for Buncombe County is \$609.5 million. The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2024 is \$430.4 million. This is an increase of 2.2% from the fiscal year 2023 amended General Fund budget.

The tax rate for fiscal year 2024 is set at 49.8 cents per \$100 of property value. The tax rate represents a 1 cent increase from 2023.

The FY2024 budget includes increased investments in support of teacher and staff salaries in the Asheville City and Buncombe County school systems. In total, the funding the commitment for K-12 partners is \$113.2 million. Asheville-Buncombe County Technical Community College (A-B Tech) will also receive \$8.1 million in 2024.

In addition to increased investments in education, Buncombe County Commissioners continue their commitment to priorities identified in the 2020 Strategic Plan by allocating the following in the FY2024 budget:

- \$4.9 million for environmental and energy stewardship, including \$4 million for solar on schools and public buildings
- \$9.9 million for resident well-being, including \$6.6 million for public safety such as Sheriff's Office upgrades, training equipment, and expansion of emergency medical services
- \$2.8 million for vibrant economy, including a \$250,000 increase in economic development commitments to support renovation of McCormick Field
- \$510,000 for equity as continued funding for reparations

Other community priorities funded in the FY2024 budget include:

- \$698,000 for homelessness and continuum of care
- \$3.9 million for early childhood education workforce development
- \$637,000 for infrastructure in unincorporated and growth areas

The fiscal year 2024 budget includes a fund balance appropriation of \$18.8 million. Fund balance appropriation is one of the available means to lower the burden on property tax owners. The County appropriates fund balance each year with the challenge to save the appropriated amount.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, PO Box 7526, Asheville, NC 28802. You can also call the Finance Department at 828-250-4130, visit our website at <u>www.buncombecounty.org</u> or send an email to <u>FinanceInfo@buncombecounty.org</u>.

Basic Financial Statements

Buncombe County, North Carolina

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Net Position

JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary Government					
	C	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	214,798,436	\$	21,682,502	\$	236,480,938	
Receivables (net)		12,649,692		1,103,174		13,752,866	
Due from other governments		46,791,179		11,474		46,802,653	
Due from primary government		-		-		-	
Inventories		-		37,282		37,282	
Prepaids		1,244,591		-		1,244,591	
Restricted cash and investments		55,238,009		1,289,816		56,527,825	
Net pension asset		394,200		-		394,200	
Long-term receivables		7,882,882		-		7,882,882	
Lease receivable		15,252,634		-		15,252,634	
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress		29,804,560		7,039,284		36,843,844	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		195,655,611		35,392,953		231,048,564	
Right to use assets, net of amortization		6,732,725		730,817		7,463,542	
Total capital assets		232,192,896		43,163,054		275,355,950	
Total assets		586,444,519		67,287,302		653,731,821	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		86,565,895		1,795,462		88,361,357	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued							
expenses		29,466,302		1,496,634		30,962,936	
Accrued interest payable		1,185,367		31,223		1,216,590	
Payable from restricted cash		1,682,451		96,433		1,778,884	
Unearned revenue		30,411,895		-		30,411,895	
Other liabilities		8,194,333		-		8,194,333	
Due to component unit		6,206,955		-		6,206,955	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year: Bonds, notes, lease liabilities,							
compensated absences, retirement liabilities		45,106,733		3,155,891		48,262,624	
Due in more than one year:							
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		8,908,518		-		8,908,518	
Net pension liability - LGERS		74,553,640		1,629,895		76,183,535	
Net OPEB liability		74,225,346		1,622,718		75,848,064	
Bonds, notes, lease liabilities, compensated absences,							
retirement liabilities		339,049,507		32,638,890		371,688,397	
Total noncurrent liabilities		541,843,744		39,047,394		580,891,138	
Total liabilities		618,991,047		40,671,684		659,662,731	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		91,906,172		1,489,325		93,395,497	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		95,075,359		29,427,255		124,502,614	
Restricted for:							
Stabilization by State statute		37,497,161		-		37,497,161	
Capital projects		7,875,623		-		7,875,623	
Education		47,177,450		-		47,177,450	
Other		10,708,414		-		10,708,414	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(236,220,812)		(2,505,500)		(238,726,312)	
Total net position	\$	(37,886,805)	\$	26,921,755	\$	(10,965,050)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Component Units				
	Tourism	Asheville-Buncomb			
	Development	Air Quality			
	Authority	Agency			
ASSETS	ž	<u> </u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 63,340,867	\$ 736,845			
Receivables (net)	6,227,286	13,038			
Due from other governments	-	-			
Due from primary government	-	-			
Inventories	-	-			
Prepaids	92,549	-			
Restricted cash and investments	-	-			
Long-term receivables	-	-			
Capital assets:	-	-			
Land and construction in progress	-	-			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	92,794			
Right to use assets, net of amortization	5,160,769	-			
Total capital assets	5,160,769	92,794			
Total assets	74,821,471	842,677			
	74,021,471	042,077			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		380,172			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued					
expenses	4,431,993	25,993			
Accrued interest payable	14,157	-			
Unearned revenue	-	-			
Other liabilities	673,846	-			
Due to component unit	-	-			
Noncurrent liabilities:		-			
Due within one year: Bonds, notes, lease liabilities, compensated					
absences, retirement liabilities	369,376	373,383			
Due in more than one year:					
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	_	-			
Net pension liability - LGERS	-	-			
Net OPEB liability	_	343,218			
Bonds, notes, lease liabilities, compensated absences,	_	545,210			
retirement liabilities	5,032,123	-			
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,401,499	716,601			
Total liabilities	10,521,495	742,594			
	10,021,000				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	311,188			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	(135,211)	92,794			
Restricted for:					
Stabilization by State statute	4,178,990	-			
Product development	31,150,599	-			
Legacy investment in tourism	6,175,869	-			
Other	-	-			
Unrestricted (deficit)	22,929,729	76,273			
Total net position	\$ 64,299,976	\$ 169,067			

Statement of Activities

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Prog	gram Revenues		
	Expenses		Charges for Services	_	-		apital Grants Contributions
	1						
\$	78,636,285	\$	6,811,804	\$	15,125,197	\$	-
	128,392,070		12,005,556		7,796,246		-
	50,856,588		5,064,761		364,796		170,200
	101,454,761		4,361,719		48,049,129		-
	10,131,965		340,064		311,894		650,000
	170,341,081		1,040,434		-		2,014,670
	9,494,862		-		-		-
	549,307,612		29,624,338		71,647,262		2,834,870
	14,429,606		10.228,702		505,130		-
					-		-
					505,130		-
\$	564,150,110	\$	40,248,891	\$	72,152,392	\$	2,834,870
\$	27.349.142	\$	213,436	\$	35,900,567	\$	-
				·			-
\$	28,270,621	\$	738,334	\$	36,250,784	\$	-
T Pa In G	axes: Property taxes, Local option sa Other taxes and ayments in lieu westment earnin rants and contril ther, unrestricte	les t l lice of ta igs (butio d	ax enses xes loss), unrestricte ons, unrestricted	-	•		
	\$ \$ Gen Ti G O	128,392,070 50,856,588 101,454,761 10,131,965 170,341,081 9,494,862 549,307,612 14,429,606 412,892 14,842,498 \$ 564,150,110 \$ 27,349,142 921,479 \$ 28,270,621 General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, Local option sa Other taxes and Payments in lieu Investment earnin Grants and contri Other, unrestricte	 \$ 78,636,285 \$ 128,392,070 \$ 50,856,588 \$ 101,454,761 \$ 10,131,965 \$ 170,341,081 \$ 9,494,862 \$ 549,307,612 14,429,606 \$ 412,892 \$ 14,842,498 \$ 564,150,110 \$ 27,349,142 \$ 921,479 \$ 28,270,621 \$ General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levi Local option sales to Other taxes and lice Payments in lieu of ta Investment earnings (Grants and contributio Other, unrestricted 	ExpensesServices\$ 78,636,285\$ 6,811,804128,392,07012,005,55650,856,5885,064,761101,454,7614,361,71910,131,965340,064170,341,0811,040,4349,494,862-549,307,61229,624,33814,429,60610,228,702412,892395,85114,842,49810,624,553\$ 564,150,110\$ 40,248,891\$ 27,349,142\$ 213,436921,479524,898\$ 28,270,621\$ 738,334General revenues:Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general put Local option sales tax Other taxes and licensesPayments in lieu of taxes Investment earnings (loss), unrestricted Grants and contributions, unrestricted	Charges for ServicesOp Services\$ 78,636,285\$ 6,811,804\$ 78,636,285\$ 6,811,804\$ 128,392,07012,005,556 $50,856,588$ $5,064,761$ $101,454,761$ $4,361,719$ $10,131,965$ $340,064$ $170,341,081$ $1,040,434$ $9,494,862$ - $549,307,612$ $29,624,338$ $14,429,606$ $10,228,702$ $412,892$ $395,851$ $14,842,498$ $10,624,553$ \$ 564,150,110\$ 40,248,891\$ 27,349,142\$ 213,436\$ 27,349,142\$ 738,334\$ 27,349,142\$ 738,334\$ 27,349,142\$ 738,334\$ 27,349,142\$ 738,334\$ 27,349,142\$ 738,334\$ 27,349,142\$ 738,334\$ 28,270,621\$ 738,334\$ Ceneral revenues:Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposeLocal option sales taxOther taxes and licensesPayments in lieu of taxesInvestment earnings (loss), unrestrictedGrants and contributions, unrestrictedOther, unrestricted	ExpensesServicesand Contributions\$ 78,636,285\$ 6,811,804\$ 15,125,197128,392,07012,005,5567,796,24650,856,5885,064,761364,796101,454,7614,361,71948,049,12910,131,965340,064311,894170,341,0811,040,434-9,494,862549,307,61229,624,33871,647,26214,429,60610,228,702505,130 $412,892$ 395,851-14,842,49810,624,553505,130\$ 564,150,110\$ 40,248,891\$ 72,152,392\$ 27,349,142\$ 213,436\$ 35,900,567921,479524,898350,217\$ 28,270,621\$ 738,334\$ 36,250,784General revenues:Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposeLocal option sales tax Other taxes and licensesOther taxes and licensesPayments in lieu of taxes Investment earnings (loss), unrestricted Grants and contributions, unrestricted Other, unrestricted	Charges for ServicesOperating Grants and ContributionsC and\$ 78,636,285\$ 6,811,804\$ 15,125,197\$ 128,392,07012,005,5567,796,246 $50,856,588$ 5,064,761364,796101,454,7614,361,71948,049,129 $10,131,965$ 340,064311,894 $170,341,081$ 1,040,434- $9,494,862$ $549,307,612$ 29,624,33871,647,262 $14,429,606$ 10,228,702505,130 $412,892$ 395,851- $14,842,498$ 10,624,553505,130 $$ 564,150,110$ $$ 40,248,891$ $$ 72,152,392$ \$ $$ 27,349,142$ $$ 213,436$ $$ 35,900,567$ \$ $921,479$ $524,898$ $350,217$ \$ $28,270,621$ $$ 738,334$ $$ 36,250,784$ \$General revenues:Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposeLocal option sales tax Other taxes and licensesPayments in lieu of taxesInvestment earnings (loss), unrestricted Grants and contributions, unrestricted Other, unrestricted

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning, as originally reported Prior period adjustment (Note 10) Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

169,067

Pr	rimary Government		ge in Net Position Comp	onent Units
			Tourism	Asheville-Buncombe
Governmental	Business-type		Development	Air Quality
Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	Agency
			, ,	
	•			
\$ (56,699,284)	\$ - 3	\$ (56,699,284)		
(108,590,268)	-	(108,590,268)		
(45,256,831)	-	(45,256,831)		
(49,043,913)	-	(49,043,913)		
(8,830,007)	-	(8,830,007)		
(167,285,977)	-	(167,285,977)		
(9,494,862)	-	(9,494,862)		
(445,201,142)	-	(445,201,142)		
-	(3,695,774)	(3,695,774)		
-	(17,041)	(17,041)		
-	(3,712,815)	(3,712,815)		
(445,201,142)	(3,712,815)	(448,913,957)		
			\$ 8,764,861	\$ -
				(46,364
			8,764,861	(46,364
288,320,136	-	288,320,136	-	-
130,972,714	-	130,972,714	-	-
46,674,869	811,217	47,486,086	-	152,670
100,707	-	100,707	-	-
8,730,206	501,270	9,231,476	1,732,131	23,031
5,695,520	-	5,695,520	-	-
5,269,886	-	5,269,886	36,715	-
131,261	36,000	167,261	-	-
485,895,299	1,348,487	487,243,786	1,768,846	175,701
40,694,157	(2,364,328)	38,329,829	10,533,707	129,337
(75,708,493)	29,286,083	(16 122 110)	52 766 260	20 720
(75,708,493) (2,872,469)	29,200,000	(46,422,410)	53,766,269	39,730
	-	(2,872,469)	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$ (37,886,805) \$ 26,921,755 \$ (10,965,050) \$ 64,299,976 \$

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

				Special		P	ublic School
		(Occupancy	Taxing	Grant		Capital
	 General		Tax	Districts	Projects		Needs
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 113,116,079	\$	2,899,484	\$ 1,226,121	\$ -	\$	19,737,101
Restricted cash and investments	1,824,798		-	-	29,578,917		7,467,898
Receivables, net	6,857,424		3,357,854	140,554	467,690		-
Due from other governments	19,690,962		-	4,199,224	3,867,922		7,150,564
Due from other funds	7,868,630		-	-	-		-
Prepaid items	860,591		-	-	-		-
Long-term receivable	7,259		-	-	-		-
Lease receivable	15,252,634		-	-	-		-
Total assets	\$ 165,478,377	\$	6,257,338	\$ 5,565,899	\$ 33,914,529	\$	34,355,563
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$ 13,955,809	\$	-	\$ 5,462,974	\$ 853,214	\$	596,148
Payable from restricted cash	34,019		-	-	570,148		47,114
Unearned revenue	1,390,220		-	-	29,008,769		-
Other liabilities	3,336,719		-	-	-		-
Due to component unit	-		6,206,955	-	-		-
Due to other funds	-		50,383	-	7,014,988		-
Total liabilities	 18,716,767		6,257,338	5,462,974	37,447,119		643,262
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 19,800,843		-	102,925	3,603,641		-
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	1,135,050		-	-	-		-
Restricted							
Stabilization by State statute	36,078,890		-	-	-		-
Education	-		-	-	-		33,712,301
Capital projects	114,723		-	-	-		-
Other	3,563,086		-	-	-		-
Assigned							
Subsequent year's expenditures	18,894,070		-	-	-		-
Capital projects	-		-	-	-		-
Human services	-		-	-	-		-
Unassigned	67,174,948		-	-	(7,136,231)		-
Total fund balances	 126,960,767		-	-	(7,136,231)		33,712,301
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$ 165,478,377	\$	6,257,338	\$ 5,565,899	\$ 33,914,529	\$	34,355,563

	AB Tech	Put	olic Schools						Other		Total
	Capital	AD	M Sales Tax/		County	Spe	ecial Projects	G	overnmental	C	Governmental
	Projects	Lot	tery Projects	Ca	pital Projects	Ca	pital Projects		Funds		Funds
ф.	1 < 0 = 1 < 0 1	¢		۴	10.000.000	¢	15 (26 000	¢	< 5 0 < <0.5	.	105 5 40 55
\$	16,074,624	\$	-	\$	12,282,483	\$	15,636,998	\$	6,796,685	\$	187,769,57
	102,602		-		14,357,539		-		1,906,255		55,238,00
	6,539		-		49,950		131,735		1,265,360		12,277,10
	4,958,090		6,309,687		-		76,719		538,011		46,791,17
	-		-		-		-		-		7,868,63
	-		-		-		-		-		860,59
	-		-		-		7,875,623		-		7,882,88
	-		-		-		-		-		15,252,63
\$	21,141,855	\$	6,309,687	\$	26,689,972	\$	23,721,075	\$	10,506,311	\$	333,940,60
5	10,792	\$	5,548,986	\$	140,027	\$	286,552	\$	413,474	\$	27,267,97
	95,414		_		823,961		-		111,795		1,682,45
	-		-		-		-		12,906		30,411,89
	-		-		-		4,677,785		179,829		8,194,33
	-		-		-		-		-		6,206,95
	-		760,701		-		-		42,558		7,868,63
	106,206		6,309,687		963,988		4,964,337		760,562		81,632,24
	-		-		_		-		434,400		23,941,80
	-		-		-		-		-		1,135,05
	-		-		-		-		1,418,271		37,497,16
	21,035,649		-		-		-		-		54,747,95
	-		-		14,357,539		7,875,623		-		22,347,88
	-		-		-		-		6,751,128		10,314,21
	-		-		-		-		-		18,894,07
	-		-		11,368,445		10,881,115		-		22,249,56
	-		-		-		-		1,190,917		1,190,91
	-		-		-		-		(48,967)		59,989,75
	21,035,649		-		25,725,984		18,756,738		9,311,349		228,366,55

\$ 21,141,855 \$ 6,309,687 \$ 26,689,972 \$ 23,721,075 \$ 10,506,311

 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different:
 (266,253,362)

 Reconciliation to full accrual basis of accounting (see Note 1)
 (266,253,362)

 Net position (deficit) of governmental activities
 \$ (37,886,805)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

25

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Special		Public School
		Occupancy	Taxing	Grant	Capital
	General	Tax	Districts	Projects	Needs
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 244,033,754	1 \$ -	\$ 43,088,718	\$ -	\$ -
Incremental tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Local option sales taxes	44,650,92		16,534,510	-	28,311,666
Other taxes and licenses	10,226,63		-	-	-
Unrestricted intergovernmental	5,542,083		-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental	45,232,290		-	20,023,412	189,354
Permits and fees	5,573,69		-	-	-
Sales and services	23,086,73		-	-	-
Investment earnings (loss)	6,852,840		-	-	897,675
Other Total revenues	697,763		59,623,228	1,724,352 21,747,764	- 29,398,695
	565,670,720	5 50,440,250	57,025,220	21,747,704	27,578,075
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	65,481,27		_	11,695,910	_
Public safety	79,947,63		43,765,990	4,098,912	_
Economic and physical development	7,326,31			82,467	_
Human services	89,497,21	, ,	_	7,140,033	
Cultural and recreational	9,061,230		_	4,259,379	-
Education	109,038,700		15,857,238	-,239,379	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	14,720,639
Debt service:					11,720,007
Principal retirement	15,880,04	7 -	-	-	15,389,339
Interest and fees	5,783,030		-	-	6,951,140
Total expenditures	382,015,46	36,448,238	59,623,228	27,276,701	37,061,118
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,881,26	7 -	-	(5,528,937)	(7,662,423)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from other funds	8,435,519) -	-	335,125	-
Transfers to other funds	(15,658,54)	3) -	-	-	-
Lease liabilities issued	5,951,56	7 -	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	36,903	- 3	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,234,554	4) -	-	335,125	-
Net changes in fund balances	2,646,713	3 -	-	(5,193,812)	(7,662,423
Fund balances, beginning					
as originally reported	124,314,054	1 -	-	(1,942,419)	41,374,724
Prior period restatement-	.,,			(,- ,- , · · , · · · · , · · · , · · · , · · , · · , · · , · · , · · , · · , · · , ·	,= · · ,· = ·
error correction	-	_		_	-
Fund balances, beginning	124,314,054	- 1 -	-	(1,942,419)	41,374,724
Fund balances, ending	\$ 126,960,76		\$-		\$ 33,712,301
runu balances, enung	φ 120,900,70	φ -	φ -	φ (7,150,251)	φ 55,/12,501

	AB Tech	Public Schools						Other		Total
	Capital	ADM Sales Tax/		County	Sp	ecial Projects	Go	overnmental	C	Governmental
	Projects	Lottery Projects	Cap	pital Projects	Ca	pital Projects		Funds		Funds
\$		\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$	287,122,472
φ	-	φ - -	φ	-	φ	-	φ	447,833	φ	447,833
	19,685,163	21,790,448		_						130,972,714
	-	-		_		-		_		46,674,869
	_	_		_		153,438		_		5,695,521
	-	1,825,316		650,000		170,200		4,628,701		72,719,279
	-			-		-		410,087		5,983,784
	-	-		-		-		1,040,434		24,127,171
	407,135	-		282,705		-		139,520		8,579,875
	-	-		1,249,200		90,654		1,688,500		5,450,469
	20,092,298	23,615,764		2,181,905		414,292		8,355,075		587,773,987
	-	-		-		-		490,247		77,667,428
	-	-		-		-		653,388		128,465,921
	-	-		-		-		9,338		43,866,360
	-	-		-		-		4,514,005		101,151,255
	-	-		-		-		39,629		13,360,244
	-	-		-		-		1,040,434		125,936,378
	5,937,245	23,615,764		5,517,160		7,659,518		155,054		57,605,380
	4,902,214	-		-		-		461,946		36,633,546
	2,098,024	-		-		-		392,188		15,224,388
	12,937,483	23,615,764		5,517,160		7,659,518		7,756,229		599,910,900
	7,154,815	-		(3,335,255)		(7,245,226)		598,846		(12,136,913)
				1 802 077		11 007 045		1 712 507		24.004.072
	- (5,000,000)	-		1,803,066 (3,408,895)		11,807,845		1,712,507		24,094,062
	(3,000,000)	-		(3,408,893)		-		(26,624) 219,987		(24,094,062) 6,171,554
	-	-		-		-		219,987 95,075		131,978
	(5,000,000)	-		(1,605,829)		11,807,845		2,000,945		6,303,532
	2,154,815	-		(4,941,084)		4,562,619		2,599,791		(5,833,381)
	18,880,834	-		30,667,068		14,194,119		6,090,120		233,578,500
	-	-		-		-		621,438		621,438
	18,880,834	-		30,667,068		14,194,119		6,711,558		234,199,938
\$	21,035,649	\$-	\$	25,725,984	\$	18,756,738	\$	9,311,349	\$	228,366,557

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (5,833,381)
Reconciliation to full accrual basis of accounting (see Note 1)	 46,527,538
Total change in net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ 40,694,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

27

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Gene	ral F	und	
						Variance With Final
		Original	Final		A (1	Positive
REVENUES		Budget	Budget		Actual	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	240,309,247	\$ 240,309,247	\$	244,033,754	3,724,507
Local option sales taxes	φ	47,527,393	47,527,393	φ	44,650,927	(2,876,466)
Other taxes and licenses		11,018,000	11,018,000		10,226,631	(791,369)
Unrestricted intergovernmental		625,000	1,524,415		5,542,083	4,017,668
Restricted intergovernmental		45,189,756	47,900,362		45,232,296	(2,668,066)
Permits and fees		5,210,000	5,210,000		5,573,697	363,697
Sales and services		17,858,468	18,108,468		23,086,737	4,978,269
Investment earnings (loss)		550,000	550,000		6,852,840	6,302,840
Other		1,462,724	1,515,618		701,711	(813,907)
Total revenues		369,750,588	373,663,503		385,900,676	12,237,173
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		68,346,039	75,342,138		65,481,271	9,860,867
Public safety		82,592,325	83,046,018		79,947,631	3,098,387
Economic and physical development		8,827,753	9,366,826		7,326,317	2,040,509
Human services		91,644,505	94,652,485		89,497,217	5,155,268
Culture and recreation		9,879,778	9,966,490		9,061,236	905,254
Intergovernmental:		, ,	, ,		, ,	,
Education		109,226,848	109,226,848		109,038,706	188,142
Total current expenditures		370,517,248	381,600,805		360,352,378	21,248,427
Debt service:					, ,	· · ·
Principal retirement					15,880,046	
Interest and other charges					5,783,037	
Total debt service		19,066,043	23,887,958		21,663,083	2,224,875
Total expenditures	_	389,583,291	405,488,763		382,015,461	23,473,302
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(19,832,703)	(31,825,260)		3,885,215	35,710,475
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds		12,434,241	12,434,241		8,435,519	(3,998,722)
Transfers to other funds		(8,649,190)	(15,658,543)		(15,658,543)	-
Lease liabilities issued		-	12,000,000		5,951,567	(6,048,433)
Sales of capital assets		100,000	100,000		36,903	(63,097)
Appropriated fund balance		15,947,652	22,949,562		-	(22,949,562)
Total other financing sources (uses)		19,832,703	31,825,260		(1,234,554)	(33,059,814)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$-	=	2,650,661	2,650,661
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to GAAP:						
Reconciling items:						
Net collections on long-term loans					(3,948)	
Change in fund balance					2,646,713	
Fund balance, beginning					124,314,054	
Fund balance, ending				\$	126,960,767	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Occupancy Tax Fund

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Occupancy tax	\$ 46,000,000	\$ 36,448,238	\$ (9,551,762)
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic and physical development: Tourism development	 46,000,000	36,448,238	9,551,762
Revenues over expenditures	 -	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning		 -	
Fund balance, ending		\$ -	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Taxing Districts

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes		\$ 43,088,718	
Local option sales taxes		 16,534,510	
Total revenues	\$ 64,064,144	59,623,228	\$ (4,440,916)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public safety:			
Volunteer fire departments		43,765,990	
Education:			
Asheville City Schools		15,857,238	
Total expenditures	 64,064,144	59,623,228	4,440,916
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning		 -	
Fund balance, ending		\$ -	

Proprietary Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				E	terre di contra di co			G	Internal
Disposal Enterprise Fund Insurance Funds Total Funds ASSETS Carrent assets: Cash and investments \$ 20,590,635 \$ 1,091,867 \$ 21,682,502 \$ 27,028, Restricted cash actash equivalents \$ 1,289,816 - 1,289,816 - 1,289,816 - 1,289,816 - 3,282 - 3,282 - 3,282 - 3,282 - 3,324 - - - - - - 3,324 - <th></th> <th></th> <th>Solid Wasta</th> <th>En</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th><u> </u></th> <th>ervice Fund</th>			Solid Wasta	En				<u> </u>	ervice Fund
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					•				Insurance
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash actash equivalents Restricted cash actash equivalent portion Restricted cash actash equivalent portion Restricted cash actash equivalent portion Restricted cash actash equivalent portion Restricted cash actash actash equivalent portion Restricted cash actash act					-		Total		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ASSETS		T und		i unub		Totul		i una
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 1.289,816 - 1.289,816 Receivables, net 1.098,641 4.533 1.103,174 6, Due from other governments 11,474 - 11,474 Prepaids - - 328,2 Total current assets: 23,027,848 1.096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: - 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Contro contruction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 - 730,817 Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 - - Total anonument assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 - LIABILITIES - - - 1,621,333 - 36,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 1,621,57 - 1,621,57	Current assets:								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 1.289,816 - 1.289,816 Receivables, net 1.098,641 4.533 1.103,174 6, Due from other governments 11,474 - 11,474 Prepaids - - 328,2 Total current assets: 23,027,848 1.096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: - 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Contro contruction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 - 730,817 Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 - - Total anonument assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 - LIABILITIES - - - 1,621,333 - 36,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 - 1,621,57 - 1,621,57	Cash and investments	\$	20,590,635	\$	1,091,867	\$	21,682,502	\$	27,028,860
Receivables, net 1,098,641 4,533 1,103,174 6, Due from other governments 11,474 - 11,474 - 37,282 Total current assets 23,027,848 1,096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: 23,027,848 1,096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 0 23,327,823 33,337,74 59,179 35,332,953 33 1,018,174 6, 34,333,774 59,179 43,163,054 33,337,74 59,179 43,163,054 33,337,74 59,179 43,163,054 34,303,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,3103,875 59,179 43,163,054 34,310,33,373,070 560,33 34,31,	Restricted cash and cash equivalents				-				-
Prepaids - - - 384, 37,282 Total current assets 23,027,348 1,096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: 1,096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,302,953 3 Right to use assets, net of amortization 70,0817 - 70,0817 - Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 - - Total assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - - 1,621, Accounts payable 1,260,337 113,633 1,373,970 560, Accounts inspayable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 Labilities - - - 1,621, <	-		1,098,641		4,533		1,103,174		6,577
Inventories 37,282 - 37,282 Total current assets 23,027,848 1,096,400 24,124,248 27,419, Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Right to use assets, net of depreciation 730,817 - 7,039,284 - Total cargital assets, net of amortization 730,817 - 730,817 - Total assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 - - Total assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 LIABILITIES - - 96,433 - 96,433 Accounts payable 1,260,337 113,633 1,373,970 560, Accounts payable payroll taxes payable 120,073 2,591 122,664 15, Compensated absences 23,876 9,343 242,219 - 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 4,654,614 125,567 <td>Due from other governments</td> <td></td> <td>11,474</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>11,474</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Due from other governments		11,474		-		11,474		-
Total current assets $23,027,848$ $1,096,400$ $24,124,248$ $27,419$, Noncurrent assets: Land, improvements, and construction in progress $7,039,284$ $ 7,043,284$ $ 7,043,284$ $ 7,043,284$ $ 7,043,284$ $ 7,043,284$ $ 7,043,284$ $-$ <	Prepaids		-		-		-		384,000
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land, improvements, and construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Right to use assets, net of amorization 730,817 - 730,817 Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total noncurrent assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total anoncurrent assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - 31,223 - 31,223 Accounts payable 31,223 - 31,223 - 31,223 Payable from restricted cash 96,433 - 96,433 - 96,433 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 120,073 2,591 122,664 15, Compensated absences 232,876 9,343 242,219 - Other liabilities - - <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>37,282</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>37,282</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	•		37,282		-		37,282		-
Capital assets: Land, improvements, and construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Right to use assets, net of amortization 730,817 - 730,817 Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total noncurrent assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total anoncurrent assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 LIABILITIES - 31,223 - 31,223 Accounts payable 31,023 - 31,223 Payable from restricted cash 96,433 - 96,433 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 120,073 2,591 122,664 15, Compensated absences 232,876 9,343 242,219 0 Other liabilities - - 1,621, 1 Installment obligations payable, current portion	Total current assets				1,096,400				27,419,437
Capital assets: Land, improvements, and construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Right to use assets, net of amortization 730,817 - 730,817 Total capital assets $43,103,875$ 59,179 $43,163,054$ Total noncurrent assets $43,103,875$ 59,179 $43,163,054$ Total anoncurrent assets $66,131,723$ $1,155,579$ $67,287,302$ $27,419$, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,744,169$ $51,293$ $1,795,462$ LIABILITIES - $31,223$ - $31,223$ Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ 560 , Accounts payable $1,200,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ 560 , Accounts payable $21,200,337$ $122,664$ 15 , Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ Other liabilities - - 1.621 , Installment obligations payable, current portion $24,654,614$ $125,567$	Noncurrent assets:								
Land, improvements, and construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Right to use assets, net of amortization 730,817 - 730,817 Total capital assets, net of amortization 730,817 - 730,817 Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total anoncurrent assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - 31,223 - 31,223 Accounds payable 1,260,337 113,633 1,373,970 560, Accrued interest payable 1,20,073 2,591 122,664 15, Compensated absences 232,876 9,343 242,219 Other liabilities Accrued landfill closure and - - - 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - Lase obligations payable 1,563,302 4,654,614 125,567 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
construction in progress 7,039,284 - 7,039,284 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Right to use assets, net of amorization 730,817 - 730,817 Total capital assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total noncurrent assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 1,41111111 Current liabilities: Accounts payable 1,260,337 113,633 1,373,970 560, Accounts payable 1,260,337 113,633 1,373,970 560, Account payable 1,200,73 2,591 122,664 15, Compensated absences 232,876 9,343 242,219 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 Lase obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,1296,958 Net OPEB liability <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-								
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Right to use assets, net of amortization Total capital assets 35,333,774 59,179 35,392,953 Total capital assets 730,817 - 730,817 Total noncurrent assets 43,103,875 59,179 43,163,054 Total assets 66,131,723 1,155,579 67,287,302 27,419. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,744,169 51,293 1,795,462 LIABILITIES - 31,223 - 31,223 Payable from restricted cash 96,433 - 96,433 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 120,073 2,591 122,664 15. Compensated absences 232,876 9,343 242,219 - 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 1,621, Installment obligations payable 1,556,363 1,622,718	-		7,039,284		-		7,039,284		-
Right to use assets, net of amortization $730,817$ $ 730,817$ Total capital assets $43,103,875$ $59,179$ $43,163,054$ Total noncurrent assets $43,103,875$ $59,179$ $43,163,054$ Total assets $66,131,723$ $1,155,579$ $67,287,302$ $27,419,$ DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,744,169$ $51,293$ $1,795,462$ LIABILITIES Current liabilities: $Accounts payable$ $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accounts payable $120,073$ 2.591 $12,664$ $15,$ Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ 0 Other liabilities $ 1,621,$ Installment obligations payable, current portion $243,672$ $ 443,672$ Noncurrent liabilities: $Accrued landfill closure and postclo$					59,179				-
Total capital assets $43,103,875$ $59,179$ $43,163,054$ Total noncurrent assets $43,103,875$ $59,179$ $43,163,054$ Total assets $66,131,723$ $1,155,579$ $67,287,302$ $27,419,$ DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,744,169$ $51,293$ $1,795,462$ LIABILITIESCurrent liabilities:Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accrued interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ $-$ Payable from restricted cash $96,433$ - $96,433$ -Salaries and payroll taxes payable $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ Other liabilities1,621,Installment obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $43,672$ - $443,672$ Noncurrent liabilities: $21,296,958$ - $21,296,958$ Net OPEB liability $1,563,614$ $125,567$ $4,780,181$ $2,198,$ Nocurrent liabilities: $21,296,958$ - $21,296,958$ Net OPEB liability $1,576,360$ $46,358$ $1,622,718$ Net pension liability - LGERS $1,583,332$ $46,553$ $1,629,895$ Installment obligations payable $25,932$ - $28,932$ Total nocurrent liabilities $35,798,582$ $92,921$ $35,891,503$ Total inbilities $40,453,196$ $218,488$ $40,671,684$ $2,198,$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									-
Total assets $66,131,723$ $1,155,579$ $67,287,302$ $27,419$, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,744,169$ $51,293$ $1,795,462$ LIABILITIES Current liabilities: $Accounts payable$ $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ 560 , Accrued interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ $94,433$ $96,433$ $96,433$ $96,433$ $96,433$ $96,433$ $92,591$ $122,664$ 15 , $Compensated absences$ $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ 0 0 $1,621,$ $118,611$ $112,567$ $4,70,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,470,000$ $12,567$ $4,780,181$ $2,198,$ Noncurrent liabilities $4,654,614$ $125,567$ $4,780,181$ $2,198,$ $11,059,000$ $11,059,000$ $12,296,958$ $12,296,958$ $12,296,958$ $11,059,000$ $11,059,000$ $12,296,958$ $12,296,95$			43,103,875		59,179				-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,744,169$ $51,293$ $1,795,462$ LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accured interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ Payable from restricted cash $96,433$ - $96,433$ Salaries and payroll taxes payable $120,073$ $2,591$ $122,664$ $15,$ Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ Other liabilities - - $1,621,$ Installment obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $443,672$ - $443,672$ Total current liabilities: $Accuel andfill closure and postclosure care costs 21,296,958 - 21,296,958 Net OPEB liability 1,576,360 46,358 1,622,718 Accuel abligations payable 11,059,000 - $	Total noncurrent assets				59,179				-
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 1,260,337 113,633 1,373,970 560, Accrued interest payable 31,223 - 31,223 - 31,223 Payable from restricted cash 96,433 - 96,433 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 120,073 2,591 122,664 15, Compensated absences 232,876 9,343 242,219 Other liabilities - - 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 Lease obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 Lease obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 2,470,000 - 1,621, Installment obligations payable, current portion 2,470,000 - 21,296,958 - 21,296,958 - 21,296,958 - 1,621, Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued landfill closure and - - 1,059,000 - 11,059,000	Total assets								27,419,437
Current liabilities: Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ 560 , Accrued interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ Payable from restricted cash $96,433$ - $96,433$ Salaries and payroll taxes payable $120,073$ $2,591$ $122,664$ 15 , Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ - Other liabilities - - $1,621,$ Installment obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $443,672$ - $443,672$ - $443,672$ Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued landfill closure and 90 ostclosure care costs $21,296,958$ - $21,296,958$ Net OPEB liability $1,576,360$ $46,538$ $1,622,718$ N Net pension liability - LGERS $1,583,332$ $46,563$ $1,622,895$ $11,059,000$ $11,059,000$ $282,932$ $282,932$ $282,932$ $282,932$ <td< td=""><td>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</td><td></td><td>1,744,169</td><td></td><td>51,293</td><td></td><td>1,795,462</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,744,169		51,293		1,795,462		-
Current liabilities: Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ 560 , Accrued interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ Payable from restricted cash $96,433$ - $96,433$ Salaries and payroll taxes payable $120,073$ $2,591$ $122,664$ 15 , Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ - Other liabilities - - $1,621,$ Installment obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $443,672$ - $443,672$ - $443,672$ Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued landfill closure and 90 ostclosure care costs $21,296,958$ - $21,296,958$ Net OPEB liability $1,576,360$ $46,538$ $1,622,718$ N Net pension liability - LGERS $1,583,332$ $46,563$ $1,622,895$ $11,059,000$ $11,059,000$ $282,932$ $282,932$ $282,932$ $282,932$ <td< td=""><td>LIABILITIES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable $1,260,337$ $113,633$ $1,373,970$ $560,$ Accrued interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ Payable from restricted cash $96,433$ - $96,433$ Salaries and payroll taxes payable $120,073$ $2,591$ $122,664$ $15,$ Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ Other liabilities $1,621,$ Installment obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $443,672$ - $443,672$ Total current liabilities: $4,654,614$ $125,567$ $4,780,181$ $2,198,$ Noncurrent liabilities: $4,654,614$ $125,567$ $4,780,181$ $2,198,$ Notclosure care costs $21,296,958$ - $21,296,958$ 1,622,718Net pension liability - LGERS $1,583,332$ $46,563$ $1,629,895$ Installment obligations payable $11,059,000$ - $11,059,000$ Lease obligations payable $282,932$ - $282,932$ Total noncurrent liabilities $35,798,582$ $92,921$ $35,891,503$ Total indocurrent liabilities $40,453,196$ $218,488$ $40,671,684$ $2,198,$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,446,777$ $42,548$ $1,489,325$ Net investment in capital assets $29,368,076$ $59,179$ $29,427,255$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(3,392,157)$ $886,657$ $(2,505,500)$ $25,221,$									
Accrued interest payable $31,223$ - $31,223$ Payable from restricted cash $96,433$ - $96,433$ Salaries and payroll taxes payable $120,073$ $2,591$ $122,664$ $15,$ Compensated absences $232,876$ $9,343$ $242,219$ 10000 Other liabilities $1,621,$ Installment obligations payable, current portion $2,470,000$ - $2,470,000$ Lease obligations payable, current portion $443,672$ - $443,672$ Total current liabilities: $4,654,614$ $125,567$ $4,780,181$ $2,198,$ Noncurrent liabilities: $A,ccrued$ landfill closure and $1,576,360$ $46,358$ $1,622,718$ Net oPEB liability $1,576,360$ $46,553$ $1,629,895$ $11,059,000$ Lease obligations payable $282,932$ - $282,932$ Total noncurrent liabilities $35,798,582$ $92,921$ $35,891,503$ Total liabilities $40,453,196$ $218,488$ $40,671,684$ $2,198,$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $1,446,777$ $42,548$ $1,489,325$ Net investment in capital assets $29,368,076$ $59,179$ $29,427,255$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(3,392,157)$ $886,657$ $(2,505,500)$ $25,221,$			1.260.337		113,633		1.373.970		560,933
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Total noncurrent liabilities 35,798,582 92,921 35,891,503 Total liabilities 40,453,196 218,488 40,671,684 2,198, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,446,777 42,548 1,489,325 NET POSITION 29,368,076 59,179 29,427,255 Unrestricted (deficit) (3,392,157) 886,657 (2,505,500) 25,221,					-				-
Total liabilities 40,453,196 218,488 40,671,684 2,198, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,446,777 42,548 1,489,325 NET POSITION 29,368,076 59,179 29,427,255 Unrestricted (deficit) (3,392,157) 886,657 (2,505,500) 25,221,					92 921				_
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Unrestricted (deficit) (3,392,157) 886,657 (2,505,500) 25,221,			20 368 076		50 170		29 427 255		_
	-								- 25 221 111
Total net position \$ 25,975,919 \$ 945,836 \$ 26,921,755 \$ 25,221,		¢		¢		¢		¢	25,221,111

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position Proprietary Funds

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
	Solid Waste Disposal	Nonmajor Enterprise		Insurance
	Fund	Funds	Total	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 10,228,702	\$ 395,851 \$	10,624,553	\$ 36,874,722
Other	505,130	-	505,130	3,656,340
Total operating revenues	10,733,832	395,851	11,129,683	40,531,062
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits	3,699,583	55,333	3,754,916	542,343
Contracted services		101,142	101,142	
Cost of products sold		64,273	64,273	
Other operating expenses	5,204,138	162,705	5,366,843	3,485,263
Landfill closure and				
postclosure care costs	2,263,626	-	2,263,626	-
Depreciation	2,245,837	29,439	2,275,276	-
Amortization	566,366	-	566,366	-
Insurance premiums	-	-	-	1,683,912
Claims	-	-	-	33,721,271
Total operating expenses	13,979,550	412,892	14,392,442	39,432,789
Operating income (loss)	(3,245,718)	(17,041)	(3,262,759)	1,098,273
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest and investment income	474,857	26,413	501,270	-
Disposal taxes	811,217	-	811,217	-
Interest and other charges	(450,056)	-	(450,056)	-
Gain on disposal of assets	36,000	-	36,000	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	872,018	26,413	898,431	-
Change in net position	(2,373,700)	9,372	(2,364,328)	1,098,273
Net position, beginning	28,349,619	936,464	29,286,083	24,122,838
Net position, ending	\$ 25,975,919	\$ 945,836 \$	26,921,755	\$ 25,221,111



Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	En	terprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
	Solid Waste Disposal	Nonmajor Enterprise		Insurance
	Fund	Funds	Total	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ 0.067.100 ¢	205 124	¢ 10.262.222	ф о д 111 171
Cash received from customers	\$ 9,967,198 \$	395,124	\$ 10,362,322	\$ 37,111,171
Cash paid for goods and services	(6,271,724)	(285,710)	(6,557,434)	(38,256,036)
Cash paid to employees for services	(3,830,445)	(123,804)	(3,954,249)	(571,633)
Other operating revenue	686,450	-	686,450	3,656,340
Net cash provided (used)		(1.1.0.00)		4
by operating activities	551,479	(14,390)	537,089	1,939,842
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Intergovernmental revenues	811,217	-	811,217	-
Net cash provided by			· · · · · ·	
noncapital financing activities	811,217	-	811,217	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of				
capital assets	(10,158,705)	-	(10,158,705)	-
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	36,000	-	36,000	-
Principal paid on installment obligation	(2,470,000)	-	(2,470,000)	-
Principal paid on lease obligations	(563,665)	-	(563,665)	-
Interest and fees paid on long-term liabilities	(427,543)	-	(427,543)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(13,583,913)	-	(13,583,913)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investments	474,857	26,413	501,270	
Net cash provided by investing activities	474,857	26,413	501,270	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(11,746,360)	12,023	(11,734,337)	1,939,842
Cash and investments, beginning of year	33,626,811	1,079,844	34,706,655	25,089,018

				erprise Funds		Se	Internal ervice Fund
		Solid Waste Disposal Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Insurance Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,245,718)	\$	(17,041) \$	(3,262,759)	\$	1,098,273
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income (loss) to net cash provided							
by operating activities:							
Depreciation		2,245,837		29,439	2,275,276		-
Amortization		566,366		-	566,366		
Landfill closure and postclosure		0.114.044			2.11.6.2.64		
care costs		2,116,364		-	2,116,364		-
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred							
outflows and inflows of resources:							
Accounts receivable		(80,181)		(727)	(80,908)		236,449
Inventories		11,205		-	11,205		-
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(390,007)		1,183	(388,824)		-
Net pension liability		1,144,180		25,227	1,169,407		-
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(606,848)		(30,172)	(637,020)		-
Accounts payable		(931,532)		42,410	(889,122)		634,410
Salaries and payroll taxes payable		(49,369)		(10,788)	(60,157)		(29,290)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		79,393		17,171	96,564		-
Net OPEB liability		(484,256)		(53,755)	(538,011)		-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		172,068		(18,694)	153,374		-
Accrued compensated absences		3,977		1,357	5,334		-
Total adjustments		3,797,197		2,651	3,799,848		841,569
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	551,479	\$	(14,390) \$	537,089	\$	1,939,842

Exhibit 11

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds JUNE 30, 2023

	 OPEB Trust Fund	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - \$	5 1,451,970		
Investments:				
State Treasurer Short Term Investment Fund	7,561,724	-		
State Treasurer Bond Index Fund	2,827,977	-		
Mutual funds	29,430,573	-		
Receivables, net	 -	405,453		
Total assets	 39,820,274	1,857,423		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	-	25,472		
Due to other governments	-	1,309,456		
Total liabilities	 -	1,334,928		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	39,820,274	-		
Individuals and other governments	-	522,495		
Total net position	\$ 39,820,274	5 522,495		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 OPEB Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Employer contributions	\$ 8,857,662 \$	-
Investment income:		
Interest and dividends	165,361	-
Loss on sales of investments	53,912	-
Net appreciation in fair value		
of investments	4,035,117	-
Less: investment management fees	 (5,669)	-
Investment income, net	4,248,721	-
Ad valorem taxes collected for other governments	-	98,747,024
Collections on behalf of inmates	 -	1,045,894
Total additions	 13,106,383	99,792,918
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit payments	6,857,662	-
Tax distributions to other governments	-	98,704,745
Payments on behalf of inmates	 -	998,910
Total deductions	 6,857,662	99,703,655
Change in net position	6,248,721	89,263
NET POSITION		
Beginning, as previously reported	33,571,553	433,232
Ending	\$ 39,820,274 \$	522,495

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA *Notes to the Financial Statements* For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Buncombe County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

(A) <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The County, which is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. Buncombe County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the Authority) exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The OPEB Trust Fund holds funds used to provide postretirement benefits to qualifying employees of the County and the Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency. It is presented as a fiduciary fund in the financial statements. Buncombe County Tourism Development Authority (the Tourism Development Authority) and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency (the Agency), which have a June 30 yearend, are presented as if they are separate governmental funds of the County (discrete presentation). The discretely presented component units listed below are reported in separate columns in the County's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Buncombe County Service Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) meets the blending requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 80, and is therefore presented as a special revenue fund of the County.

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
Buncombe County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority	Discrete	The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners that is appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause.	None issued (no amounts have been presented because no financial transactions or account balances exist).
OPEB Trust Fund	Fiduciary Fund	The OPEB Trust Fund provides postretirement healthcare benefits to qualifying employees of the County and the WNC Regional Air Quality component unit. The trust was formed by the decision of the County Commissioners.	None issued.
Buncombe County Tourism Development Authority	Discrete	The Tourism Development Authority is governed by members appointed by the County Commissioners, the Asheville City Council, and the Asheville Area Chamber of Commerce. The Development Authority derives its revenues through a special room occupancy tax which is authorized by, and may be repealed by, the County Commissioners.	Tourism Development Authority Post Office Box 1010 Asheville, North Carolina 28812

Buncombe County Service Foundation, Inc.	Blended	The Foundation is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization that supports the programs of Buncombe County Government with an emphasis on health and human services activities. The Foundation undertakes projects to improve access to health, safety, independence, wellness, recreation, and community services in alignment with Buncombe County sustainability goals. The Foundation is managed through a three-member board of directors, as appointed by the Buncombe County Manager. The Foundation's budget is adopted on an annual basis by the Foundation board. The Foundation has no corporate members, however the County provides financial assistance as well as operational staff and other non-monetary support.	None issued.
Asheville- Buncombe Air Quality Agency	Discrete	The Agency was established by an interlocal agreement between the City of Asheville (City) and the County pursuant to State statute. The governing board members are selected by the County Commissioners and the Asheville City Council. The County and the City are responsible for financing any operating deficits of the Agency and the County shall provide personnel and financial services in that all employees of the Agency shall be County personnel plan in all respects except for the Agency Director, which shall serve at the pleasure of the Agency with cost of services and personnel to be reimbursed by the Agency in accordance with the County cost allocation plan. The Agency's budget is adopted on an annual basis by the Agency board.	None issued.

(B) Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Reappraisal Reserve budgeted fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes.

Occupancy Tax Fund: This fund accounts for the revenues from room occupancy tax used to fund the development and implementation of strategies to promote tourism in Buncombe County. Occupancy tax, net of collection fees, is remitted to the Tourism Development Authority component unit to achieve this purpose.

Grant Projects Fund: This fund accounts for revenues received from multi-year grants and related expenditures.

Public School Capital Needs Fund: This fund accounts for construction related to local public schools funded by article 39 sales tax and general obligation bonds and installment obligations serviced by the tax. Once constructed, the assets will be capitalized by the local school units.

AB Tech Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for capital improvements to Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College (ABTCC). Sales tax and installment obligations are used to finance these projects. Once completed, these assets will be capitalized by ABTCC.

Public School ADM Sales Tax/Lottery Projects Fund: This fund accounts for major capital maintenance projects for local public schools with article 40/42 sales tax and lottery funds. Once constructed, the assets will be capitalized by the local school units.

County Capital Projects Fund: This fund accounts for capital asset construction or acquisition from general government resources and financing. Assets constructed or acquired by this fund will be owned by the County.

Special Projects Capital Projects Fund: This fund accounts for special projects that may not necessarily result in a capital asset for the County.

Special Taxing Districts: This fund accounts for ad valorem tax revenues levied and collected by the County on behalf of 20 special fire protection districts and the Asheville City Schools Supplemental Taxing District. It also accounts for sales tax revenues as distributed by the State and passed through the County to these entities.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Solid Waste Disposal Fund: This fund accounts for landfill operations. For financial reporting purposes, the Landfill Capital Projects budgeted fund has been consolidated into this fund.

The County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund: The Internal Service fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the County's self-insured group health and dental insurance program, and other insurance and risk-related programs.

Trust Funds: Trust funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, or other postemployment benefit plans.

The OPEB Trust Fund is used for the accumulation of funds and the payment of other post-employment benefit costs related to health benefits.

Custodial Funds: Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds: the Municipal Tax Fund, which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities in the County but that are not revenues to the County, and the Inmate Trust Fund, which accounts for the revenues and expenditures of activity funds belonging to inmates during the period of incarceration.

Non-major Funds: The County maintains these additional legally budgeted special revenue funds: the Emergency Telephone System Fund, the Register of Deeds Automation Fund, the Register of Deeds Fund, the Representative Payee Fund, the Sondley Estate Trust, the Transportation Fund, the Drug Forfeitures Fund, the School Fines and Forfeitures Fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, the PDF Woodfin Downtown Fund, and the Buncombe County Service Foundation blended component unit presented as a fund. The Reappraisal Reserve Fund is legally budgeted, but is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes. The County also maintains a non-major capital projects fund: Housing and Open Space Bond Projects

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State Law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and

collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when the vehicles are registered.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

(C) Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Special Taxing Districts Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, Occupancy Tax Fund, Register of Deeds Automation Fund, Register of Deeds Fund, Representative Payee Fund, Opioid Settlement Fund, Drug Forfeitures Fund, School Fines and Forfeitures Fund, PDF Woodfin Downtown Fund, Sondley Estate Trust Fund, Transportation Fund, the Reappraisal Reserve Fund, the Buncombe County Service Foundation, Inc., and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the County Capital Projects Fund, the Public School Capital Needs Fund, the AB Tech Capital Projects Fund, the Public School ADM Sales Tax/Lottery Projects Fund, the Grant Projects Fund, the Special Projects Capital Projects Funds, the Opioid Settlement Fund, the Housing and Open Space Bond Projects Fund, and the enterprise capital projects fund, which is consolidated with the enterprise operating funds for reporting purposes.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund and the governing board must approve all amendments. The County Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$75,000 per expenditure; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$75,000 per expenditure must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

(D) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Fund Equity

(1) Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, Buncombe County Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency (Agency), are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by North Carolina General Statute (G.S.) 159-31. The County, Tourism Development Authority, and Agency may designate as an official depository any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Agency may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Agency to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, local government investment pools and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The NCCMT Cash Portfolio and North Carolina Local Government Investment Pool (NCLGIP), are SECregistered 2a7 external investment pools and are measured at amortized cost. The County pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and maximize investment income. Income from pooled moneys is allocated to participating funds based on the funds' respective share of total pooled cash and investments. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

The County, Tourism Development Authority, and Agency's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are reported at cost.

G.S. 159-30.1 allows the County to establish an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust managed by the staff of the Department of the State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC and G.S. 159-30(g) allows the County to make contributions to the Trust. The State Treasurer in his discretion may invest the proceeds in equities of certain publicly held companies and long or short term fixed income investments as detailed in G.S. 147-69.2(b)(1-6) and (8). Funds submitted are managed in three different sub-funds, the State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) consisting of short to intermediate treasuries, agencies and corporate issues authorized by G.S. 147-69.1, the Bond Index Fund (BIF) consisting of high quality debt securities eligible under G.S. 147-69.2(b)(1)-(6), and BlackRock's MSCI ACWI EQ Index Non-Lendable Class B Fund, a common trust fund considered to be commingled in nature authorized under G.S. 147-69.2(b)(8).

STIF investments are measured at fair value by the custodian using Level 2 inputs. The STIF is valued at \$1 per share. The STIF portfolio is unrated and had a weighted average maturity at June 30, 2023 of 0.9 years. BIF does not have a credit rating, was valued at \$1 per unit and had an average maturity of 8.75 years at June 30, 2023.

BlackRock's MSCI ACWI EQ Index Non-Lendable Class B Fund's fair value is the number of shares times the net asset value as determined by a third party. At June 30, 2023 the fair value of the fund was \$31.8158 per share. Fair value for this fund is determined using Level 1 inputs.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize the investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

(3) Restricted Assets

Unexpended bond and grant proceeds are classified as restricted assets within the governmental funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds and grants were originally issued. Money in the Reappraisal Reserve Fund, which is combined with the General Fund for reporting purposes, is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150.

Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	Unexpended bond proceeds	\$ 114,723
General Fund	Unexpended grant proceeds	1,390,219
General Fund	Reserve for tax reappraisal	285,837
General Fund	Payables from restricted cash	34,019
Opioid Settlement Fund	Unexpended settlement proceeds	1,780,375
Opioid Settlement Fund	Payables from restricted cash	111,795
Grant Projects Fund	Unexpended grant proceeds	29,008,769
Grant Projects Fund	Payables from restricted cash	570,148
County Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended bond proceeds	13,533,578
County Capital Projects Fund	Payables from restricted cash	823,961
Public School Capital Needs Fund	Unexpended bond proceeds	7,420,784
Public School Capital Needs Fund	Payables from restricted cash	47,114
AB Tech Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended bond proceeds	7,188
AB Tech Capital Projects Fund	Payables from restricted cash	95,414
Other Governmental Funds	Unexpended bond proceeds	1,179
Other Governmental Funds	Unexpended grant proceeds	 12,906
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 55,238,009

Business-Type Activities		
Solid Waste Disposal	Unexpended bond proceeds	\$ 1,193,383
Solid Waste Disposal	Payables from restricted cash	96,433
Total Business-Type Activitie	28	\$ 1,289,816
Total restricted cash		\$ 56,527,825

(4) Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023.

(5) Lease Receivable

The County's lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. There are no variable components under the lease agreements. Deferred inflows of resources are recorded for the leases. The deferred inflows of resources are recorded at the initiation of the leases in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivables. The deferred inflows of resources are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases.

(6) Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years and the age of individual outstanding balances.

(7) Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the County are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the County's enterprise funds consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the County's enterprise funds is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Prepaid items for the County's governmental funds are treated using the consumption method.

(8) Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. The minimum capitalization cost is \$25,000 (except for land and vehicles, which are capitalized regardless of cost). The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Buncombe County Board of Education, Asheville City Board of Education and AB-Tech Community College properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs. Agreements between the County and the respective boards give the school systems full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the boards once all restrictions of the financing agreements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the school systems.

The County's capital assets also include certain right to use assets. These right to use assets arise in association with agreements where the County reports a lease (only applies when the County is the lessee) or agreements where the County reports an Information Technology (IT) subscription in accordance with GASB 87 or GASB 96, respectively.

The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

The right to use IT subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the subscription liability plus any subscription payments made at the start of the subscription term, if applicable, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs at the start of the subscription term, less any incentives received from the IT subscription vendor at the start of the subscription term. Subscription payments, as well as payments for capitalizable implementation costs made before the start of the subscription term are reported as a prepayment (asset). Such prepayments are reduced by any incentives received from the same vendor before the start of the subscription term if a right offset exists. The net amount of the prepayments and incentives are reported as an asset or liability, as appropriate, before the start of the subscription term at which time the amount is included in the initial measurement of the subscription asset. The right to use subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

Capital assets of the County and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	30
Improvements	20
Furniture and equipment	5-10
Intangibles	5
Vehicles	3-5

(9) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion – charges on refunding of debt, pension and OPEB related deferrals, and contributions made to the benefit plans in the current fiscal year, subsequent to the respective measurement dates.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position has a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category – advance receipt of ad valorem taxes, unavailable revenues (reported only on the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds), leases, subscriptions, and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

(10) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position. Bond and installment note premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Bond and installment notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Debt issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond and note premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(11) Compensated Absences

County personnel policies permit an employee to accumulate vacation earned in the equivalent of two years of service, with any accrual in excess of two years converted to sick leave on January 1 of each year. In addition, non-exempt employees who work beyond the normal working day in conducting County business earn compensatory time at one and one-half hours for each hour actually worked. Upon termination any unexpired entitlement is due to the employee. For the County's government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The County's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

(12) Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson, and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmericourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 1. 15% directly to the State ("State Abatement Fund")
- 2. 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 3. 5% to a County Incentive Fund

The County received \$1,475,566 as part of this settlement in Fiscal Year 2023. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. As of June 30th, 2023, the County has spent \$352,612. The MOA offered the County two options of expending the funds. The County chose Option A, which allows the County to fund one or more high-impact strategies from a list of evidence-based strategies to combat the opioid epidemic.

(13) <u>Reimbursements for Pandemic Related Expenditures</u>

In FY 2020-21, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The County was allocated \$50,733,290 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$25,366,645 was received in May 2021. The second installment was received in June 2022. County staff and the Board of Commissioners elected to use \$1,023,750 of the ARPA funds for premium pay. The County plans to use the remainder of the funds as follows: \$10,000,000 for revenue replacement, \$33,528,670 to address public health and negative economic impacts, and \$6,000,000 for infrastructure.

(14) Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt net of any unused bond proceeds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of net position, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid items: Portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Lease receivable: Portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource.

Long-term loans: Portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable.

Restricted Fund Balance: This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute: North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for education: Portion of fund balance representing sales tax income designated for school capital by Senate Bill 888 and unspent bond proceeds restricted to school capital.

Restricted for capital projects: Portion of fund balance representing unspent bond proceeds and revolving loans restricted for capital project expenditures.

Restricted for other purposes as detailed below:

Restricted for Register of Deeds: Fund balance of \$473,850 restricted by revenue source for Register of Deeds related automation expenditures.

Restricted for tax reappraisal: Fund balance of \$283,399 restricted for expenditures related to tax reappraisal per G.S. 153A-150.

Restricted for economic and physical development:

Fund balance of \$3,232,522 restricted by revenue source to the support of the Permits and Inspections department per G.S. 153A-354, \$47,165 restricted by revenue source for soil conservation activities, and \$12,596 restricted by revenue source to paying debt service of the PDF Woodfin Downtown Fund.

Restricted for human services:

Fund balance of \$400,525 restricted by revenue source for human service activities of the Buncombe County Service Foundation, \$57,425 that can only be used for beneficiaries under the Social Security's Representative Payee Program, and \$1,773,669 restricted by revenue source to addressing the opioid crisis.

Restricted for library: Fund balance of \$884,558 restricted for the libraries by the donor.

Restricted for public safety: Fund balance of \$3,148,505 restricted by revenue source for public safety purposes

Committed Fund Balance: Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of Buncombe County's Board of Commissioners (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Assigned Fund Balance: Portion of fund balance that the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners has budgeted.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures: Portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$75,000.

Assigned for capital projects: Portion of fund balance that has been designated by the Board of Commissioners for various capital projects.

Unassigned Fund Balance: Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Buncombe County has a revenue spending guideline for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director uses resources in the following hierarchy: debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director may deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

Buncombe County has also adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 15% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 15% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the County in a future budget. Unassigned fund balance in excess of 20% of budgeted expenditures at year end is to be transferred to the County Capital Projects Fund in the following year.

(15) Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State: the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered, defined benefit pension plans"), administers a single-employer Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) defined benefit pension plan, and administers one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB), the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from t

administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HCB and additions to/deductions from the HCB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

(E) <u>Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

(1) Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. The net adjustment consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are	
therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in	
governmental activities column)	\$ 225,460,171
Right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are	
therefore not reported in the funds	6,732,725
Net pension asset	394,200
Pension and other post-employment benefit activity relating to deferred outflows and	
inflows is not used or reported in the funds	14,556,631
Accrued interest receivable on long-term loans and investments reported in the	266.002
government-wide activities, but not in the fund statements	366,002
Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the fund statements but not the	
government-wide statements	6,973,936
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund, which is used by management to	
charge the cost of insurance to individual funds, are included in governmental activities	
in the statement of net position	25,221,111
Deferred inflows and outflows related to advance refunding bonds issued – included on	
government-wide statement of net position, but not in the fund statements	(2,929,027)
Tick Water where the same set due and second is the summer second de set	
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Bonds and installment financing	(367,083,101)
Lease liabilities	(1,998,975)
Subscription Liabilities	(4,042,207)
Compensated absences	(10,099,107)
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	(9,479,366)
Net OPEB liability	(74,225,346)
Net pension liability - LGERS	(74,553,640)
Pension spiking liability	(362,002)
Accrued interest payable	(1,185,367)
Total	\$ (266,253,362)

(2) Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities. The Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements, but capitalized as assets in	
the statement of activities.	15,048,065
Cost of disposed capital assets not recorded in fund statements	(717
Depreciation and amortization expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful	
lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(17,218,324
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental	
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect	
on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of	
long-term debt and related items.	40,656,562
A portion of expense activity related to the Local Government Employee Retirement	
System, the Law Enforcement Special Separation Allowance, the Register of Deeds'	
Supplemental Pension Fund, and other post-employment benefits is not reported in the	
governmental funds and is included in the Statement of Activities:	(6 005 762
Local Government Employee Retirement System expense adjustment Law Enforcement Special Separation Allowance expense adjustment	(6,905,763 (508,335
Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund expense adjustment	(53,390
Other post-employment benefit expense adjustment	11,148,542
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current	
resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:	
Compensated absences	270,703
Payments related to the 2014 Retirement Incentive	294,125
Pension spiking liability	658,075
Accrued interest on tax refund	74,254
Difference in expenditures between fund statements (modified accrual) and	
government-wide statements (full accrual) related to accrued tax refund	(131,055
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are	
not recorded as revenues in the fund statements:	
Difference in interest revenue between fund statements (modified accrual) and	
government-wide statements (full accrual)	158,371
Increase of deferred inflows of resources – taxes receivable	28,665
Increase of deferred inflows of resources – EMS receivable	(535,458
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - grant receivables	1,674,938
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - other receivables Difference in accrued tax refund between fund statements (modified accrual) and	48,841
government-wide statements (full accrual)	721,166
	/21,100
Net expense, including transfers, of internal service funds determined to be governmental type	1,098,273
	\$ 46,527,538

(F) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

(1) Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2023, the Grant Projects Fund, a major fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$7,136,231. The deficit is related to grants for which there were expenditures, but no recorded revenue since reimbursement was not received and available as a current resource within the year or period of accrual after year end. It also includes an excess of \$4,905,343 of expenditures over revenues related to the Enka Recreation Destination grant. This grant includes certain milestones which the County has not yet crossed to be eligible for reimbursement. This will resolve over time when grant projects are closer to completion and all funds are received.

(2) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The County's Reappraisal Reserve fund reported expenditures for principal retirement in excess of the amount budgeted. This occurred because of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96. The County did not budget for the principal payments.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds

(A) Assets

(1) <u>Deposits</u>

All deposits of the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency are either insured or collateralized by using the Pooling Method. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County, Tourism Development Authority, and Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2023, the County's (including Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality) deposits had a carrying amount of \$40,540,008 and a bank balance of \$40,939,950. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$40,439,950 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. These amounts include \$736,845 held by the County in its fiduciary capacity for its custodial funds. At June 30, 2023, Buncombe County had \$10,900 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2023, the Tourism Development Authority's deposits had a carrying amount of \$12,077,477 and a bank balance of \$12,590,480. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$12,340,480 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

(2) Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation						
	Measurement		L	ess Than 6			
Investment Type	Method	 Fair Value		Months	6-	12 Months	 1-3 Years
US Treasuries	Fair Value-Level 1	\$ 27,921,701	\$	6,982,316	\$	6,929,844	\$ 14,009,541
US Government agencies	Fair Value-Level 2	19,805,070		6,569,478		3,002,030	10,233,562
NCCMT - Government Portfolio	Fair Value-Level 1	138,462,575		138,462,575		-	-
NC Investment Pool	Fair Value-Level 1	 68,457,324		68,457,324		-	 -
Total		\$ 254,646,670	\$	220,471,693	\$	9,931,874	\$ 24,243,103

Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days and the NC Investment Pool has a weighted average maturity of less than 60 days, they are presented as investments with maturities of less than 6 months. The NCCMT Government Portfolio has an AAAm rating from S&P and AAAmf by Moody's Investors Service and the NC Investment Pool has an AAAm rating from S&P and AAAmf from Fitch Ratings.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets. Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1 debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

At June 30, 2023, the Tourism Development Authority's investments consisted of \$51,263,390 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, Fair Value-Level 1, with a maturity of less than 6 months.

A reconciliation of deposits and investments to the government-wide financial statements is as follows:

				Tourism	Α	sheville-
	Primary		Development		Buncombe Air	
	(Government		Authority		Quality
Deposits	\$	40,540,008	\$	12,077,477	\$	-
Cash on hand		10,900		-		-
Investments		254,646,670		51,263,390		-
		295,197,578		63,340,867		-
Reported in Component Units		(736,845)		-		736,845
	\$	294,460,733	\$	63,340,867	\$	736,845
Reported on government-wide statement of net position:						
Cash and investments	\$	236,480,938	\$	63,340,867	\$	736,845
Restricted cash and investments		56,527,825		-		-
		293,008,763	\$	63,340,867	\$	736,845
Reported in custodial funds:						
Cash and investments		1,451,970				
	\$	294,460,733				

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy mitigates interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities. The County's investment policy also requires that the portfolio be diversified by security type and institution as well as limiting all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years.

Credit Risk

The County's policy is to limit investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by S&P. The County's investments in the North Carolina Investment Pool (NCIP) carried a credit rating of Aam by S&P and AAAmmf by Fitch Ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Buncombe County Investment Policy mitigates custodial credit risk by stating that all trades where applicable will be executed by Delivery vs. Payment (DVP). This ensures that securities are deposited in the eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds. Securities will be held by a third party custodian as evidenced by safekeeping receipts.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County's investment policy limits commercial paper to \$5 million per issuer and less than or equal to 25% of the portfolio in total. Management also employs an internal target holding allocation to limit concentrations of credit risk.

State Treasurer's OPEB Fund

At June 30, 2023, the Buncombe County Healthcare Benefits (HCB) Plan Fund had \$39,820,274 invested in the State Treasurer's Local Government Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund pursuant to G.S. 159-30.1. The State Treasurer's OPEB Fund may invest in public equities and both long-term and short-term fixed income obligations as determined by the State Treasurer pursuant to the General Statutes.

At year-end, the State Treasurer's OPEB Fund was invested as follows:

	Fair Value
State Treasurer's Long-Term Investment Fund (BIF)	\$ 2,827,977
State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	7,561,724
BlackRock's MSCI ACWI EQ Index Non-Lendable Class B Fund	29,430,573
Total	\$ 39,820,274

Interest Rate Risk

The County does not have a formal investment interest rate policy that manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The County does not have a formal investment policy regarding credit risk for the HCB Plan Fund.

(3) Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable.

The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Fiscal Year				
Levied	 Tax	Ι	nterest	 Total
2020	\$ 4,026,242	\$	956,232	\$ 4,982,474
2021	3,719,545		548,633	4,268,178
2022	4,208,877		242,010	4,450,887
2023	 4,232,958		-	 4,232,958
Total	\$ 16.187.622	\$	1,746,875	\$ 17,934,497

(4) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Accounts		Taxes and Due From Related Accrued Other Interest Governments			Long-term Leases Loans				T- 4-1	
Governmental Activities:		Accounts		Interest		overninents		Leases		Loans		Total
Governmental Activities: General	¢	7 209 742	\$	2 666 284	\$	10 (00 0(2	\$	15 252 624	¢	7 250	¢	44 015 991
	\$	7,298,742	ф	2,666,284	Э	19,690,962	\$	15,252,634	\$	7,259	\$	44,915,881
Occupancy Tax		-		3,357,854		-		-		-		3,357,854
Special Taxing Districts		-		200,791		4,199,224		-		-		4,400,015
Grant Projects		467,690		-		3,867,922		-		-		4,335,612
Public School Capital Needs		-		-		7,150,564		-		-		7,150,564
AB Tech Capital Projects		6,539		-		4,958,090		-		-		4,964,629
Public Schools ADM		-		-		6,309,687		-		-		6,309,687
County Capital Projects		49,950		-		-		-		-		49,950
Special Projects Capital Projects		131,735		-		76,719		-		7,875,623		8,084,077
Internal Service Fund		6,577		-		-		-		-		6,577
Other Governmental		1,265,361		-		538,011		-		-		1,803,372
		9,226,594	_	6,224,929		46,791,179		15,252,634		7,882,882		85,378,218
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(2,709,216)		(458,620)		-		-		-		(3,167,836)
Total		6,517,378		5,766,309		46,791,179		15,252,634		7,882,882		82,210,382
Governmental Activities		366,005		-		-		-		-		366,005
Total - governmental activities	\$	6,883,383	\$	5,766,309	\$	46,791,179	\$	15,252,634	\$	7,882,882	\$	82,576,387
Business-type Activities												
Solid Waste Disposal	\$	1,106,976	\$		\$	11,474	\$		\$		\$	1,118,450
Other Business-type	φ	4.533	φ	-	φ	11,474	φ	-	φ	-	φ	4,533
Other Busiliess-type		,		-		-		-				· · · · ·
		1,111,509		-		11,474		-		-		1,122,983
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(8,335)		-		-		-		-		(8,335)
Total - business-type activities	\$	1,103,174	\$	-	\$	11,474	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,114,648

Due from other governments owed to the County consists of the following:

Local option sales tax	\$ 33,221,486
Other	 13,569,693
Total	\$ 46,791,179

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded by the Tourism Development Authority or Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 280 month lease as Lessor for the use of Barnardsville Tower Site Sublease - US Cellular. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$664,080. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$632,559. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,070. The lease has an interest rate of 1.462%. The Other estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$607,247, and Buncombe County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$28,416 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extension option(s), each for 60 months. The lessee had a termination period of 2 months as of the lease commencement.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 220 month lease as Lessor for the use of Swannanoa Tower Site - Bell Atlantic. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$566,108. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$524,807. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,300. The lease has an interest rate of 1.312%. The infrastructure estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$504,351, and Buncombe County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$30,879 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months. The lessee had a termination period of 41 months as of the lease commencement.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 299 month lease as Lessor for the use of Barnardsville Tower Site Sublease - Bell Atlantic Mobile dba Verizon. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$765,783. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$734,874. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,150. The lease has an interest rate of 1.502%. The Other estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$704,315, and Buncombe County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$30,734 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extension option(s), each for 60 months. The lessee had a termination period of 59 months as of the lease commencement.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 145 month lease as Lessor for the use of 200 College St - TD Bank. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$6,634,069. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,357,621. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$43,997. The lease has an interest rate of 1.083%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$1,354,887, and Buncombe County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$400,055 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 162 month lease as Lessor for the use of Land of Sky - Leicester Crossing. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,234,037. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,083,804. The lessee is required to make semi-annual fixed payments of \$61,429. The lease has an interest rate of 4.150%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$1,051,217, and Buncombe County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$91,410 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 150 month lease as Lessor for the use of Unison Engine Components - GE Aviation. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$12,813,591. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$10,918,970. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$89,838. The lease has an interest rate of 1.150%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$10,763,417, and Buncombe County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$1,025,087 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

The principal and interest expected to maturity on these leases is as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
June 30	Principle	Interest			
2024	1,271,359	205,031			
2025	1,237,946	188,506			
2026	1,269,514	171,499			
2027	1,287,756	154,131			
2028	1,306,348	136,438			
2029 - 2033	6,988,309	401,109			
2034 - 2038	1,224,793	74,586			
2039 - 2043	460,390	31,742			
2044 - 2046	206,218	4,010			
Total	\$ 15,252,634	\$ 1,367,052			

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Restated					
	Beginning			Adjustments/	Ending	
Governmental Activities	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 21,587,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,587,883	
Construction in progress	9,140,112	10,746,660	11,670,095		8,216,677	
Total assets not being depreciated	30,727,995	10,746,660	11,670,095		29,804,560	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings	223,942,030	271,514	-	-	224,213,544	
Other improvements	109,505,195	5,925,913	-	-	115,431,108	
Equipment	26,957,477	5,124,951	150,215	-	31,932,213	
Intangibles	4,257,906	-	-	-	4,257,906	
Vehicles	18,040,900	2,406,054	639,589	(65,232)	19,742,133	
Total assets being depreciated	382,703,508	13,728,432	789,804	(65,232)	395,576,904	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	102,176,301	6,991,340	-	-	109,167,641	
Other improvements	43,317,660	5,075,057	-	-	48,392,717	
Equipment	23,077,744	981,902	150,215	-	23,909,431	
Intangibles	2,549,820	431,660	-	-	2,981,480	
Vehicles	14,039,040	2,135,088	638,872	(65,232)	15,470,024	
Total accumulated depreciation	185,160,565	15,615,047	789,087	(65,232)	199,921,293	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	197,542,943	(1,886,615)	717	-	195,655,611	
Capital asset being amortized:						
Right to use assets:						
Leased land	646,145	-	-	-	646,145	
Leased buildings	196,897	508,411	-	-	705,308	
Leased infrastructure	900,846	-	-	-	900,846	
IT subscriptions	4,465,045	1,734,657	-	-	6,199,702	
Total assets being amortized	6,208,933	2,243,068	-	-	8,452,001	
Less accumulated amortization:						
Right to use assets:						
Leased land	27,349	27,349	-	-	54,698	
Leased buildings	32,053	111,438	-	-	143,491	
Leased infrastructure	56,597	56,597	-	-	113,194	
IT subscriptions	-	1,407,893	-	-	1,407,893	
Total accumulated amortization	115,999	1,603,277	-	-	1,719,276	
Total capital assets being amortized, net	6,092,934	639,791	-	-	6,732,725	
	\$ 234,363,872				\$ 232,192,896	

* Beginning balances were restated for GASB 96 (see Note 10)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 9,060,494
Public safety	4,131,510
Economic and physical development	31,042
Human services	2,739,131
Cultural and recreational	 1,256,147
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 17,218,324

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balances	Increases	Increases Decreases		Ending Balances	
Solid Waste Disposal						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 6,842,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,842,138	
Construction in progress	5,557,062	10,114,236	15,474,152	-	197,146	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,399,200	10,114,236	15,474,152	-	7,039,284	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	56,063,760	14,336,917	-	-	70,400,677	
Equipment	4,633,851	355,139	-	-	4,988,990	
Vehicles	1,957,773	826,565	304,451	65,232	2,545,119	
Total capital assets being depreciated	62,655,384	15,518,621	304,451	65,232	77,934,786	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	36,285,055	1,771,793	-	-	38,056,848	
Equipment	2,507,560	335,813	-	-	2,843,373	
Vehicles	1,801,779	138,231	304,451	65,232	1,700,791	
Total accumulated depreciation	40,594,394	2,245,837	304,451	65,232	42,601,012	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,060,990	13,272,784	-	-	35,333,774	
Capital asset being amortized:						
Right to use assets:						
Leased equipment	1,945,360	-	185,935	-	1,759,425	
Total assets being amortized	1,945,360	-	185,935	-	1,759,425	
Less accumulated amortization:						
Right to use assets:						
Leased equipment	648,177	566,366	185,935	-	1,028,608	
Total accumulated amortization	648,177	566,366	185,935	-	1,028,608	
Total capital assets being amortized, net	1,297,183	(566,366)	-	-	730,817	
Solid Waste Disposal capital assets, net	35,757,373				43,103,875	
Other Business-Type Activities Capital assets being depreciated:						
Equipment	165,100	-	-	-	165,100	
Vehicles	29,129	-	-	-	29,129	
Total capital assets being depreciated	194,229	-	-	-	194,229	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Equipment	76,482	29,439	-	-	105,921	
Vehicles	29,129				29,129	
Total accumulated depreciation	105,611	29,439	-	-	135,050	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	88,618	(29,439)			59,179	
Other Business-type capital assets, net	88,618				59,179	
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 35,845,991				\$ 43,163,054	

Net investment in capital assets on the Statement of Net Position is calculated as follows:

	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type	
		Activities	Activities		Total
Capital assets, net	\$	232,192,896	\$	43,163,054	\$ 275,355,950
Total		232,192,896		43,163,054	 275,355,950
Debt:					
General obligation bonds		(7,200,000)		-	(7,200,000)
Installment notes (including deferrals)		(362,812,128)		(13,529,000)	(376,341,128)
Lease installment obligations		(1,998,975)		(726,604)	(2,725,579)
Subscription installment obligations		(4,042,207)		-	(4,042,207)
Capital accounts payable		(823,961)		(673,578)	(1,497,539)
Retainage payable		(473,410)		-	 (473,410)
Gross debt		(377,350,681)		(14,929,182)	(392,279,863)
Add portion of debt that has not given rise to					
capital assets:					
Unspent bond proceeds		13,648,301		1,193,383	14,841,684
Debt relating to schools and community college		214,971,024		-	214,971,024
Debt relating to economic development		11,613,819		-	 11,613,819
Net debt		(137,117,537)		(13,735,799)	 (150,853,336)
Capital assets, net of related debt	\$	95,075,359	\$	29,427,255	\$ 124,502,614

Construction commitments

The County has the following commitments with contractors for active construction projects at June 30, 2023:

Project	Sp	ent-to-date	 Remaining Commitment
AHS Track - Asheville High New Track	\$	945,436	\$ 168,401
FY23 Asheville High – Main Building Auditorium		19,038	38,653
FY23 Montford School - Replace Water Service Line, Sewer Line, Abatement	t	-	2,500
Herring Elementary School - 2022 SCFC Cycle Campus Wide Projects		341,868	127,271
Montford Retaining Wall Repairs		585,369	18,706
Multiple ACS Schools - Safety and Security Concerns		196,370	1,334
Enka Recreation Destination		6,836,999	413,785
FY20 Enka Site TCC Roofs		3,567,120	2,167,111
FY20 Fleet and General Services Complex		449,510	181,583
FY20 Parking Lot Improvements Countywide		186,562	729,122
FY21 Solar on Public Facilities		8,364,205	1,222,344
FY22 40 Coxe Interior Renovation		89,451	1,107,352
FY22 Solar Panel Installation Phase 2		276,903	53,339
FY23 Solar on Schools & Public Buildings		764,049	698,801
Woodfin Greenway		672,497	 1,018,387
Total construction commitments	\$	23,295,378	\$ 7,948,689

Discretely presented component units

Capital asset activity for Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Be	ginning					Adjust	ments/Tr	I	Ending
	Ba	alances	In	creases	Deci	reases	an	sfers	Ba	alances
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Equipment	\$	31,802	\$	86,342	\$	-	\$	-	\$	118,144
Vehicles		46,430		-		-		-		46,430
Total capital assets being depreciated		78,232		86,342		-		-		164,574
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Equipment		16,167		9,183		-		-		25,350
Vehicles		46,430		-		-		-		46,430
Total accumulated depreciation		62,597	\$	9,183	\$	-	\$	-		71,780
Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality capital assets, ne	1\$	15,635							\$	92,794

(B) Liabilities

(1) Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

			Sal	laries and			
	Vendors		E	Benefits	Total		
Governmental Activities							
General	\$	6,293,547	\$	7,696,281	\$	13,989,828	
Special Taxing District		5,462,974		-		5,462,974	
Grant Projects		1,339,927		83,435		1,423,362	
Public School Capital Needs		643,262		-		643,262	
AB Tech Capital Projects		106,206		-		106,206	
Public Schools ADM Sales Tax/Lottery							
Projects		5,548,986		-		5,548,986	
County Capital Projects		963,988		-		963,988	
Special Projects Capital Projects		286,552		-		286,552	
Internal Service Fund		560,933		15,785		576,718	
Other Governmental		521,510		3,759		525,269	
Total		21,727,885		7,799,260		29,527,145	
Governmental Activities		1,621,608		-		1,621,608	
Total - governmental activities	\$	23,349,493	\$	7,799,260	\$	31,148,753	
Business-type Activities							
Solid Waste Disposal	\$	1,356,770	\$	120,073	\$	1,476,843	
Other Business-type		113,633		2,591		116,224	
Total - business-type activities	\$	1,470,403	\$	122,664	\$	1,593,067	

(2) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

(a) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

1. Plan Description.

Buncombe County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers

(LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

2. Benefits Provided.

LGERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters and rescue squad workers). Disabled members may qualify for disability benefits at earlier ages. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Cost of living benefit increases are contingent upon investment gains of the plan at the discretion of the LGERS Board of Trustees, except as authorized by the General Assembly.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

3. Contributions.

Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contribution rates are set periodically and affirmed annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 13.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.13% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$13,885,253 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

4. Refunds of Contributions.

County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.
 At lung 20, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$76,182,525 for its grapher of the net pension.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$76,183,535 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension

liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 using update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 1.350% (measured as of June 30, 2022), which was a decrease of 0.030% from its proportion as of June 30, 2022 (measured as of June 30, 2021).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$20,934,580. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,282,679	\$	321,848
Changes of assumptions	7,601,408		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	25,179,456		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	566,274		1,406,844
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 13,885,253		_
Total	\$ 50,515,070	\$	1,728,692

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$13,885,253 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 10,850,667
2025	9,573,763
2026	2,480,732
2027	 11,995,963
	\$ 34,901,125

At June 30, 2023, the Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency reported a liability of \$276,994 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 using update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Agency's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Agency's proportion was 0.0049% (measured as of June 30, 2022), which was a increase of 0.0007% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022 (measured as of June 30, 2021).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$88,329. At June 30, 2023, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of	 d Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 11,935	\$ 1,170
Changes in assumptions	27,638	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	91,549	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	30,714	2,837
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ 67,166 229,002	\$ 4,007

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$67,166 resulting from Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 51,328
2025	46,172
2026	16,713
2027	 43,616
	\$ 157,829

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.25% to 8.25%, including inflation
	and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.1%
Global Equity	42.0%	6.5%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	7.5%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	2.7%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2022 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 valuation was 6.50%, which is the same as the December 31, 2020 valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's and Agency's proportionate shares of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's and Agency's proportionate shares of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease	1% Increase					
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)				
County's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability	\$ 137,501,471	\$ 76,183,535	\$ 25,653,997				
Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency's proportionate share of the net pension							
liability	\$ 499,939	\$ 276,994	\$ 93,275				

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

(b) Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

Buncombe County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a singleemployer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service, and have completed at least five years of continuous service as a law enforcement officer immediately preceding a service retirement. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2021 valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	41
Active plan members	237
Total	278

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions.

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2021 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25% to 7.75%, including inflation
	and productivity factor
Discount rate	4.31%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five year period ending December 31, 2019.

MORTALITY ASSUMPTION: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

MORTALITY PROJECTION: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Belowmedian Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

DEATHS PRIOR TO RETIREMENT: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

4. Contributions.

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefits on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the

Separation Allowance are paid as they come due. The County paid \$599,024 as benefits came due for the measurement period.

5. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a total pension liability of \$9,479,366. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 based on a December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,132,710. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Separation Allowance from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows of	Defen	ed Inflows of
	R	Resources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	419,998	\$	264,931
Changes in assumptions		1,488,076		1,628,810
County benefit payments and administrative expenses paid				
subsequent to the measurement date		320,782		-
Total	\$	2,228,856	\$	1,893,741

The County paid \$319,134 in benefit payments and \$1,648 in admin expenditures subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Increase to Pension Expense		
2024	\$	739,516	\$	432,464	\$	307,052	
2025		669,252		405,251		264,001	
2026		499,306		405,251		94,055	
2027		-		384,909		(384,909)	
2028				265,866		(265,866)	
	\$	1,908,074	\$	1,893,741	\$	14,333	

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower (3.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (3.31%)	Discount Rate (4.31%)	1% Increase (5.31%)				
County's proportionate share of the total							
pension liability	\$ 10,266,874	\$ 9,479,366	\$ 8,762,976				

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability					
Total pension liability as of December 31, 2021	\$	11,115,331			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost at end of year		549,484			
Interest		243,356			
Difference between expected & actual experience		(124,834)			
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(1,704,947)			
Benefit payments		(599,024)			
Net changes		(1,635,965)			
Total pension liability as of December 31, 2022	\$	9,479,366			

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.25 percent at December 31, 2021 to 4.31 percent at December 31, 2022.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

(c) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

1. Plan Description.

The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

2. Funding Policy.

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary. The County has opted to fund at an amount equal to 8%. All amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The County contributed \$1,163,871 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

(d) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Officers 401(k) Plan

1. Plan Description.

The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan of North Carolina, often referred to as the State's 401(k) Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to employees of the County who are members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

2. Funding Policy.

The Board of Commissioners has directed that the County contribute each month an amount equal to 8% of each qualified non-law enforcement employee's salary which is vested immediately. Also, the employees may elect to make voluntary contributions to the plan. The County contributed \$6,623,733 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

(e) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

1. Plan Description.

Buncombe County also contributes to the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. The RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or online at www.osc.nc.gov.

2. Benefits Provided.

An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

3. Contributions.

Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$26,178 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

- 4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.
- 5. At June 30, 2023, the County reported an asset of \$394,200 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 2.977%, which was an decrease of 0.054% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$79,568 At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre	d Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	esources	Res	sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,037	\$	7,146	
Changes of assumptions		20,871		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		163,843		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		11,532		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		26,178		-	
Total	\$	225,461	\$	7,146	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$26,178 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 56,389
2025	39,997
2026	54,545
2027	 41,206
	\$ 192,137

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25% to 8.25%, including inflation
	and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2022 is 1.1%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2022 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 valuation was 3.00% which was the same as the rate used in the December 31, 2020 valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate

of 3.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00%) than the current rate:

		Current						
		Decrease 2.00%)		count Rate 3.00%)	1% Increase (4.00%)			
County's proportionate share of the net								
pension asset	\$	278,471	\$	394,200	\$	491,648		

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

(f) <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability (asset) for LGERS and RODSPF was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) was measured as of June 30, 2022, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2021.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 LGERS]	RODSPF	 LEOSSA	 Total
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 76,183,535	\$	(394,200)	\$ -	\$ 75,789,335
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.35043%		-2.97734%	N/A	-
Total pension liability	-		-	\$ 9,479,366	\$ 9,479,366
Pension expense	\$ 20,934,582	\$	79,568	\$ 1,132,710	\$ 22,146,860

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	RODSPF	LEOSSA	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 3,282,679	\$ 3,037	\$ 419,998	\$ 3,705,714
Changes in assumptions	7,601,408	20,871	1,488,076	9,110,355
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	25,179,456	163,843	-	25,343,299
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	566,274	11,532	-	577,806
County contributions (LGERS, RODSPF)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	13,885,254	26,178	320,782	14,232,214
Total				\$52,969,388
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 321,848	\$ 7,146	\$ 264,931	\$ 593,925
Changes in assumptions	-	-	1,628,810	1,628,810
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total	1,406,845	-	-	1,406,845 \$ 3,629,580

(g) Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

1. Plan Description.

Under a County resolution, Buncombe County provides healthcare benefits to employees hired before July 1, 2008 through the Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit plan to cover retirees of the County and the WNC Regional Air Quality component unit who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System). Employees who are hired on or after July 1, 2008 and before July 1, 2015 and have at least 20 years of creditable service with the County are covered by the HCB plan. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits. Retirees may also purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates. The HCB Plan is available to qualified retirees at 100% until the age of 65 or until Medicare eligible, whichever is sooner. Employees hired after June 30, 2015 will not be eligible to receive health insurance coverage upon retirement. The plan does not issue a stand-alone report. Management of the HCB Plan is vested with the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners.

Membership of the County's HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, the valuation date:

	2022
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	533
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active plan members	689
Total	1222

2. Benefits Provided.

Employees will have the full cost for the eligible retiree's individual health insurance coverage paid for by the County until the retiree attains age sixty-five. Retiring members that elected to retire under the provisions of the 2006 Buncombe County Cost Reduction Incentive Plan will receive either a monthly flat dollar amount (either \$268 or \$371) to purchase the Medicare Supplement Plan of their choice or the County will purchase Medicare Supplement Plan F and Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage on their behalf. This benefit begins at age 65 and continues for the retirees' life time. Employees hired after June 30, 2014 are not eligible for the 2014 Buncombe County Employee Retirement Incentive Plan will receive one year of the employee's annual salary at retirement paid on a bi-weekly basis over three (3) years. In addition, the retiree can elect to receive a monthly flat dollar amount of \$268 to purchase the Medicare Supplement Plan of their choice, or receive a one-time payment of one-half of the retiree's annual salary. The Medicare Supplement Plan option benefit begins at age 65 and continues for the retiree's lifetime.

3. Contributions.

The County pays the cost of retiree health insurance coverage as it comes due. In addition, it is the intent of the Board of Commissioners to fully or partially fund the County's annual required contributions (ARC) when possible. Determinations are made on an annual basis. Actual contributions are reported in the GASB Statement 75 Employer Reporting section of this note.

4. Investments.

Investment policy. The HCB Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The HCB Plan's discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. Investments are valued at fair value.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity Index Fund	65.0%
Bond Index Fund	10.0%
Short-term Investment Fund	25.0%
Total	100.0%

Rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on investments used for determining the ADC and in the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) was selected by the County.

5. Net OPEB Liability of the Plan.

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Plan at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 110,757,942
Plan fiduciary net position	 39,820,274
Plan's net OPEB liability	\$ 70,937,668
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	 25.0504
total OPEB liability	35.95%

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.75%
Wage inflation	3.25%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.25% to 8.41%
Law Enforcement	3.25% to 7.90%
Long-term investment rate of return	5.00% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation
Municipal bond index rate	
Prior measurement date	2.16%
Measurement date	3.54%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Prior measurement date	N/A
Measurement date	N/A
Single equivalent interest rate, net of OPEB plan	
investment expense, including price inflation	
Prior measurement date	5.00%
Measurement date	5.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug	7.00% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030
Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug	5.25% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2024

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the long-term expected rate of return.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 - December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

Discount rate (SEIR). The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 5.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the Plan.
- In all years, the employer is assumed to contribute the average of the last 5 years of contributions to the Plan through deposits to the Trust and pays benefits directly to plan members as the benefits come due. The employer is assumed to have the ability and willingness to make benefit payments from its own resources for all periods in the projection.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Projected assets do not include employer contributions that fund the estimated service costs of future employees.

Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position (FNP) was projected to not be depleted.

The FNP projections are based upon the Plan's financial status on the measurement date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing plan basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of this test do not necessarily indicate whether or not the fund will

actually run out of money, the financial condition of the Plan, or the Plan's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 5.00%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(4.00%)		(5.00%)		(6.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	84,501,509	\$	70,937,668	\$	59,719,889

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1	% Decrease	 Current	1	% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	57,732,878	\$ 70,937,668	\$	87,244,614

GASB Statement 75 Employer Reporting

1. Contributions.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, contributions to the plan consisted of \$6,857,662 in retirees' health insurance benefits and a \$2,000,000 investment in plan assets.

2. Component Unit Allocation.

Employees of the Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality component unit are eligible for participation in the HCB plan. Allocation of OPEB expense and liability to the component unit is based on the component unit's percentage of salary expense of the total salary expense of the County and Agency. At June 30, 2023 the Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality's Agency's (the Agency) allocation percentage was 0.45%.

3. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a net OPEB liability of \$75,848,064 and the Agency a liability of \$343,218. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial report measured as of June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023 the components of the net OPEB liability of the County and Agency, measured as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Primary Government	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances measured at June 30, 2021	\$ 135,335,480	\$35,981,710	\$ 99,353,770
Changes for the year			
Service cost	2,677,679	-	2,677,679
Interest	6,579,761	-	6,579,761
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	(30,390,779)	-	(30,390,779)
Changes in assumptions	2,639,123	-	2,639,123
Contributions	-	9,563,867	(9,563,867)
Net investment income	-	(4,552,377)	4,552,377
Benefit payments	(7,572,876)	(7,572,876)	-
Net change	(26,067,092)	(2,561,387)	(23,505,706)
Primary government balances			
measured at June 30, 2022	\$ 109,268,387	\$33,420,324	\$ 75,848,064

Component Unit		otal OPEB Liability (a)		n Fiduciary et Position (b)	-	let OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances measured at June 30, 2021	\$	612,403	\$	162,820	\$	449,583
Changes for the year				,		
Service cost		12,117		-		12,117
Interest	29,774		-			29,774
Difference between expected	,					
and actual experience		(137,521)		-		(137,521)
Changes in assumptions		11,942		-		11,942
Contributions		-		43,277		(43,277)
Net investment income		-		(20,600)		20,600
Benefit payments		(34,268)		(34,268)		-
Net change		(117,956)		(11,590)		(106,365)
Component unit balances						
measured at June 30, 2022	\$	494,448	\$	151,229	\$	343,218

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of (\$70,232,213) and the Agency (\$67,972). At June 30, 2022, the County and Agency combined reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Primary Government	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Ir	Deferred Iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	708,189	\$ 2	26,222,919
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	21	1,890,088	4	1,661,380
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	1	1,991,215		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,817,760		-
	A A	105 050	¢G	57,884,300
Total	\$ 32	3,407,252	50	7,884,500
	Do	eferred tflows of	 L	Deferred fows of
Total Component Unit	Do Out Re	eferred tflows of sources	E Ir R	Deferred
Component Unit Differences between expected and actual experience	Do	eferred tflows of sources 3,205	 L	Deferred nflows of esources 118,661
Component Unit	Do Out Re	eferred tflows of sources	E Ir R	Deferred nflows of esources
Component Unit Differences between expected and actual experience	Do Out Re	eferred tflows of sources 3,205	E Ir R	Deferred nflows of esources 118,661
Component Unit Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual	Do Out Re	eferred tflows of sources 3,205 99,054	E Ir R	Deferred nflows of esources 118,661

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. These amounts are found in the preceding Deferred Outflows of Resources table above. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Amortization Schedules								
Primary Government			Component Unit						
Year ended June 30:			Year ended June 30:						
2024	\$	(10,044,863)	2024	\$	(45,454)				
2025		(10,156,364)	2025		(45,958)				
2026		(10,286,724)	2026		(46,548)				
2027		(11,688,268)	2027		(52,890)				
2028		(1,118,588)	2028		(5,062)				
	\$	(43,294,807)		\$	(195,912)				

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Primary Government	1	1% Decrease (4.00%)		iscount Rate (5.00%)	1% Increase (6.00%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	89,294,031	\$	75,848,064	\$	64,727,932	
	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Component Unit		(4.00%)		(5.00%)		(6.00%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	404,062	\$	343,218	\$	292,899	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

Primary Government	19	% Decrease	Current	1	% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	63,657,517	\$ 75,848,064	\$	90,885,904
Component Unit	1% Decrease Current		1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	288,055	\$ 343,218	\$	411,265

4. Investments.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2023:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity Index Fund	65.0%
Bond Index Fund	10.0%
Short-term Investment Fund	25.0%
Total	100.0%

(h) Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System), a multiple-employer, state-administered, costsharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

(3) Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfills when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfills stop accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

Closed Landfill:

Landfill Permit Number 11-01: The previous landfill site of the County was closed on September 26, 1997. There is \$805,021 reported as landfill postclosure care liability for this site at June 30, 2023, which represents the projected cost for the remaining 6 years of required postclosure care based on 2023 costs. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Landfills in Operation:

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number 11-07:

The \$15,317,716 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2023 represents the cost to close and monitor the 41.90% of the total estimated capacity of this landfill that has been used as of June 30, 2023. The County will recognize the total estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$30,366,495 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2023. The County expects to operate this landfill until at least the year 2047. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Construction and Demolition (C&D) Landfill Permit Number 11-07:

The County currently operates a C&D landfill with a closure and postclosure care liability of \$4,930,617 reported as of June 30, 2023 representing a cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 56.73% of the total estimated capacity of this unit. The County will recognize the total estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$10,009,621 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2023. The remaining capacity of the C&D landfill is expected to last nearly 20 years. Actual costs may differ due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Transfer Station:

As required by the North Carolina Administrative Code (NCAC) Title 15A Chapter 13Solid Waste Management Regulations, transfer station owners are required to provide closure cost estimates. The County operates a transfer station with a closure cost liability of \$243,603.

(4) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources for governmental activities and business-type activities at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Deferred charges on refunding of debt (Note 3)	\$ 1,984,717	\$ -
Deferred outflow related to pensions (Note 3)	51,888,651	1,080,737
Deferred outflow related to OPEB (Note 3)	32,692,527	714,725
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 86,565,895	\$ 1,795,462

FundsAc	ctivities	Activities
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General Fund) \$ 1,982,439 \$	1,982,439 \$	-
Unavailable taxes receivable, net (General Fund) 616,991	-	-
Unavailable EMS revenue receivable (General Fund) 2,167,138	-	-
Unavailable taxes receivable, net (Special Revenue) 102,925	-	-
Unavailable receivables, net (General Fund) 48,841	-	-
Unavailable grants receivable 4,038,041	-	-
Leases 14,985,434	14,985,434	-
Debt refunding related deferrals (Note 3) -	4,913,744	-
OPEB related deferrals (Note 3) -	66,431,960	1,452,340
Pension related deferrals (Note 3)	3,592,595	36,985
Total deferred inflows of resources\$ 23,941,809\$ 9	91,906,172 \$	1,489,325

Deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds, governmental activities, and business-type activities at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

(5) Risk Management

The County has adopted risk management principles in order to protect the health, safety and welfare of its employees and the citizens it serves; to protect its property, assets, and other resources; and to maintain its reputation and good standing in the wider community. The County provides a wide range of services, all of which give rise to some level of risk. The County regularly assesses and treats these risks to minimize their effects. The County is primarily self-insured and purchases conventional insurance to manage the effect of unavoidable risks. Several department-specific risk policies are purchased as well. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County-owned properties are insured at their scheduled limits and this policy carries a \$250,000 self-insured retention (SIR). The premium is based on the amount of scheduled items. The County carries liability insurance to include general, auto, law enforcement, public officials and employee benefits liability. Currently, this policy carries a limit of \$7,000,000 per occurrence/claim with a \$500,000 SIR. Public officials and employee benefits liability are per claims made. Premiums are based on underwriting requirements.

A separate claims-made medical professional liability policy is purchased for the Buncombe County Health Department. This policy carries a primary limit of \$1,000,000 per incident and an excess limit of \$10,000,000 per incident with a \$5,000 deductible. This policy is written for the North Carolina Health Directors and premiums are based on the experience of the pool.

A separate commercial package policy is purchased for EMS operations and equipment. General, professional, and auto liability limit is \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an additional excess limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence. Premiums are based on underwriting requirements.

The County purchases excess workers' compensation and employer's liability coverage. Workers' compensation coverage carries a statutory limit. The County currently carries a \$750,000 SIR per occurrence.

The limit of Employer's Liability insurance is \$1,000,000. The premium is based on County employees' payroll and classification. The County adheres to the North Carolina Workers Compensation Act per N.C.G.S. Chapter 97 as administered by the North Carolina Industrial Commission, a division of the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The County provides health insurance benefits through a self-insured health insurance plan. The County is protected against catastrophic individual and aggregate loss by stop-loss insurance coverage. The accompanying statement of net position and balance sheets as of June 30, 2023 include a loss reserve liability for estimated outstanding medical claims of \$1,621,608. Changes in the health claims liability are presented as follows:

	2023		 2022
Estimated claims payable, beginning	\$	902,422	\$ 1,642,659
Incurred claims and changes in estimates		31,804,930	30,798,597
Claims paid		(31,085,744)	 (31,538,834)
Estimated claims payable, ending	\$	1,621,608	\$ 902,422

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, the following are required to be individually bonded for faithful performance in the discharge of the duties of their office: Finance Officer at \$1,000,000; Tax Collector at \$100,000; Register of Deeds at \$10,000; and the Sheriff at \$20,000. In addition, any County officer, employee, or agent who handles or has custody of more than \$100 of County money at any one time is performance bonded under a commercial blanket bond at \$250,000 per occurrence.

(6) <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

The County is presently a defendant in several lawsuits and is also subject to potential claims which may arise out of the ordinary conduct of its affairs. It is the opinion of the County's management and the County Attorney that settlement of these matters, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

(7) Long-Term Obligations

(a) <u>Leases</u>

The County has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 245 month lease as Lessee for the use of Upper Hominy Tower Site. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$195,294. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$179,427. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$9,960. The lease has an interest rate of 1.401%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$195,294 with accumulated amortization of \$19,066 is included with Land on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 191 month lease as Lessee for the use of Elk Mountain Radio Tower. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$900,846. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$827,062. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,843. The lease has an interest rate of 1.244%. The infrastructure estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$900,846 with accumulated amortization of \$113,195 is included with Infrastructure on the Lease Class activities table found below. Buncombe County, NC has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 364 month lease as Lessee for the use of Barnardsville Tower Site - Banks. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$233,098. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$220,365. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.040%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$233,098 with accumulated amortization of \$15,347 is included with Land on the Lease Class activities table found below. Buncombe County, NC has 4 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 257 month lease as Lessee for the use of Spivey Mountain Tower. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$217,753. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$198,363. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$12,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.433%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$217,753 with accumulated amortization of \$20,285 is included with Land on the Lease Class activities table found below. Buncombe County, NC has 4 extension option(s), each for 60 months. Buncombe County, NC had a termination period of 6 months as of the lease commencement.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 29 month lease as Lessee for the use of Caterpillar 950M Wheel Loader - Transfer Station. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$173,811. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$30,023. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$6,008. The lease has an interest rate of 0.198%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 120 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$173,811 with accumulated amortization of \$142,859 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. Buncombe County, NC has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$76,125.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 29 month lease as Lessee for the use of Caterpillar M316F Wheeled Excavator-Transfer Station. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$146,068. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$25,231. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$5,049. The lease has an interest rate of 0.198%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 120 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$146,068 with accumulated amortization of \$120,056 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 44 month lease as Lessee for the use of Caterpillar 836K Compactor Landfill. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$832,865. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$380,070. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$19,073. The lease has an interest rate of 0.417%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$832,865 with accumulated amortization of \$450,536 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 46 month lease as Lessee for the use of Caterpillar D8T Track Type Tractor. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$606,680. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$291,280. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$13,293. The lease has an interest rate of 0.417%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$606,680 with accumulated amortization of \$315,159 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 12/01/2021, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 43 month lease as Lessee for the use of Mountain Mobility Office. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$196,897. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$112,406. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,500. The lease has an interest rate of 0.435%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$196,897 with accumulated amortization of \$87,001 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 108 month lease as Lessee for the use of Rathbun House/CPS Lease. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$508,411. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$461,353. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,880. The lease has an interest rate of 2.590%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$508,411 with accumulated amortization of \$56,490 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found below. Buncombe County, NC has 2 extension option(s), each for 36 months.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Year Ending		Governmenta	al Act	Activities Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government			rnment			
June 30]	Principle	Ι	nterest	P	Principle Interest			Principle		Interest	
2024	\$	165,888	\$	29,467	\$	441,583	\$	2,089	\$	607,471	\$	31,556
2025		173,098		27,135		285,021		492		458,119		27,627
2026		121,422		24,811		-		-		121,422		24,811
2027		127,124		22,517		-		-		127,124		22,517
2028		133,047		20,114		-		-		133,047		20,114
2029 - 2033		627,972		63,851		-		-		627,972		63,851
2034 - 2038		451,591		25,645		-		-		451,591		25,645
2039 - 2043		125,311		7,858		-		-		125,311		7,858
2044 - 2048		45,236		2,892		-		-		45,236		2,892
2049 - 2052		28,286		590		-		-		28,286		590
Total	\$	1,998,975	\$	224,879	\$	726,604	\$	2,581	\$	2,725,579	\$	227,460

On 07/01/2021, TDA entered into a 252 month lease as Lessee for the use of 31 College Place LLC. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$4,431,313. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is

\$4,170,017. TDA is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$17,700. The lease has an interest rate of 2.240%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$4,431,313 with accumulated amortization of \$422,030 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found below. TDA has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months. TDA had a termination period of 60 months as of the lease commencement.

On 05/01/2023, TDA entered into a 230 month lease as Lessee for the use of 31 College Place LLC-additional space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$941,984. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$934,952. TDA is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,727. The lease has an interest rate of 3.100%. The buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$941,984 with accumulated amortization of \$8,191 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found below. TDA has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months. TDA had a termination period of 60 months as of the lease commencement.

TDA's future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
June 30	Principle	Interest				
2024	\$ 169,818	\$ 120,546				
2025	173,910	116,454				
2026	178,101	112,263				
2027	182,396	107,968				
2028	216,158	103,246				
2029 - 2033	1,194,024	434,901				
2034 - 2038	1,518,408	273,233				
2039 - 2042	1,472,153	73,464				
Total	\$ 5,104,968	\$ 1,342,075				

(b) General Obligation Bond Indebtedness

The County issues general obligation bonds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for the County and public schools. All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's general fund are direct obligations collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. In the event of a default, the County agrees to pay the purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the County.

The 2012B General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued to refund the 2002B variable rate general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023:

	Original Borrowing	Issue Date	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Outstanding at Year-end
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
2012B Refunding Bonds	\$ 32,500,000	October 1, 2012	1.70%	2025	\$ 7,200,000
	\$ 38,185,000				\$ 7,200,000

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
June 30	Principal	Interest			
2024	2,400,000	102,000			
2025	2,400,000	61,200			
2026	2,400,000	20,400			
Total	\$ 7,200,000	\$ 183,600			

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's general obligation bonds are as follows:

The County is subject to the Local Government Bond Act of North Carolina, which limits the amount of net bonded debt, (exclusive of funding and refunding bonds, bonds issued for water, gas, or electric power purposes, and bonds issued for certain other specified purposes). The County may have outstanding up to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. At June 30, 2023, Buncombe County had a legal debt margin of approximately \$3,618,774,396.

(c) Installment Note Obligations

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County has financed various property acquisitions including general government buildings and facilities, equipment, and vehicles with installment notes, certificates of participation (COPs), or limited obligation bonds (LOBs).

The 2009 Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Revolving Loan, a direct borrowing, was acquired to finance the landfill gas-to-energy project. The loan is payable solely from available funds. If a default occurs, the State may withhold any other monies due to the County and apply them to the payment of this obligation.

The 2010C Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance renovations to the science laboratory at Asheville High School pursuant to a deed of trust in which the County's courthouse is pledged as collateral for this debt. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2012A Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for various capital projects for the County, including public safety buildings and radio network, human services automation, expansion of the construction and demolition landfill, as well as capital projects for Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College. A portion of the issue was also used to refinance 2003 and 2005 certificates of participation. The bonds were issued pursuant to the 2010 deed of trust in which the County's courthouse is pledged as collateral for this debt. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2014A Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for construction of public safety offices and training facility, public school construction, and community college construction projects. A portion of the issue was also used to refinance 2006 certificates of participation and the 2008 Woodfin Downtown Corridor Development bonds. The 2014A bonds were issued pursuant to the 2010 deed of trust in which the County's courthouse is pledged as collateral, with an extension of the lien to include the sites where Asheville Middle School and the community college Allied Health Building were to be constructed. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2014B Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for construction of a terminal facility to be used by Old Dominion Freight Lines and an office and light manufacturing facility to be used by GE Aviation pursuant to a long-term lease from the County. The security and default provisions of the 2014B bonds are the same as the 2014A limited obligation bonds.

The NC Drinking Water State Revolving Loan, a direct borrowing, was issued by the State of North Carolina to provide funds for the on-going cleanup of the CTS of Asheville, Inc. Superfund Site. The note is payable solely

from revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. If a default occurs, the State may withhold any other monies due to the County and apply them to the payment of this obligation.

The 2015 Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for construction of a health and human services facility and parking deck, a public school, public safety training facility additions, a swimming pool, and various County renovations and equipment. A portion of the issuance was used to refinance certain of the County's 2005, 2006, and 2007 certificates of participation, 2009C taxable limited obligation bonds and to refund the County's 2005A general obligation public improvement bonds. The bonds were issued pursuant to a 2015 deed of trust in which the sites of the Enka Intermediate School and the Health and Human Services Facility are pledged as collateral for this debt. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2018 Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for improvements to various County and City school facilities. The bonds were issued pursuant to the 2015 deed of trust with an extension of the lien to include the sites on which Asheville High School and Montford North Star Academy are located. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2019 Sheriff Vehicle Installment Financing Agreement, a direct borrowing, was entered into to provide financing for vehicles for the sheriff's office. The vehicles and funds held in the project account are pledged as security for the agreement and in the event of default, the lender may take possession of said vehicles and funds. No deficiency judgement can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the obligation.

The 2020A Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and equipping of improvements to public schools and various County facilities, refinancing portions of the 2009A certificates of participation and 2010A limited obligation bonds, and refinancing all of the 2010B limited obligation bonds. The 2020A bonds were issued pursuant to the 2010 deed of trust in which the County's courthouse is pledged as collateral for this debt, including the 2014 lien extension of the sites of Asheville Middle School and the community college Allied Health Building. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2020B Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for the partial refinancing of the 2012A limited obligation bonds. The security and default provisions of the 2020B bonds are the same as the 2020A limited obligation bonds.

The 2020C Limited Obligation Bonds, a direct placement, were issued to provide funds for installing solar panels on public facilities. The security and default provisions of the 2020C bonds are the same as the 2020A and 2020B limited obligation bonds.

The 2022A Limited Obligation Bonds, a direct placement, were issued to provide funds for various school and County facility improvements, solid waste landfill expansion, solar panel installation, and fleet and general services complex upgrades. If a default occurs, the mortgaged property can be foreclosed, and the proceeds used to pay off the debt. There can be no assurance that the proceeds will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and no deficiency judgment can be rendered against the County if the proceeds are not sufficient to pay off the bonds.

The 2022B Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds, a direct placement, were issued to provide funds for the partial refinancing of the 2014A limited obligation bonds. The security and default provisions of the 2022B bonds are the same as the 2022A limited obligation bonds.

Installment financings outstanding at June 30, 2023:

	Original Borrowing	Issue Date	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Outstanding at Year-end
Governmental Activities					
2010C Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,800,000	December 16, 2010	6.375%	2025	\$ 445,000
2014A Limited Obligation Bonds	151,590,000	February 27, 2014	3.0% - 5.0%	2024	6,920,000
2014B Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds	28,725,000	February 27, 2014	0.5% - 5.1%	2034	18,180,000
NC Drinking Water State Revolving Loan	1,964,204	February 6, 2015	0.0%	2035	1,218,822
2015 Limited Obligation Bonds	126,635,000	April 30, 2015	2.5% - 5.0%	2035	73,965,000
2018 Limited Obligation Bonds	54,730,000	March 28, 2018	2.5% - 5.0%	2038	41,055,000
2019 Sheriff Vehicle Installment Financing	1,675,000	September 4, 2019	1.9837%	2024	689,000
2020A Limited Obligation Bonds	56,495,000	April 9, 2020	2.0% - 5.0%	2040	43,505,000
2020B Taxable Limited Obligation Bonds	32,235,000	April 9, 2020	1.48% - 2.6%	2032	30,645,000
2020C Limited Obligation Bonds	10,096,000	October 14, 2020	1.99%	2035	8,652,000
2022A Limited Obligation Bonds	43,961,000	June 22, 2022	2.93%	2037	41,029,000
2022B Limited Obligation Bonds	80,870,000	June 22, 2022	3.71%	2037	80,461,000
Total governmental activities	666,156,204				346,764,822
Business-type Activities					
2009 ARRA Loan	4,061,396	August 4, 2009	0.0%	2031	600,000
2022A Limited Obligation Bonds	15,324,000	June 22, 2022	2.93%	2037	12,929,000
Total business-type activities	21,370,396				13,529,000
Total installment financings	\$ 687,526,600				\$ 360,293,822

For Buncombe County, the future minimum payments for installment financings as of June 30, 2023, are:

Year Ending	Government	al Activities	Activities Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2024	\$ 32,183,572	\$ 13,785,368	\$ 2,514,000	\$ 378,820	\$ 34,697,572	\$ 14,164,188	
2025	31,950,569	12,459,187	2,585,000	307,357	34,535,569	12,766,544	
2026	30,678,568	11,110,710	2,659,000	233,814	33,337,568	11,344,524	
2027	30,260,568	9,882,424	2,734,000	158,103	32,994,568	10,040,527	
2028	30,014,568	8,715,827	2,812,000	80,194	32,826,568	8,796,021	
2029-2033	131,981,841	26,019,165	225,000	-	132,206,841	26,019,165	
2034-2038	56,725,136	4,982,484	-	-	56,725,136	4,982,484	
2039-2043	2,970,000	133,650		-	2,970,000	133,650	
Total	\$ 346,764,822	\$ 87,088,815	\$ 13,529,000	\$ 1,158,288	\$ 360,293,822	\$ 88,247,103	

(d) Subscriptions

For the year ended 6/30/2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On 07/01/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 32 month subscription for the use of Workday Enterprise Budgeting. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$148,385. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$92,034. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$56,351. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.038%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of

\$148,385 with accumulated amortization of \$55,644 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 48 month subscription for the use of Cott Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$219,987. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$166,426. Buncombe County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,775. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.112%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$219,987 with accumulated amortization of \$54,997 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 57 month subscription for the use of Microsoft Office EA - SHI. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,805,737. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,115,514. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$736,224. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.186%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$2,805,737 with accumulated amortization of \$590,682 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Buncombe County, NC has 1 extension option(s), each for 36 months.

On 07/01/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 32 month subscription for the use of Workday MSA. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,290,936. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$672,087. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$636,754. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.038%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$1,290,936 with accumulated amortization of \$481,593 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 09/30/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of SAS. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$352,858. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$232,858. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$120,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.038%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$352,858 with accumulated amortization of \$90,984 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 10/01/2022, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 60 month subscription for the use of Apricot 360 Bundle. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$154,929. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$121,989. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$32,940. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.155%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$154,929 with accumulated amortization of \$23,239 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 03/01/2023, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of ePlanSoft License. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$147,630. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$98,619. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$49,010. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.583%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$147,630 with accumulated amortization of \$16,403 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 03/06/2023, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 25 month subscription for the use of Workday LMS. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$56,871. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$56,871. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$35,994. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.038%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$136,865 with accumulated amortization of \$21,860 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 05/01/2023, Buncombe County, NC entered into a 26 month subscription for the use of Accela Subscription. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$485,810. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$485,810. Buncombe County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$244,312. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.121%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$942,376 with accumulated amortization of \$72,490 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

The future minimum subscription obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
June 30	Principle	Iı	nterest			
2024	\$ 1,940,447	\$	78,938			
2025	1,261,748		48,448			
2026	808,079		18,384			
2027	31,933		1,007			
Total	\$ 4,042,207	\$	146,777			

(e) <u>Refundings</u>

On April 9, 2020, the County issued \$26,730,000 of series 2020A tax exempt bonds (interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 5.0%) to refund \$4,320,000 of outstanding 2009A certificates of participation which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.75%, \$5,110,000 of outstanding 2010A limited obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 5.0% to 5.25%, and \$20,420,000 of outstanding 2010B taxable limited obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 6.5% to 6.8%. Net proceeds of \$30,266,781 (including premium of \$3,869,464 and after payment of \$327,347 in issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent, along with \$460,529 of County funds, to provide funds used to call the balance of these issuances on June 1, 2020. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt, including related premiums of \$162,684, by \$254,098. This amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$3,807,349 (including interest subsidy on 2010B bonds) to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$3,386,066.

On April 9, 2020, the County also issued \$32,235,000 of series 2020B taxable bonds (interest rates ranging from 1.48% to 2.6%) to advance refund \$29,045,000 of outstanding 2012A limited obligation bonds which had an interest rate of 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$32,008,258 (after payment of \$222,122 in issuance costs) along with additional County funds of \$516,356, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, a portion of the 2012A bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those issuances has been removed from the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt, including related premiums of \$3,763,373, exceeded the reacquisition price by \$800,115. This amount is reported as a deferred inflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$2,982,193 to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,612,592.

On June 22, 2022, the County issued \$80,870,000 of series 2022B taxable bonds with an interest rate of 3.71% to advance refund \$77,260,000 of outstanding 2014A limited obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.0%-5.0%. The net proceeds of \$80,711,695 (after payment of \$158,305 in issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, a portion of the 2014A bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those issuances has been removed from the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt, including related premiums of \$7,565,324, exceeded the reacquisition price by \$4,113,629. This amount is reported as a deferred inflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$3,543,808 to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,528,245.

The County has defeased debt in prior years by placing the proceeds of new bonds and the County's own resources into irrevocable trust accounts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds until the debt is called or matures. Accordingly, those trust account assets and the liability for those defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2023, \$77,260,000 of defeased bonds remain outstanding.

(f) Debt Related to Capital Activities

Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed, only \$135,820,166 relates to assets for which the County holds title. Unspent restricted cash related to this debt amounts to \$13,648,301.

(g) Pension Spiking Liability

Pension spiking is a substantial increase in compensation that results in unusually high liabilities to the State's retirement system which, without intervention, would then be absorbed by other members and employers in the System. North Carolina adopted anti-pension spiking laws, effective January 1, 2015, which apply to retirements with an average final salary greater than \$100,000, adjusted annually for inflation. A contribution-based benefit cap (CBBC) is calculated, and if the benefit exceeds the cap, the employer must make an additional contribution to the retirement system. The County's potential spiking liability of \$362,002 for current active employees who will be retiring with an average final salary greater than \$126,956, the inflation adjusted amount for 2023, has been recorded on the government-wide statements at June 30, 2023.

(h) Transfer of Enka-Candler Water and Sewer District Bonds

On July 2, 1990, the County transferred the ownership, operation, and maintenance responsibility for the sanitary districts to the Metropolitan Sewerage District. The contracts affecting the transfer call for the Metropolitan Sewerage District to assume the liability for the Enka-Candler Water and Sewer District Bonds. Consequently, the bonds have been removed from the County's financial statements. The Enka-Candler Water and Sewer District, for which the County Board of Commissioners is the governing body, is liable for the payments on these bonds if the Metropolitan Sewerage District defaults. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the bonds outstanding was \$20,000.

(i) Conduit Debt Obligations

The Buncombe County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. These bonds are secured by the properties financed as well as by letters of credit and are payable solely from payments received from the private businesses involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private businesses served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the Authority, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2023, there were industrial revenue bonds outstanding with a principal amount payable of approximately \$10,000,000.

(j) Long Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance June 30, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 10,004,000	\$ -	\$ 2,804,000	\$ 7,200,000	\$ 2,400,000
Limited obligation bonds	242,265,000	-	27,550,000	214,715,000	27,690,000
Installment financings-direct					
borrowing	2,343,390	-	435,568	1,907,822	442,572
Installment financings-direct	124 205 000		4 062 000	120 142 000	4 051 000
placement	134,205,000 19,341,108	-	4,063,000 6,222,829	130,142,000 13,118,279	4,051,000
Premium on long-term debt		-			-
Lease installment obligations	1,650,605	508,411	160,041	1,998,975	165,888
Subscription installment obligations	4,465,045	1,198,098	1,620,936	4,042,207	1,940,447
Net pension liability LEOSSA	11,115,331	792,840	2,428,805	9,479,366	570,848
Net pension liability LGERS	20,710,651	53,842,989	-	74,553,640	-
Net OPEB liability	97,179,866	-	22,954,520	74,225,346	-
Retirement incentive liability	294,125	-	294,125	-	-
Pension spiking liability	1,020,077	-	658,075	362,002	-
Compensated absences	10,369,810		8,177,760	10,099,107	7,404,395
Total governmental activities	554,964,008	64,249,395	77,369,659	541,843,744	44,665,150
Business-type Activities: Installment financings-direct borrowing	\$ 675,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 75,000
• •		ф -	\$		\$
placement	15,324,000	-	2,393,000	12,929,000	2,439,000
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-
Lease installment obligations	1,290,269	-	563,665	726,604	441,583
Net pension liability LGERS	460,489	1,169,407	-	1,629,895	-
Net OPEB liability	2,160,730	-	538,013	1,622,717	-
Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure and	236,885	102,872	97,540	242,219	242,219
postclosure care costs	19,180,594	2,225,933	109,570	21,296,957	-
Total business-type activities	22,260,417	3,498,212	3,778,788	39,047,392	3,197,802
			2,110,100		
Total primary government	\$ 644,158,260	\$ 67,747,607	\$ 81,148,447	\$ 580,891,136	\$ 47,862,952
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Current Portion
Discretely Presented Component Unit	June 30, 2022	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2023	of Balance
Air Quality:					
Net pension liability LGERS	\$ 65,178	\$ 211,816	\$ -	\$ 276,994	\$ 276,994
Net OPEB liability	462,757	÷ 211,010	پ 119,539	¢ 270,991 343,218	÷ 270,551
Compensated absences	93,630	41,009	38,250	96,389	96,389
1	\$ 1,067,135		\$ 157,789	\$ 716,601	\$ 373,383
Tourism Development Authority:					
Lease installment obligations	\$ 4,308,562	\$ 941,984	\$ 145,578	\$ 5,104,968	\$ 169,818
Subscription installment obligations	-	290,257	99,245	191,012	94,039
Compensated absences	75,871	29,648		105,519	105,519
	\$ 4,384,433	\$ 1,261,889	\$ 244,823	\$ 5,401,499	\$ 369,376

Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and pension liability typically have been liquidated in the funds in which they have been earned, with the majority of governmental activities liability liquidated in the General Fund and business-type activities liability in the Solid Waste Disposal Fund.

(C) Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund loans consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Due to General Fund:	
From the Occupancy Tax Fund for June collection fees	\$ 50,383
From the Grant Projects Fund for short term cash flow needs	7,014,988
From the Public Schools ADM Sales Tax/Lottery Projects for short term cash flow needs	760,701
From the Housing/Open Space Bond Projects for short term cash flow needs	 42,558
From the Occupancy Tax Fund for June collection fees	\$ 7,868,630

Transfers to/from other funds during the year ended June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

Major Governmental Funds: General Fund:	
From the General Fund to the Grant Projects Fund to fund grant matches	\$ 335,125
From the General Fund to the Special Projects Capital Projects Fund for housing and conservation projects and economic incentives	9,807,845
From the General Fund to the Special Projects Capital Projects Fund for reparations	2,000,000
From the General Fund to the County Capital Projects Fund to fund various capital projects and annual transfer per fund balance policy	1,803,066
From the General Fund to the Transportation Fund for transportation services	1,707,989
From the General Fund to the PDF Woodfin Downtown Fund to subsidize debt service costs	-
From the General Fund to the Emergency Telephone System Fund for 911 related expenses	4,518
AB Tech Capital Projects Fund: From the AB Tech Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund for community college operations	5,000,000
<i>County Capital Projects Fund:</i> From the County Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund for FY23 vehicle purchases	3,408,895
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: From the Register of Deeds Automation Fund to the General Fund for reimbursement of	
automation related expenditures	26,624

D) Fund Balance

Buncombe County has a revenue spending guideline for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-county funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer may deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 126,960,767
Less:	
Restricted or nonspendable	
Prepaids	860,591
Long term receivables	7,259
Leases	267,200
Stabilization by State Statute	36,078,890
Capital projects	114,723
Permits and inspections	3,232,522
Soil and water conservation district	47,165
Tax reapprais al	283,399
Assigned	
Appropriated in FY24 budget	18,894,070
Fund balance policy minimum	 40,757,031
Remainder available for appropriation	\$ 26,417,917

The County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that fund balance after nonspendable and restricted amounts is at least equal to or greater than 15% of expenditures. The policy also specifies that fund unassigned fund balance at year end in excess of 20% of expenditures is to be transferred to the County Capital Projects Fund.

Outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. The General Fund encumbrance amounts are included in the stabilization of State statute amount reported in the above table.

Outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2023:

Fund		cumbrances
General	\$	2,519,557
Grant Projects		10,418,569
Public School Capital Needs		1,298,617
AB Tech Capital Projects		3,074,364
County Capital Projects		7,327,081
Special Projects Capital Projects		1,267,906
Non-Major		105,538
	\$	26,011,632

Note 4 - Joint Ventures

Vaya Health

The County participates in a joint venture to operate Vaya Health, a public managed care organization ("MCO"), which manages federal, state and local funding for services related to mental health, developmental disability, and substance abuse in its 22-county area. Buncombe County appoints one member of the 22-member board, with the other counties appointing the remainder. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the MCO because it is legally required to provide public health services either directly or jointly with other counties. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the MCO, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$600,000 to the MCO to fund operations. Complete financial statements for Vaya Health may be obtained from their offices at 200 Ridgefield Court, Asheville, NC 28806.

Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina, the Buncombe County Board of Education and Madison County, participates in a joint venture to operate the Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College. The board of trustees consists of 15 members, four appointed by the County, four appointed by the Governor (on behalf of the State of North Carolina), four appointed jointly by the Buncombe County and Asheville City Boards of Education, two appointed by Madison County, and one appointed by the Madison County Board of Education. The president of the community college's student government serves as an ex-officio nonvoting member of the community college's board of trustees. The community college is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for facilities, the County periodically issues debt to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. Limited obligation bonds of \$52,155,859 in principal are outstanding. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory responsibility to provide funding for the community college's facilities. The County contributed \$5,000,000 to the community college for operating purposes during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. In addition, the County made principal and interest payments of \$83,454 during the fiscal year on general obligation bonds and \$6,916,784 on limited obligation bonds issued for community college capital facilities. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the community college's administrative offices at 340 Victoria Road, Asheville, NC 28801.

Furthermore, by authority of Article 46 of Chapter 105 of the North Carolina General Statutes and following a majority vote of an advisory referendum in the November 2011 elections, the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners adopted a resolution in December 2011 to levy a local sales and use tax at a rate of one-quarter percent (.25%) to be used exclusively for the stated capital improvement needs of the community college. For this purpose, the County has created a fund to manage the collections and related capital projects and debt service expenditures. In June 2017 the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners adopted a resolution to expand the use of the sales and use tax to include major maintenance and operational needs of the community college. As required by the Board of Commissioners, the tax will sunset in 2029. All capital assets from this funding source will become the property of the community college and be reflected on their financial statements once completed.

Note 5 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Land of Sky Regional Council

The County is a founding member of the Land of Sky Regional Council (Council) which serves four counties and fifteen municipalities. The Council coordinates various funding received from federal and state agencies and administers programs related to aging, workforce development, volunteer services and economic and community development. The participating governments appoint the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$164,483 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Metropolitan Sewerage District of Buncombe County, North Carolina

The County appoints three members to the 14-member board of the Metropolitan Sewerage District of Buncombe County, North Carolina. The District owns, operates, and maintains a wastewater treatment plant and collector lines.

Note 6 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 7 - Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State monies. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations, which cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

	Federal			State		
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants						
and Children	\$	3,716,703	\$	-		
Work First/Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)		668,577		-		
Refugee Assistance		211,273		-		
Adoption Assistance		2,422,483		433,828		
Medical Assistance		367,251,701		143,073,257		
State Children's Insurance Program		1,870,466		420,193		
State/County Special Assistance for Adults		-		1,255,451		
Child Welfare Services Adoption Subsidy		-		736,223		
Totals	\$	376,141,203	\$	145,918,952		

Note 8 - Unrestricted Net Position

Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the Buncombe County Board of Education, the Asheville City Board of Education (the school systems) and the Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College (the community college). The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide school systems and community college capital funding by using a mixture of County funds and debt. The assets funded by the County are owned and used by the school systems and the community college. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets.

At the end of the fiscal year, the outstanding debt balance was \$160,340,410 and \$52,155,859 for the school systems and community college, respectively. Of the combined total, \$7,200,000 is general obligation debt, which is collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. The County is authorized and required by State law to levy ad valorem taxes, without limit as to rate or amount, necessary to pay debt service on its general obligation bonds. The remainder of the debt is installment debt and is collateralized by County assets. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated in the year they become due.

Note 9 - Pledged Revenues

The County and the Town of Woodfin have pledged a portion of their future ad valorem tax revenues to repay \$11,285,000 in Series 2014A limited obligation bonds issued in February 2014. This issuance refunded \$11,885,000 of Series 2008 Project Development Financing (PDF) Revenue Bonds that were used to finance the Woodfin Downtown project. A portion of this was again refunded by the Series 2022B taxable limited obligation bonds. The bond principal is payable from the incremental ad valorem tax revenues generated by increased property values in the refurbished district to the extent that these revenues are available. In the event that the incremental tax revenues are not sufficient to meet the debt service requirements, the Buncombe County General Fund will advance the funds necessary to keep the debt service current. The Buncombe County General Fund will then be reimbursed as additional incremental revenues become available in the future.

The total principal and interest amount remaining on the bonds is \$10,395,000 payable through June 2037. Total principal and interest payments on the Series 2014A limited obligation bonds from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 were \$741,105. Accumulated tax revenue for the same period of time was \$750,671.

Note 10 – Restatements

Change in Accounting Principle (Column A)

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was implemented for the current year. In one case, this meant reclassifying a previously recorded intangible capital asset to a right-to-use asset. Due to the change, the County disposed of the intangible asset and all accumulated amortization that was

previously recorded with the loss posting against net position. The effect of this change from the implementation of the new accounting standard is shown in column A of the table below.

Correction of an Error in Previously Issued Financial Statements (Column B)

During fiscal year 2022, the County began receiving settlement funds from multiple opioid lawsuits between the State and various drug manufacturers. It was determined based on the guidance at the time, that settlement proceeds were to be classified as unearned revenues until the corresponding expenditures were made. During the current fiscal year, it was determined that the previous guidance was incorrect and that settlement proceeds were to be recorded as revenue in the period they are received. Therefore, revenues in the Opioid Settlement Fund were understated by \$621,438 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The effect of this change on fund balance is shown in column B of the table below.

	une 30, 2022 As Previously Reported	Changes in Accounting Principle (A)	Error	Correction (B)	une 30, 2022 As Restated
Government Wide					
Governmental Activities	\$ (75,708,493)	\$ (3,493,907)	\$	621,438	\$ (78,580,962)
Business-Type Activities	29,286,083	 -		-	 29,286,083
Total Primary Government	\$ (46,422,410)	\$ (3,493,907)	\$	621,438	\$ (49,294,879)
Governmental Funds					
General Fund	\$ 124,314,054	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 124,314,054
Occupancy Tax	-	-		-	-
Special Taxing District	-	-		-	-
Grant Projects	(1,942,419)	-		-	(1,942,419)
Public School Capital Needs	41,374,724	-		-	41,374,724
AB Tech Capital Projects	18,880,834	-		-	18,880,834
Public School ADM Sales Tax/Lottery Projects	-	-		-	-
County Capital Projects	30,667,068	-		-	30,667,068
Special Projects Capital Projects	14,194,119	-		-	14,194,119
Other Governmental Funds	6,090,120	-		621,438	6,711,558
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 233,578,500	\$ -	\$	621,438	\$ 234,199,938



Required Supplemental Financial Data

Buncombe County, North Carolina

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Schedules of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contributions

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Schedules of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contributions

Healthcare Benefits Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of County Contributions Schedule of Investment Returns - OPEB

This section contains information required by generally accepted accounting principles

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability

as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

	Schedule of C	hanges in Total Pe	ension Liability				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 11,115,331	\$ 11,440,707	\$ 7,816,784	\$ 7,151,591	\$ 7,076,534	\$ 6,504,557	\$ 6,435,449
Changes for the year:							
Service cost at end of year	549,484	562,306	341,533	309,418	346,181	292,258	324,170
Interest	243,356	215,319	245,944	251,636	217,434	244,382	223,868
Difference between expected and actual experience	(124,834)	(246,852)	630,721	357,591	173,058	(49,185)	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(1,704,947)	(287,614)	2,950,710	223,551	(270,198)	431,353	(149,649)
Benefit payments	(599,024)	(568,535)	(544,985)	(477,003)	(391,418)	(346,831)	(329,281)
Net changes	(1,635,965)	(325,376)	3,623,923	665,193	75,057	571,977	69,108
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 9,479,366	\$ 11,115,331	\$ 11,440,707	\$ 7,816,784	\$ 7,151,591	\$ 7,076,534	\$ 6,504,557

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

Total Pension Liability	\$ 9,479,366	\$ 11,115,331	\$ 11,440,707	\$7,	,816,784	\$	7,151,591	\$ 7,076,534	\$ 6,504,557
Covered-Employee Payroll	14,384,145	13,800,012	13,132,599	12,	,874,345	13	3,782,414	13,226,166	13,727,850
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	65.90%	80.55%	87.12%		60.72%		51.89%	53.50%	47.38%

Notes to the schedule:

This schedule is intended to show ten (10) years of information; additional years will be added as they become available

Buncombe County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 nor does the Plan provide pay related benefits.

Changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs:

December 31, 2021 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 2.25% to 4.31%.

December 31, 2020 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 1.93% to 2.25%.

December 31, 2020 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.26% to 1.93%. Based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31,2019, the following were updated: mortality reates, salary increase rates, service retirement rates, disability

retirement rates, termination rates, real wage growth, and leave conversion service.

December 31, 2019 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.64% to 3.26%.

December 31, 2018 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 3.16% to 3.64%.

December 31, 2017 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.86% to 3.16%. The assumed inflation rate has been reduced from 3.00% to 2.50% and assumed wage inflation was increased from 0.5% to 1.0%.

December 31, 2016 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 3.57% to 3.86%.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Schedules of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contribution

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)*:

	.,									
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		1.350%	1.380%	1.293%	1.329%	1.361%	1.356%	1.367%	1.370%	1.263%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	76,183,535	\$ 21,171,139	\$ 46,214,761	\$ 32,286,853	\$ 32,284,728	\$ 20,713,021	\$ 29,009,136	\$ 6,153,152	\$ (7,446,959)
County's covered payroll	\$	95,371,351	\$ 91,497,070	\$ 87,523,909	\$ 85,711,058	\$ 85,410,896	\$ 80,696,295	\$ 78,543,481	\$ 78,653,953	\$ 72,997,430
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		79.88%	23.14%	52.80%	37.67%	37.80%	25.67%	36.93%	7.82%	-10.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	92.00%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%
* The amounts presented for e	ach f	ïscal year were	determined as of	the prior fiscal yea	ar ending June 30.					
County Contribution:										

2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Contractually required contribution \$ 13,885,253 \$ 10,925,396 \$ 9,379,209 \$ 7,930,774 \$ 6,736,044 \$ 6,437,477 \$ 5,974,471 \$ 5,289,811 \$ 5,552,865 Contribution made 13,885,253 10,925,396 9,379,209 7,930,774 6,736,044 6,437,477 5,974,471 5,289,811 5,552,865 Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ 113,625,928 \$ 95,371,351 \$ 91,497,070 \$ 85,711,058 \$ 85,410,896 County's covered payroll \$ 87,523,909 \$ 80,696,295 \$ 78,543,481 \$ 78,653,953 Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll 12.22% 11.46% 10.25% 9.06% 7.86% 7.54% 7.40% 6.73% 7.06%

Notes to the schedule:

This schedule is intended to show ten (10) years of information; additional years will be added as they become available

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedules of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contributions

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)*:

	 2023	 2022	·	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
County's proportion of the net pension asset	2.977%	3.031%		3.092%	2.893%	3.179%	3.515%	3.466%	3.461%	3.148%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (394,200)	\$ (582,434)	\$	(708,595)	\$ (571,128)	\$ (526,518)	\$ (599,938)	\$ (648,037)	\$ (802,058)	\$ (713,609)
County's covered payroll	\$ 100,944	\$ 99,131	\$	98,498	\$ 94,900	\$ 93,926	\$ 90,779	\$ 88,376	\$ 82,865	\$ 79,564
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-390.51%	-587.54%		-719.40%	-601.82%	-560.57%	-660.88%	-733.27%	-967.91%	-896.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	139.04%	156.53%		173.62%	164.11%	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

County Contributions:

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 26,178	\$ 34,132	\$ 36,382	\$ 29,605	\$ 27,497	\$ 27,204	\$ 30,538	\$ 28,316	\$ 27,694
Contribution	 26,178	 34,132	 36,382	29,605	 27,497	 27,204	 30,538	28,316	27,694
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$ 109,749	\$ 100,944	\$ 99,131	\$ 98,498	\$ 94,900	\$ 93,926	\$ 90,779	\$ 88,376	\$ 82,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.85%	33.81%	36.70%	30.06%	28.97%	28.96%	33.64%	32.04%	33.42%

Notes to the schedule:

This schedule is intended to show ten (10) years of information; additional years will be added as they become available

Healthcare Benefits Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

		Schedule fe	or the Plan				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability:							
Service cost at end of year	\$ 2,777,214	\$ 2,689,795	\$ 7,097,937	\$ 4,940,481	\$ 4,788,951	\$ 5,127,940	\$ 5,732,800
Interest on the total OPEB liability and cash flows	6,731,795	6,609,535	4,384,490	5,539,553	5,728,956	5,286,294	4,776,409
Difference between expected and actual experience	(4,142,843)	382,827	(1,836,022)	540,302	(3,699,090)	2,081,393	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(25,773,498)	-	(64,107,498)	33,190,959	12,695,151	(8,668,680)	(13,287,300)
Benefit payments	(6,857,622)	(7,607,144)	(7,150,029)	(7,098,735)	(6,682,405)	(7,680,277)	(6,781,911)
Reconciling adjustments	-	-	4,118,186	(4,118,186)		-	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(27,264,954)	2,075,013	(57,492,936)	32,994,374	12,831,563	(3,853,330)	(9,560,002)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	138,022,896	135,947,883	193,440,819	160,446,445	147,614,882	151,468,212	161,028,214
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 110,757,942	\$ 138,022,896	\$ 135,947,883	\$ 193,440,819	\$ 160,446,445	\$ 147,614,882	\$ 151,468,212
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer	\$ 8.857.622	\$ 9.607.144	\$ 10,150,029	\$ 7,098,735	\$ 8,682,405	\$ 8,680,277	\$ 8.781.911
Net investment income	4,248,721	(4,572,977)	7,160,322	\$ 7,098,733 721,236	\$ 8,082,403 1,170,556	\$ 8,080,277 1,502,685	1,971,359
				,			, ,
Benefit payments Administrative expense	(6,857,622)	(7,607,144)	(7,150,029)	(7,098,735)	(6,682,405)	(7,680,277)	(6,781,911) (20,701)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	6,248,721	(2,572,977)	10,160,322	721,236	3,170,556	2,502,685	
				,		2,502,685 19,589,731	3,950,658
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	33,571,553 \$ 39,820,274	36,144,530 \$ 33,571,553	25,984,208 \$ 36,144,530	25,262,972 \$ 25,984,208	22,092,416 \$ 25,262,972	\$ 22,092,416	15,639,073 \$ 19,589,731
Fian inductary net position, end of year	\$ 39,820,274	\$ 55,571,555	\$ 50,144,550	\$ 23,984,208	\$ 23,202,972	\$ 22,092,410	\$ 19,389,731
Net OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 70,937,668	\$ 104,451,343	\$ 99,803,353	\$ 167,456,611	\$ 135,183,473	\$ 125,522,466	\$ 131,878,481
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total OPEB liability	35.95%	24.32%	26.59%	13.43%	15.75%	14.97%	12.93%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 44,271,905	\$ 50,787,596	\$ 47,844,539	\$ 50,787,597	\$ 61,256,259	\$ 66,348,252	\$ 72,258,181
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	160.23%	205.66%	208.60%	329.72%	220.69%	189.19%	182.51%

Schedule for the Employer*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
County's net OPEB liability	\$ 76,191,282	\$ 99,803,353	\$ 167,456,611	\$ 135,183,473	\$ 125,522,466	\$ 123,198,204
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 50,787,596	\$ 47,844,539	\$ 50,787,597	\$ 61,256,259	\$ 66,348,252	\$ 72,258,181
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	150.02%	208.60%	329.72%	220.69%	189.19%	170.50%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

Notes to schedule:

Changes to assumptions or other inputs. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) increased from 2.26% to 5.00% to reflect the changes to the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 2.16% on the prior measurement date to 3.54% on the measurement date.

Healthcare Benefits Plan Schedule of County Contributions

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,623,846	\$ 9,623,846	\$ 10,011,572	\$ 10,011,572	\$ 7,322,456	\$ 7,322,456	\$ 7,301,754
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 8,857,622	 9,607,144	 10,150,029	 7,098,735	 8,682,405	 8,680,277	 8,781,911
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	766,224	16,702	(138,457)	2,912,837	(1,359,949)	(1,357,821)	(1,480,157)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 44,271,905	\$ 50,787,596	\$ 47,844,539	\$ 50,787,597	\$ 61,256,259	\$ 66,348,252	\$ 61,814,919
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	20.01%	18.92%	21.21%	13.98%	14.17%	13.08%	14.21%

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date. Actuarially determined contribution rates were calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates.

1	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	26 year
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.75%
Wage inflation	3.25%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General employees	3.25% - 8.41%
Firefighters	3.25% - 8.15%
Law enforcement officers	3.25% - 7.90%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expense, including price inflation	5.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior measurement date	3.54%
Measurement date	3.65%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Prior measurement date	N/A
Measurement date	N/A
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB	
plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Prior measurement date	5.00%
Measurement date	5.00%
Healthcare cost trends	
Pre-medicare Medical and Prescription Drug	7.00% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.50% by 2032
Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug	5.125% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.500% by 2025

Healthcare Benefits Plan

Schedule of Investment Returns - OPEB

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses	12.40%	-12.53%	27.08%	2.85%	5.30%	7.64%



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Buncombe County, North Carolina

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Ad Valorem Taxes:			
Taxes		\$ 243,430,779	
Penalties and interest		602,975	
Total	\$ 240,309,247	244,033,754	\$ 3,724,507
Local Option Sales Taxes:			
Article 39, one percent *		19,898,874	
Article 40, one-half of one percent		14,314,735	
Article 42, one-half of one percent		10,437,041	
Article 44, one-half of one percent		277	
Total	47,527,393	44,650,927	(2,876,466)
Other Taxes and Licenses:			
Deed stamp excise tax		7,401,258	
Video programming tax		1,245,570	
Privilege licenses		33,325	
Rental car tax		1,546,478	
Total	11,018,000	10,226,631	(791,369
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:			
Payments in lieu of taxes		100,707	
Beer and wine tax		690,410	
Other		4,750,966	
Total	1,524,415	5,542,083	4,017,668
Restricted Intergovernmental:			
Federal, State, and other grants		43,504,275	
Mixed drink surcharge		1,215,204	
Court facilities fees		305,361	
ABC bottle taxes		207,456	
Total	47,900,362	45,232,296	(2,668,066)
Permits and Fees:			
Building permits and inspections		4,196,682	
Register of deeds		1,377,015	
Total	5,210,000	5,573,697	363,697
Sales and Services:			
Rents, concessions, and fees		3,490,716	
Jail fees		617,883	
Ambulance and rescue squad fees		10,561,737	
Recreation fees		231,829	
Other charges for services	_	8,184,572	
Total	18,108,468	23,086,737	4,978,269

* Shown net of 50% remitted directly to Public School Capital Needs Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<i>Revenues - continued:</i> Investment earnings (loss)	550,000	6,852,840	6,302,840
Other	1,515,618	701,711	(813,907)
Total revenues	373,663,503	385,900,676	12,237,173
EXPENDITURES General Government: Governing Body:			
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Program support Total		658,856 353,965 12,500 1,025,321	
County Manager: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	1,158,564 69,501 1,228,065	
Sustainability: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	249,822 436,937 686,759	
Community Engagement: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	347,004 307,748 654,752	
PR and Communications: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	1,049,483 132,044 1,181,527	
Budget and Management Services: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	675,189 16,496 691,685	
Human Resources: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	1,961,525 274,008 2,235,533	
Legal and Risk: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total	-	1,006,806 106,797 1,113,603	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

			Variance
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
General Government - continued:	Budger	Tietuur	(riegutive)
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,296,624	
Other operating expenditures		491,162	
Total		2,787,786	
Internal Audit:			
Salaries and employee benefits		354,698	
Other operating expenditures		41,710	
Total		396,408	
Strategy and Innovation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,326,326	
Other operating expenditures		51,982	
Total		1,378,308	
Tax Assessment:			
Salaries and employee benefits		3,133,517	
Other operating expenditures		614,818	
Total		3,748,335	
Tax Collections:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,226,079	
Other operating expenditures		855,306	
Total		2,081,385	
Elections:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,057,259	
Other operating expenditures		1,353,553	
Total		2,410,812	
Register of Deeds:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,780,186	
Other operating expenditures		3,741,029	
Total		5,521,215	
Information Technology:			
Salaries and employee benefits		7,627,030	
Other operating expenditures		7,479,932	
Capital outlay Total		5,641,571 20,748,533	
10141		20,740,333	
General Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		3,788,947	
Other operating expenditures		6,359,661	
Capital outlay		294,520	
Total		10,443,128	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
<i>General Government - continued:</i> Fleet:			
Salaries and employee benefits		718,559	
Other operating expenditures		421,211	
Capital outlay		1,987,712	
Total		3,127,482	
Parking Services			
Other operating expenditures		735,157	
Total		735,157	
Strategic Partnership Grants:		409 292	
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		408,283 21,305	
Program support		1,595,900	
Total		2,025,488	
Total		2,025,400	
Diversity Equity & Inclusion			
Salaries and employee benefits		168,563	
Other operating expenditures		95,853	
Total		264,416	
Other General Government		371,875	
Total General Government	74,810,225	64,857,573	9,952,652
Public Safety:			
Justice Resource Support:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,395,218	
Other operating expenditures		1,129,764	
Program support		51,125	
Total		2,576,107	
Pretrial Release:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,306,082	
Other operating expenditures		81,900	
Total		1,387,982	
ID Bureau and C.D.E.:		1.7(0,(0))	
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		1,760,628	
Total		265,431 2,026,059	
10(a)		2,020,039	
Dublic Cafeta Internance 1111 D. (11			
Public Safety Interoperability Partnership:		859,417	
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		859,417 477,210	
Total		1,336,627	
10(a)		1,330,027	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

			Variance
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Public Safety - continued:			
Sheriff: Salaries and employee benefits		20,610,719	
Other operating expenditures		2,263,014	
Total	_	22,873,733	
Detention Center:			
Salaries and employee benefits		15,764,498	
Other operating expenditures	-	5,777,356	
Total	-	21,541,854	
Emergency Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		15,977,920	
Other operating expenditures		2,988,719	
Program support Capital outlay		153,085 447,703	
Total	-	19,567,427	
	-	- , ,	
911 Operations: Salaries and employee benefits		5,744,531	
Other operating expenditures		524,850	
Total	_	6,269,381	
Public Safety Training Center:			
Salaries and employee benefits		366,879	
Other operating expenditures	_	179,412	
Total	-	546,291	
Juvenile Crime Prevention Council:			
Other operating expenditures		23,272	
Program support	-	596,916	
Total	-	620,188	
Family Justice Center			
Salaries and employee benefits		142,758	
Other operating expenditures		336,545	
Program Support Total	-	3,475 482,778	
Other Public Safety	-	719,204	
	-		
Total Public Safety	83,046,018	79,947,631	3,098,387
Economic and Physical Development: Planning:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,406,017	
Other operating expenditures		192,250	
Program support	-	7,174	
Total	-	2,605,441	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	Buuget	Actual	(Negative)
Economic and Physical Development - continued:			
Permits and Inspections:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,302,128	
Other operating expenditures		300,894	
Program support	-	68,371	
Total	-	2,671,393	
Cooperative Extension:			
Other operating expenditures	_	451,276	
Total	=	451,276	
Agriculture and Land Resources:			
Salaries and employee benefits		670,752	
Other operating expenditures		118,275	
Program support		72	
Total	-	789,099	
	-	, 0,,0,,,	
Other Economic and Physical Development	-	809,108	
Total Economic and Physical Development	9,366,826	7,326,317	2,040,509
Human Services:			
Public Health:			
Salaries and employee benefits		14,348,775	
Other operating expenditures		6,860,212	
Program Support		2,938,754	
Total		24,147,741	
Social Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		42,746,243	
Other operating expenditures		5,197,510	
Capital outlay		508,411	
Program support		13,651,091	
Total	-	62,103,255	
Veterans Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		382,536	
Other operating expenditures		22,394	
Total	-	404,930	
	-	,	
Behavioral Health:		600 000	
Program support	-	600,000	
Total	-	600,000	
Animal Services	_	1,520,251	
Other Human Services	_	721,040	
Total Human Services	94,652,485	89,497,217	5,155,268
Culture and Recreation:			
Library:			
Salaries and employee benefits		5,453,516	
Other operating expenditures		1,438,074	
Total	-	6,891,590	
- 01mi	<u> </u>	0,071,070	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Culture and Recreation - continued:	U		
Recreation Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,199,651	
Other operating expenditures		578,747	
Capital outlay		92,571	
Program support		227,140	
Total		2,098,109	
Other Culture and Recreation		71,537	
Total Culture and Recreation	9,966,490	9,061,236	905,254
Education:			
Public schools:			
Current expenditures		97,164,357	
Pre-K		3,632,207	
Community college - current expenditures		7,728,142	
Total		108,524,706	
Education support		514,000	
Total Education	109,226,848	109,038,706	188,142
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement		15,760,046	
Interest and fees		5,783,037	
Total Debt Service	23,887,958	21,543,083	2,344,875
Total expenditures	404,956,850	381,271,763	23,685,087
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(31,293,347)	4,628,913	35,922,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers from other funds	12,434,241	8,435,519	(3,998,722)
Operating transfers to other funds	(16,093,543)	(16,093,543)	-
Lease liabilities issued	12,000,000	5,598,709	(6,401,291)
Sales of capital assets	100,000	36,903	(63,097)
Appropriated fund balance	22,852,649	-	(22,852,649)
Total other financing sources (uses)	31,293,347	(2,022,412)	(33,315,759)
Net change in fund balance	\$-	2,606,501	\$ 2,606,501
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to G	AAP:		
Reconciling items: Net collections on long-term loans		(3,948)	
Net change in fund balance in Reappraisal Reserve Fund (General Fund for GAAP Reporting)	Consolidated with	44,160	
Change in fund balance		2,646,713	
Fund balance, beginning		124,314,054	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 126,960,767	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Reappraisal Reserve Fund (Consolidated with General Fund for GAAP reporting)

]	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES	¢		<i>•</i>		¢	
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
Other operating expenditures				623,698		
Total expenditures		531,913		623,698		(91,785)
Debt service:						
Principal retirement				120,000		
Total debt service		-		120,000		(120,000)
Revenues under expenditures		(531,913)		(743,698)		(211,785)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers from other funds				435,000		
Lease liabilities issued				352,858		
Appropriated fund balance	_			-		
Total other financing sources		531,913		787,858		(255,945)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		44,160	\$	(467,730)
Fund balance, beginning				239,239		
Fund balance, ending			\$	283,399		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Grant Projects Fund

	Actual to June 30, 2023							
	Project Budget		Reported In Prior Years	Closures of Prior Activity		Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 107,961,600	\$	43,712,722	\$ (7,803,090)	\$	20,023,412	\$ 55,933,044	\$ (52,028,556)
Private grants and contributions	12,978,774		4,327,446	(578,045)		1,724,352	5,473,753	(7,505,021)
Other	 100,000		-	-		-	-	(100,000)
Total revenues	 121,040,374		48,040,168	(8,381,135)		21,747,764	61,406,797	(59,633,577)
EXPENDITURES								
General government	40,371,932		14,127,651	(3,469,764)		11,695,910	22,353,797	18,018,135
Public safety	16,816,120		7,419,685	(1,500,768)		4,098,912	10,017,829	6,798,291
Economic and physical development	12,353,615		94,466	(4,222)		82,467	172,711	12,180,904
Human services	41,398,829		28,534,425	(3,336,439)		7,140,033	32,338,019	9,060,810
Cultural and recreational	13,134,701		2,936,378	(84,192)		4,259,379	7,111,565	6,023,136
Education	-		199,000	(199,000)		-	-	-
Total expenditures	 124,075,197		53,311,605	(8,594,385)		27,276,701	71,993,921	52,081,276
Revenues under expenditures	 (3,034,823)		(5,271,437)	213,250		(5,528,937)	(10,587,124)	(7,552,301)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer from other funds	3,117,587		3,411,780	(213,250)		335,125	3,533,655	416,068
Transfer to other funds	 (82,764)		(82,762)	-		-	(82,762)	2
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,034,823		3,329,018	(213,250)		335,125	3,450,893	416,070
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	(1,942,419)	\$ -	=	(5,193,812)	\$ (7,136,231)	\$ (7,136,231)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year						(1,942,419)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending					\$	(7,136,231)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public School Capital Needs Fund

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Actual to June 30, 2023				
	Project Authorization	Reported In Prior Years	Closures of Prior Activity	Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Local option sales tax	\$ 141,994,153	\$ 134,958,798	\$ -	\$ 28,311,666	\$ 163,270,464	\$ 21,276,311
Restricted intergovernmental	1,465,580	2,190,930	-	189,354	2,380,284	914,704
Investment earnings	2,266,439	5,740,267	-	897,675	6,637,942	4,371,503
Total revenues	145,726,172	142,889,995	-	29,398,695	172,288,690	26,562,518
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay:						
Education:						
Buncombe County schools	61,408,796	27,496,976	(8,883,177)	11,288,265	29,902,064	31,506,732
Asheville City schools	27,624,999	3,456,558	(414,125)	3,432,374	6,474,807	21,150,192
Security Assessment		398,700	(398,700)	-	-	
Radio Upgrade	-	2,099,444	(2,099,444)	-	-	-
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total capital outlay	89,033,795	33,451,678	(11,795,446)	14,720,639	36,376,871	52,656,924
Debt service:						
Principal	109,842,194	94,453,533		15,389,339	109,842,872	(678)
Interest and fees	63,930,206	57,940,585	(980,124)	6,951,140	63,911,601	18,605
Total debt service	173,772,400	152,394,118	(980,124)	22,340,479	173,754,473	17,927
	175,772,400	152,574,110	(900,124)	22,340,477	175,754,475	17,927
Total expenditures	262,806,195	185,845,796	(12,775,570)	37,061,118	210,131,344	52,674,851
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(117,080,023)	(42,955,801)	12,775,570	(7,662,423)	(37,842,654)	79,237,369
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds of installment obligations	120,773,274	82,306,154	(11,752,750)	-	70,553,404	(50,219,870)
Payment to bond escrow agent	(31,900,000)	(31,897,614)		-	(31,897,614)	,
Prior year revenues and transfers	28,206,749	33,921,985	(1,022,820)	-	32,899,165	4,692,416
Total other financing sources	117,080,023	84,330,525	(12,775,570)	-	71,554,955	(45,525,068)
Revenues and other sources over						
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ 41,374,724	\$ -	(7.662.423)	\$ 33,712,301	\$ 33,712,301
			·		, . ,	
Fund balance, beginning				41,374,724		
Fund balance, ending				\$ 33,712,301		

* Miscellaneous reclassifications of amounts within revenue and expenditure categories were done in the current fiscal year.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual AB Tech Capital Projects Fund

	Actual to June 30, 2023					
	Project Authorization	Reported in Prior Years	Closures of Prior Activity	Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					- • • • •	(1.1.8.1.1.1)
Local option sales taxes	\$ 136,294,372	\$ 119,257,897	\$ (326,237)	\$ 19,685,163	\$ 138,616,823	\$ 2,322,451
Restricted intergovernmental	300,042	291,201	¢ (320,237) -	-	291,201	(8,841)
Investment earnings	1,398,863	1,457,193	-	407.135	1,864,328	465,465
Total revenues	137,993,277	121,006,291	(326,237)		140,772,352	2,779,075
EXPENDITURES						
Community College	39,673,911	10,836,676	(326,237)	5,937,245	16,447,684	23,226,227
Debt service:	57,075,711	10,050,070	(320,237)	5,757,245	10,447,004	25,220,227
Principal retirement	41,567,897	36,485,921	-	4,902,214	41,388,135	179,762
Interest and fees	28,781,896	26,836,696	-	2,098,024	28,934,720	(152,824)
Total expenditures	110,023,704	74,159,293	(326,237)		86,770,539	23,253,165
Revenues over expenditures	27,969,573	46,846,998	-	7,154,815	54,001,813	26,032,240
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	SES)					
Payment to bond escrow agent	(46,160,538)	(46,150,129)	-	-	(46,150,129)	10,409
Proceeds from installment obligation	51,300,619	46,293,619	-	-	46,293,619	(5,007,000)
Transfers to other funds	(34,629,654)	(29,629,654)	-	(5,000,000)	(34,629,654)	-
Transfers from other funds	1,520,000	1,520,000	-	-	1,520,000	-
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	(27,969,573)	(27,966,164)	-	(5,000,000)	(32,966,164)	(4,996,591)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and						
other uses	\$-	\$ 18,880,834	\$-	2,154,815	\$ 21,035,649	\$ 21,035,649
Fund balance, beginning				18,880,834		
Fund balance, ending				\$ 21,035,649		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Schools ADM Sales Tax and Lottery Projects Fund

			Actual to Ju	ne 30, 2023		_
	D : /	D (11		C N		Variance
	Project	Reported In	Closures of	Current Year	TT (1	Positive
	Authorization	Prior Years	Prior Activity	Activity	Total	(Negative)
REVENUES		* ******	*	* * * *** * * *	*	
Local option sales taxes	\$ 53,967,714	\$ 98,099,041	\$(69,000,000)	\$ 21,790,448	\$ 50,889,489	\$ (3,078,225)
Restricted intergovernmental	6,250,599	3,086,234	(1,885,304)	1,825,316	3,026,246	(3,224,353)
Total revenues	60,218,313	101,185,275	(70,885,304)	23,615,764	53,915,735	(6,302,578)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay:						
Education:						
Buncombe County schools						
Sales tax projects	43,594,512	82,677,821	(60,000,000)	18,349,736	41,027,557	2,566,955
Lottery projects	5,340,000	2,916,758	(1,885,304)	1,825,316	2,856,770	2,483,230
Asheville City schools			,			
Sales tax projects	10,373,202	15,421,220	(9,000,000)	3,440,712	9,861,932	511,270
Lottery projects	910,599	169,476	-	-	169,476	741,123
Total capital outlay	60,218,313	101,185,275	(70,885,304)	23,615,764	53,915,735	6,302,578
Revenues under expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$-	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning				<u>-</u> \$ -	_	
Fund balance, ending				ф -	_	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) County Capital Projects Fund

	Actual to June 30, 2023						
						Variance	
	Project	Reported In	Closures of	Current		Positive	
	Authorization	Prior Years	Prior Activity	Year	Total	(Negative)	
REVENUES	- TutiloriZution	Thor Tours	Thor receivity	1 cui	Total	(rtegutite)	
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 4,118,000	\$ 241,149	\$ -	\$ 650,000	\$ 891,149	\$ (3,226,851)	
Other	³ 4,118,000 752,740	\$ 241,149 249,221	р - -	1,249,200	1,498,421	^{\$ (3,220,831)} 745,681	
			-				
Investment earnings	743,183	633,173	-	282,705	915,878	172,695	
Total revenues	5,613,923	1,123,543	-	2,181,905	3,305,448	(2,308,475)	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay:							
200 College Exterior	-	566,968	(566,968)	-	-	-	
40 Coxe Interior Renovation	1,213,615	21,012	-	181,463	202,475	1,011,140	
Administration Building Envelope Repair	2,458,869	-	-	16,401	16,401	2,442,468	
BAS System for Detention Center	174,052	-	-	-	-	174,052	
Broadband Projects	200,442	73,899	-	44,703	118,602	81,840	
Buncombe County Health Clinic	-	1,391,520	(1,391,520)	-	-	-	
Buncombe County Sports Dog Park	80,500	32,030	(1,0)1,020)	33,999	66,029	14,471	
Comprehensive Facilities Assessment		835,780	(835,780)	-			
Courthouse Exterior Renovations	-	4,242,084	(4,242,084)	-	-	_	
Courthouse Repairs				50.020	-	507 695	
	596,239	8,625	-	59,929	68,554	527,685	
Detention Center Cooling Tower	376,940	16,500	-	-	16,500	360,440	
Detention Center Exterior Repair/Cleaning	-	1,103,211	(1,103,211)	-	-		
East Asheville Library	6,977,466	6,901,091	-	-	6,901,091	76,375	
Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure	120,000	-	-	68,180	68,180	51,820	
EMS Base Construction	7,250,000	-	-	-	-	7,250,000	
Facility Assessment - Renovation	4,010,000	-	-	61,062	61,062	3,948,938	
Fleet and General Services Complex	10,084,093	226,840	-	222,670	449,510	9,634,583	
Garren Creek Tower Retrofit	1,000,000	519,720	-	111,256	630,976	369,024	
Grading/Paving Playground at Lake Julian	180,000	-	-	-	-	180,000	
Greenways Contingency	148,849	-	-	-	-	148,849	
Hominy Creek Greenway	80,000	-	-	-	-	80,000	
Interchange Building	468,641	-	-	-	-	468,641	
IT Redundant Network Configuration	1,000,000	960,113	-	_	960,113	39,887	
Jail Mezzanine Metal Screen Partitions	318,000	-	_	_	-	318,000	
Jail Repairs	786,358	-	-	2,650	2,650	783,708	
Lake Julian Bathroom Additions			-	2,030		646,909	
	674,160	-	-	· · · · · ·	27,251	040,909	
Lake Julian Paddle Boat Replacement	-	78,995	(78,995)	-	-	-	
Lake Julian Shelter Replacements	100,000	8,717	-	41,475	50,192	49,808	
Library Infrastructure	-	140,085	(140,085)	-	-	-	
Library Renovation	691,654	-	-	-	-	691,654	
New Restroom Facility for Sports Park	159,000	-	-	126,583	126,583	32,417	
Oakley/South Asheville Library HVAC	-	3,600	-	-	3,600	(3,600)	
Orchard Street Park	150,000	-	-	-	-	150,000	
Owen Park Playground Update	-	116,709	(116,709)	-	-	-	
Pack Library Exterior Wash	192,500	15,700	-	-	15,700	176,800	
Pack Library Fire Suppression System	233,439	232,580	-	-	232,580	859	
Parking Lot Improvements Countywide	946,523	2,500	-	184,062	186,562	759,961	
Parks and Recreation Projects	787,665	99,484	-	-	99,484	688,181	
Planning for Forward Facing Building	200,000	88,340	_	49,685	138,025	61,975	
			-			198,623	
Recreation Services Master Plan	200,000	-	-	1,377	1,377		
Reems Creek Greenway	600,000	-	-	-	-	600,000	
Register of Deeds Building Envelope	560,475	33,619	-	517,480	551,099	9,376	
Repairs for Libraries	366,978	199,031	-	138,010	337,041	29,937	
Roof Replacements	466,900	401,210	-	-	401,210	65,690	
Sidewalks - General	207,000	,			- , -	207,000	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) County Capital Projects Fund

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Actual to Ju	ine 30, 2023		
						Variance
	Project	Reported In	Closures of	Current		Positive
	Authorization	Prior Years	Prior Activity	Year	Total	(Negative)
Soccer Complex Improvements	155,608	-	-	155,608	155,608	-
Solar on Public Facilities	10,592,728	6,955,909	-	1,633,372	8,589,281	2,003,447
Solar on Schools & Public Buildings	4,000,000	-	-	764,049	764,049	3,235,951
Solar Panel Installation Phase 2	400,000	100,153	-	184,898	285,051	114,949
Warren Wilson Pool	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000
Woodfin Greenway	2,460,000	475,899	-	240,997	716,896	1,743,104
Woodfin Greenway - TDA Grant	2,250,000	-	-	650,000	650,000	1,600,000
Total capital outlay	64,218,694	25,851,924	(8,475,352)	5,517,160	22,893,732	41,324,962
Debt service:	1 6 62 00 1	1 660 074			1 660 071	1.020
Interest and fees	4,663,994	4,662,974	-	-	4,662,974	1,020
Total expenditures	68,882,688	30,514,898	(8,475,352)	5,517,160	27,556,706	41,325,982
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(63,268,765)	(29,391,355)	8,475,352	(3,335,255)	(24,251,258)	39,017,507
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Prior year revenues	\$ 13,898,044	\$ 10,143,206	\$ (2,690,783)	_	\$ 7,452,423	\$ (6,445,621)
Proceeds from installment obligations	46,266,869	38,306,165	(4,613,000)		33,693,165	(12,573,704)
Transfers from other funds	18,574,438	21,147,308	(1,171,569)		21,778,805	3,204,367
Transfer to other funds	(15,602,759)	(9,693,864)	-	(3,408,895)	(13,102,759)	2,500,000
Contingency	(23,435)	-	-	-	-	23,435
Sale of capital assets	155,608	155,608	-	-	155,608	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	63,268,765	60,058,423	(8,475,352)	(1,605,829)	49,977,242	(13,291,523)
Revenues and other sources over						
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ 30,667,068	\$-	(4,941,084)	\$ 25,725,984	\$ 25,725,984
Fund balance, beginning				30,667,068		
Fund balance, ending				\$ 25,725,984		

* Miscellaneous reclassifications of amounts within revenue and expenditure categories were done in the current fiscal year.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Special Projects Capital Projects Fund

		Reported		,		Variance
	Project	in Prior	Closures of	Current		Positive
	Budget	Years	Prior Activity	Year	Total	(Negative)
REVENUES						(= = = g = = = =)
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 433,505	\$ 263,305	\$ -	\$ 170,200	\$ 433,505	\$ -
Unrestricted intergovernmental	153,438		-	153,438	153,438	-
Sales and services	-	9,300	-	_	9,300	9,300
Other	2,288,058	2,237,515	-	183,293	2,420,808	132,750
Total revenues	2,875,001	2,510,120	-	506,931	3,017,051	142,050
		_,			-,,	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Economic and physical development	38,296,129	715,106	-	6,053,006	6,768,112	31,528,017
Capital outlay:						
Housing:						
Home FY16	75,000	75,000	-	-	75,000	-
Home FY18	26,733	-	-	-	-	26,733
Home Program Income	147,769	126,288	-	-	126,288	21,481
Lee Walker Heights Redevelopment	4,200,000	4,200,000	-	-	4,200,000	-
East Haven Apartments	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	-	2,200,000	-
Old Haywood Road Neighborhood	680,800	680,800	-	-	680,800	-
Housing Trust FY18	227,015	227,015	-	-	227,015	-
Housing Trust FY19	513,145	513,145	-	-	513,145	-
Affordable Housing Services FY20	261,367	261,367	-	-	261,367	-
Affordable Housing Services FY21	1,933,975	1,787,127	-	-	1,787,127	146,848
Affordable Housing Services FY22	1,242,968	709,768	-	528,832	1,238,600	4,368
Affordable Housing Services FY23	4,049,200	-	_	471,009	471,009	3,578,191
Housing Trust Program Income	488,560	436,801	_	50,000	486,801	1,759
Manufactured Homes Disposal	193,334	193,257	_	-	193,257	77
Energy Initiatives	148,142	79,107	_	_	79,107	69,035
High-Top Road Repair	170,200	-	_	170,200	170,200	07,055
Public Art Project	153,438			71,790	71,790	81,648
Reparations	2,000,000	-	-	/1,/90	/1,/90	2,000,000
-	2,000,000	200,000	-	-	200,000	2,000,000
Small Business Development Conservation		660,069	-	-	,	-
	2,391,512 59,599,287		-	343,765 7,688,602	1,003,834 20,753,452	1,387,678
Total expenditures	59,599,287	13,064,850	-	7,088,002	20,755,452	38,845,835
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(56,724,286)	(10,554,730)	-	(7,181,671)	(17,736,401)	38,987,885
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer from other funds	57,049,286	17,174,672	-	11,807,845	28,982,517	(28,066,769)
Transfer to other funds	(325,000)	(365,000)	-	_	(365,000)	(40,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	56,724,286	16,809,672	-	11,807,845	28,617,517	(28,106,769)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ 6,254,942	\$ -	4,626,174	\$ 10,881,116	\$ 10,881,116
Fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP) Fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP)				<u>6,254,942</u> 10,881,116	-	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified	accrual) to GAAD				-	
Fund balance, beginning (GAAP)	acciual) to GAAP			14 104 110		
Loan disbursements				14,194,119		
				375,984		
Payments on loans				(439,539)	-	
Total reconciling items				14,130,564	-	
Fund balance, ending (GAAP)				\$ 18,756,738	=	

Combining Statements and Schedules for Nonmajor Governmental Funds

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Emergency Telephone System Fund

This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems such as 911.

Register of Deeds Automation Fund

This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of Register of Deeds fees to be used for future automation projects.

Register of Deeds Fund

This fund accounts for revenues collected and submitted by the Register of Deeds on behalf of the State.

Representative Payee Fund

This fund accounts for money held in trust by the Division of Social Services for various individuals.

Sondley Estate Trust Fund

This fund accounts for amounts placed into trust by a benefactor to be used for libraries.

Transportation Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of a public transportation program.

Drug Forfeitures Fund

This fund accounts for forfeiture and controlled substance tax earmarked for the Sheriff's department.

School Fines and Forfeitures

This fund accounts for forfeitures and forfeitures collected and remitted to the schools per State statute.

PDF Woodfin Downtown Fund

This fund accounts for the Woodfin Downtown project debt service and the portion of County and Town of Woodfin ad valorem tax revenues and subsidies pledged to meet it.

Opioid Settlement Fund

This fund accounts for lawsuit settlements to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities.

Buncombe County Service Foundation

This fund accounts for the activity of a non-profit organization that is a component unit of the County. The Foundation's purpose is to support and improve access to wellness, recreation, health and community services by building partnerships throughout Buncombe County.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Housing/Open Space Bond Projects Fund

This fund accounts for activity related to general obligation debt that will be used specifically for affordable housing and open space projects.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	(70((95	¢		\$	(70((95	
Restricted cash and investments	Э	6,796,685 1,905,076	\$	-	Э	6,796,685	
Restricted cash and investments Restricted assets		1,903,078		-		1,905,076 1,179	
Receivables (net):		1,179		-		1,179	
Accounts receivable		1,265,360		_		1,265,360	
Due from other governments		538,011		_		538,011	
Total assets	\$	10,506,311	\$		\$	10,506,311	
	Ψ	10,500,511	Ψ		Ψ	10,500,511	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		413,474		-		413,474	
Payable from restricted cash		111,795		-		111,795	
Unearned revenue		12,906		-		12,906	
Other liabilities		173,420		6,409		179,829	
Due to other funds		-		42,558		42,558	
Total liabilities		711,595		48,967		760,562	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		434,400		-		434,400	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-		-		-	
Restricted for:							
Stabilization by State statute		1,418,271		-		1,418,271	
Register of deeds		473,850		-		473,850	
Public safety		3,148,505		-		3,148,505	
Economic and physical development		12,596		-		12,596	
Human services		2,231,619		-		2,231,619	
Library		884,558		-		884,558	
Assigned		1,190,917		-		1,190,917	
Unassigned		-		(48,967)		(48,967)	
Total fund balances		9,360,316		(48,967)		9,311,349	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$	10,506,311	\$	-	\$	10,506,311	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ - \$	- \$	-
Incremental tax revenue	447,833	-	447,833
Permits and fees Restricted intergovernmental	410,087	-	410,087
Sales and services	4,628,701 1,040,434	-	4,628,701 1,040,434
	139,520	-	1,040,434
Investment earnings (loss) Other	1,688,500	-	1,688,500
	· · · ·	-	· · ·
Total revenues	8,355,075	-	8,355,075
EXPENDITURES			
Current:	400.247		100 217
General government	490,247	-	490,247
Public safety Economic and physical development	653,388	- 9.338	653,388 9,338
Human services	4,514,005	9,338	4,514,005
Cultural and recreational	4,514,005	39,629	39,629
Education	1,040,434	39,029	1,040,434
Capital outlay	155,054	-	155,054
Debt service:	-		155,054
Principal retirement	461,946	-	461,946
Interest and fees	392,188	-	392,188
Total expenditures	7,707,262	48,967	7,756,229
Revenues over (under) expenditures	647,813	(48,967)	598,846
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from other funds	1,712,507	-	1,712,507
Transfers to other funds	(26,624)	-	(26,624)
Sale of assets	95,075	-	95,075
Lease liabilities issued	219,987	-	219,987
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,000,945	-	2,000,945
Net change in fund balances	2,648,758	(48,967)	2,599,791
Fund balances, beginning	6,090,120	_	6,090,120
Prior period restatement - correction of error	621,438	-	621,438
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	6,711,558	-	6,711,558
Fund balances, ending	\$ 9,360,316 \$	(48,967) \$	9,311,349

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

				Special Rev	venu	ue Funds				
	Emergency Telephone System		Register of Deeds Automation		Register of Deeds		Representative Payee			Sondley Estate
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	2,628,253	\$	473,850	\$	22,798	\$	93,406	\$	884,558
Restricted cash and investments	φ	2,028,235	φ	475,850	φ	22,798	ф	93,400 12,906	φ	
Restricted assets		-		-		_		-		-
Receivables (net):										
Accounts receivable		887		156		-		-		306
Due from other governments		55,067		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	2,684,207	\$	474,006	\$	22,798	\$	106,312	\$	884,864
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	39,246	\$	-	\$	14,328	\$	-	\$	-
Payable from restricted cash		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		12,906		-
Other liabilities		-		-		8,470		35,981		-
Total liabilities		39,246		-		22,798		48,887		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by State statute		55,954		156		-		-		306
Register of deeds		-		473,850		-		-		-
Public safety		2,589,007		-		-		-		-
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		57,425		-
Library		-		-		-		-		884,558
Assigned		-		-		-		-		
Total fund balances		2,644,961		474,006		-		57,425		884,864
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,684,207	\$	474,006	\$	22,798	\$	106,312	\$	884,864

			Sp	ecial Revenue I	Func	ls (Continued)			
Tra	ansportation	Drug Forfeitures		School Fines and Forfeitures		PDF Woodfin Downtown	Opioid Settlement Fund	BC Service Foundation	Total Special Revenue Funds
\$	1,649,649 - -	\$ 559,498 - -	\$	72,731	\$	11,417 - 1,179	\$ - 1,892,170 -	\$ 400,525	\$ 6,796,685 1,905,076 1,179
	1,206,878 482,944	196 -		56,238		-	592	107	1,265,360 538,011
\$	3,339,471	\$ 559,694	\$	128,969	\$	12,596	\$ 1,892,762	\$ 400,632	\$ 10,506,311
\$	359,900 - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - - 128,969	\$	- - -	\$ - 111,795 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 413,474 111,795 12,906 173,420
	359,900	-		128,969		-	111,795	-	711,595
	434,400	-		-		-	-	-	434,400
	1,354,254 - - -	196 - 559,498 -		- - -		- - - 12,596	7,298 - - -	107 - - -	1,418,271 473,850 3,148,505 12,596
	-	-		-		-	1,773,669	400,525	2,231,619 884,558
	1,190,917	-		-		-	-	-	1,190,917
	2,545,171	559,694		-		12,596	1,780,967	400,632	9,360,316
\$	3,339,471	\$ 559,694	\$	128,969	\$	12,596	\$ 1,892,762	\$ 400,632	\$ 10,506,311

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Emergency Telephone System	Register of Deeds Automation	Register of Deeds	Representative Payee	Sondley Estate
REVENUES	ф.	ф.	<i>•</i>	ф. (
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	-
Incremental tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Permits and fees Restricted intergovernmental	- 660,802	140,434	269,653	- 467,131	-
Sales and services	000,802	-	-	407,151	-
Investment earnings (loss)	54,606	- 9,563	-	- 663	- 18.786
Other	54,000	-	-	-	18,780
Total revenues	715,408	149,997	269,653	467,794	18,786
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	220,594	269,653	-	-
Public safety	516,452	-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	-	439,611	-
Education	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:		50 541			
Principal retirement	-	53,561	-	-	-
Interest and fees	-	3,739	-	-	-
Total expenditures	516,452	277,894	269,653	439,611	-
Revenues over (under) expenditures	198,956	(127,897)	-	28,183	18,786
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from other funds	4,518	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	-	(26,624)	-	-	-
Sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities issued		219,987	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,518	193,363	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	203,474	65,466	-	28,183	18,786
Fund balances, beginning	2,441,487	408,540	-	29,242	866,078
Prior period restatement - change in accounting	. ,	, -		,	· · ·
principle	-	-	-		
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	2,441,487	408,540	-	29,242	866,078
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,644,961	\$ 474,006	\$-	\$ 57,425	8 884,864

				Spee	cial Revenue H	Fund	s (Continued)			
Tra	nsportation	Drug Forfeitures			School Fines and Forfeitures]	PDF Woodfin Downtown	Opioid Settlement Fund	BC Service Foundation	Total Special Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-		-		-		447,833	-	-	447,833
	-		-		-		-	-	-	410,087
	2,953,883		244,047		-		302,838	-	-	4,628,701
	-		- 12,081		1,040,434		- 639	- 36,534	- 6,648	1,040,434 139,520
	37,058		-		-		-	1,475,566	175,876	1,688,500
	2,990,941		256,128		1,040,434		751,310	1,512,100	182,524	8,355,075
	-		-		-		-	-	-	490,247
	-		136,936		-		-	-	-	653,388
	3,705,695		-		-		-	352,612	16,087	4,514,005
	-		-		1,040,434		-	-	-	1,040,434
	155,054		-		-		-	-	-	155,054
	53,385		-		-		355,000	-	-	461,946
	615		-		-		387,834	-	-	392,188
	3,914,749		136,936		1,040,434		742,834	352,612	16,087	7,707,262
	(923,808)		119,192		-		8,476	1,159,488	166,437	647,813
	1,707,989		-		-		-	-	-	1,712,507
	-		-		-		-	-	-	(26,624)
	90,055		5,020		-		-	-	-	95,075
	- 1,798,044		- 5,020		-		-	-	-	219,987 2,000,945
					-			-	-	
	874,236		124,212		-		8,476	1,159,488	166,437	2,648,758
	1,670,935		435,482		-		4,120	41	234,195	6,090,120
	-		-		-		-	621,438	-	621,438
	1,670,935		435,482		-		4,120	621,479	234,195	6,711,558
\$	2,545,171	\$	559,694	\$	-	\$	12,596	\$ 1,780,967	\$ 400,632	\$ 9,360,316

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

	Ca	Capital Project Funds								
	Housing/O Space Bo Project	ond Ca	Total Capital Project Funds							
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	- \$	-							
Total assets	\$	- \$	-							
LIABILITIES										
Other liabilities		6,409	6,409							
Due to other funds	42	2,558	42,558							
Total liabilities	43	8,967	48,967							
FUND BALANCES										
Unassigned	(43	8,967)	(48,967)							
Total fund balances	(44	8,967)	(48,967)							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	- \$	_							

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Capital Project Fun						
	Spa	ing/Open ce Bond cojects	Capi	Total tal Project Funds				
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-				
Total revenues		-		-				
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Economic and physical development		9,338		9,338				
Cultural and recreational		39,629		39,629				
Total expenditures		48,967		48,967				
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(48,967)		(48,967)				
Net change in fund balances		(48,967)		(48,967)				
Fund balances, beginning		-		-				
Fund balances, ending	\$	(48,967)	\$	(48,967)				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Emergency Telephone System Fund

	Budget Actual				Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES			٠	< <0.00 0			
Restricted intergovernmental			\$	660,802			
Investment earnings	¢	CC0 001		54,606	¢	54 (07	
Total revenues	\$	660,801		715,408	\$	54,607	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety:							
Other operating expenditures				437,917			
Capital outlay		_		78,535			
Total expenditures		1,288,426		516,452		771,974	
Revenues under expenditures		(627,625)		198,956		826,581	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers from other funds				4,518			
Appropriated fund balance				-			
Total other financing sources		627,625		4,518		(623,107)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	_		203,474	\$	203,474	
Fund balance, beginning				2,441,487			
Fund balance, ending			\$	2,644,961			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Register of Deeds Automation Fund

	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES			<i>•</i>				
Permits and fees			\$	140,434			
Investment earnings	٨	140 646		9,563		1 0 5 1	
Total revenues	\$	148,646		149,997	\$	1,351	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government:							
Other operating expenditures				607			
Capital outlay				219,987			
Total expenditures		353,300		220,594		132,706	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement				53,561			
Interest and fees				3,739			
Total debt service		70,000		57,300		12,700	
		70,000		57,500		12,700	
Revenues over expenditures		(274,654)		(127,897)		146,757	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Lease liabilities issued				219,987			
Transfer to general fund				(26,624)			
Total other financing uses		274,654		193,363		(81,291)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		65,466	\$	65,466	
Fund balance, beginning				408,540			
Fund balance, ending			\$	474,006			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Register of Deeds Fund

	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES			
Permits and fees		\$ 269,653	
Total revenues	\$ 400,000	269,653	\$ (130,347)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government:			
Other operating expenditures		269,653	
Capital outlay		 -	
Total expenditures	 400,000	269,653	130,347
Revenues over expenditures	 -	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning		 -	
Fund balance, ending		\$ -	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Representative Payee

	Budget Actual					Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental			\$	467,131				
Investment earnings				663				
Total revenues	\$	600,000		467,794	\$	(132,206)		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Human services:								
Other operating expenditures				829				
Program support				438,782				
Total expenditures		600,000		439,611		160,389		
Revenues over expenditures		-		28,183		28,183		
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		28,183	\$	28,183		
Fund balance, beginning				29,242				
Fund balance, ending			\$	57,425				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sondley Estate Trust

	Bu	ldget		Actual	F	ariance Positive legative)
REVENUES			\$	18,786		
Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	-	¢	18,786	\$	18,786
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Library						
Other operating expenditures				-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		-
Revenues over expenditures		-		18,786		18,786
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		18,786	\$	18,786
Fund balance, beginning				866,078		
Fund balance, ending			\$	884,864		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Restricted intergovernmental Other		\$ 2,953,883	
Total revenues	\$ 3,731,867	37,058 2,990,941	\$ (740,926)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Human services:			
Salaries and benefits		160,092	
Other operating expenditures		3,545,603	
Capital outlay		155,054	
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		53,385	
Interest and fees		615	
Total expenditures	5,543,352	3,914,749	1,628,603
Revenues under expenditures	(1,811,485)	(923,808)	887,677
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Appropriated fund balance		-	
Sales of capital assets		90,055	
Transfer from general fund		1,707,989	
Total other financing sources	1,811,485	1,798,044	(13,441)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	874,236	\$ 874,236
Fund balance, beginning		1,670,935	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 2,545,171	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Drug Forfeitures

	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES Restricted intergovernmental			\$	244,047	
Restricted investment earnings			Ψ	12,081	
Total revenues	\$	50,000		256,128	\$ 206,128
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety:					
Operating expenditures				136,936	
Total expenditures		230,000		136,936	93,064
Revenues under expenditures		(180,000)		119,192	299,192
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Appropriated fund balance				-	
Sale of capital assets				5,020	
Total other financing sources		180,000		5,020	(174,980)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_		124,212	\$ 124,212
Fund balance, beginning				435,482	
Fund balance, ending			\$	559,694	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Fines and Forfeitures

		Budget		Variance Positive Negative)	
REVENUES			¢ 1.040.424		
Sales and services	¢	2 000 000	\$ 1,040,434	¢	(050,500)
Total revenues	\$	2,000,000	1,040,434	\$	(959,566)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Education:					
Operating expenditures			1,040,434		
Total expenditures		2,000,000	1,040,434		959,566
Revenues under expenditures		-	-		-
Net change in fund balance	\$		-	\$	-
Fund balance, beginning					
Fund balance, ending			\$ -		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual PDF Woodfin Downtown Fund

	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Incremental tax revenue			\$	447,833			
Restricted intergovernmental				302,838			
Investment earnings				639			
Total revenues	\$	745,106		751,310	\$	6,204	
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement				355,000			
Interest and fees				387,834			
Total expenditures		745,106		742,834		2,272	
Revenues under expenditures		-		8,476		8,476	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		8,476	\$	8,476	
5				,			
Fund balance, beginning				4,120			
Fund balance, ending			\$	12,596			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Opioid Settlement Fund

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Actual to June 30, 2023							-	X 7 ·		
		Project		eported In	Closures of	-	Current Year				T-4-1		Variance Positive
REVENUES	A	uthorization	PI	rior Years	Prior Activity		Activity		Total	(Negative)		
	¢	1 099 101	\$	621 420	¢	¢	1 475 566	¢	2 007 004	¢	109 002		
Other	\$	1,988,101	Ф	621,438	\$ -	\$	1,475,566	\$	2,097,004	\$	108,903		
Investment earnings		-		41	-		36,534		36,575		36,575		
Total revenues		1,988,101		621,479	-		1,512,100		2,133,579		145,478		
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Collaborative Strategic Planning		50,000		-	-		21,148		21,148		28,852		
Evidence-Based Addiction Treatment		90,000		-	-		25,000		25,000		65,000		
Naloxone Distribution		50,000		-	-		49,372		49,372		628		
Recovery Support Services		120,000		-	-		115,286		115,286		4,714		
Re-entry Programs		148,500		-	-		141,806		141,806		6,694		
Program Support		1,529,601		-	-		-		-		1,529,601		
Total current expenditures		1,988,101		-	-		352,612		352,612		1,635,489		
Revenues under expenditures	\$	-	\$	621,479	\$ -	=	1,159,488	\$	1,780,967	\$	1,780,967		
Fund balance, beginning, as restated							621,479	-					
Fund balance, ending						\$	1,780,967						

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Buncombe County Service Foundation Blended Component Unit

	Bı	ıdget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Investment earnings			\$ 6,648			
Other			 175,876			
Total revenues	\$	-	182,524	\$	182,524	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Human Services:						
Operating expenditures			 16,087			
Total expenditures		-	16,087		(16,087)	
Revenues under expenditures		-	166,437		166,437	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	166,437	\$	166,437	
Fund balance, beginning			 234,195			
Fund balance, ending			\$ 400,632			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Housing/Open Space Bond Projects

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Actual to June 30, 2023								x 7 ·
		oject orization	-	oorted In or Years		osures of r Activity		Current Year		Total	Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES											
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Total revenues		-		-		-		-		-	-
EXPENDITURES Current:											
Affordable housing		937,213		-		-		9,338		9,338	(927,875)
Open space		937,213		-		-		39,629		39,629	(897,584)
Total current expenditures	1	,874,426		-		-		48,967		48,967	(1,825,459)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1	,874,426)		-		-		(48,967)		(48,967)	1,825,459
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Proceeds of installment obligations	1	,874,426		-		-		-		-	(1,874,426)
Total other financing sources	1	,874,426		-		-		-		-	(1,874,426)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	=	(48,967)	\$	(48,967)	\$ (48,967)
Fund balance, beginning								-			
Fund balance, ending							\$	(48,967)			



Combining Statements and Schedules for Enterprise Funds

MAJOR FUNDS

Solid Waste Disposal Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the construction & demolition landfill, municipal solid waste landfill, transfer station, and the County's closed landfill.

Landfill Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the capital projects associated with the solid waste program.

NONMAJOR FUNDS

Inmate Commissary/Welfare Fund

This fund accounts for resources used to offset the daily personal and incidental needs of inmates in the County's detention center. Revenue is generated by telephone concessions and contributions.

Real-Time Intelligence Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with real time surveillance systems that are used by the County Sheriff's Office other program participants.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Solid Waste Disposal Fund

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
Operating revenues:		¢ 10.000.700	
Tipping fees		\$ 10,228,702	
Service charges and other revenues Restricted intergovernmental		484,506 20,624	
Intergovernmental revenues		811,217	
Total operating revenues	\$ 11,654,607	11,545,049	\$ (109,558)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment earnings	-	473,341	473,341
-			
Total revenues	11,654,607	12,018,390	363,783
EXPENDITURES			
Landfill:		• • • • • • • •	
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits		2,035,401	
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs		147,262	
Other operating expenses Total landfill	-	<u>3,729,219</u> 5,911,882	
	-	3,911,002	
Transfer station:		1 (27 2 4	
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits		1,637,364	
Other operating expenses Total transfer station	-	1,254,657 2,892,021	
	-	2,072,021	
Landfill gas to energy project:		100.011	
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits		108,311	
Other operating expenses	-	123,007	
Total landfill gas to energy project	-	231,318	
Capital outlay	-	130,522	
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		3,033,664	
Interest and fees	_	427,543	
Total debt service	-	3,461,207	
Total expenditures	15,184,464	12,626,950	2,557,514
Expenditures over revenues	(3,529,857)	(608,560)	2,921,297
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer to solid waste capital projects	(935,000)	(935,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance	4,464,857	-	(4,464,857)
Total other financing uses	3,529,857	(935,000)	(4,464,857)
Expenditures and other uses over revenues and other sources	\$-	(1,543,560)	\$ (1,543,560)

Continued on next page

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Solid Waste Disposal Fund

Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ (1,543,560)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:	
Reconciling items:	
Accrued interest on investments	1,516
Increase in fuel inventory	(11,205)
Capital outlay	130,522
Depreciation	(2,245,837)
Amortization of lease right-to-use asset	(566,366)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	390,007
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	(79,393)
Increase in accrued interest on debt	(22,513)
Increase in accrued compensated absences	(3,977)
Increase in accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs	(2,116,364)
Decrease in net OPEB liability	484,256
Increase in net pension liability	(1,144,180)
Debt principal	3,033,664
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	606,848
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	(172,068)
Operating expenditures from Landfill Capital Projects Fund	(86,050)
Sale of capital assets	36,000
Transfer to landfill capital projects	935,000
Total reconciling items	 (830,140)
Change in net position	\$ (2,373,700)

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Landfill Capital Projects Fund

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Actual to Ju	ine 30, 2023			
	Project Authorization	Reported in Prior Years	Closures of Prior Activity	Current Year Activity	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	
Total revenues	<u>\$</u> - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	<u>\$</u> -	
Cell 7	13,555,691	4,528,278	-	7,785,417	12,313,695	1,241,996	
Phase 7 C&D landfill	1,800,000	1,028,784	-	766,607	1,795,391	4,609	
Subtitle D vertical expansion	827,805	789,332	-	-	789,332	38,473	
Solid waste transfer facility	-	10,475,447	(10,475,447)	-	-	-	
Compost feasibility study	100,000	63,180	-	28,971	92,151	7,849	
Condensate pump	150,000	-	-	152,031	152,031	(2,031)	
Floor trailer for transfer station	100,000	-	-	98,573	98,573	1,427	
Improvements to landfill site	130,000	-	-	14,949	14,949	115,051	
Loader	380,000	-	-	355,139	355,139	24,861	
MS landfill cell 6 gas collection &				,	,,	,	
control system	350,000	-	-	46,067	46,067	303,933	
Paving station	100,000	-	-	75,800	75,800	24,200	
Solid waste trucks	845,000	-	-	790,682	790,682	54,318	
Stormwater ditch establishment	175,000	-	-	-	-	175,000	
Contingency	87,648	-	-	-	-	87,648	
Total expenditures	18,601,144	16,885,021	(10,475,447)	10,114,236	16,523,810	2,077,334	
Debt service:							
Interest and fees		22,251	(22,251)	-	-	-	
Revenues under expenditures	(18,601,144)	(16,907,272)	10,497,698	(10,114,236)	(16,523,810)	(2,077,334)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from installment obligations	15,300,000	15,324,000	(22,251)	-	15,301,749	1,749	
Sale of assets		5,000	(5,000)	36,000	36,000	36,000	
Transfer from solid waste	2,385,000	11,938,616	(10,470,447)	935,000	2,403,169	18,169	
Prior year revenues	916,144	866,179	-	-	866,179	(49,965)	
Total other financing sources	18,601,144	28,133,795	(10,497,698)	971,000	18,607,097	5,953	
Revenues and other sources over							
(under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 11,226,523	\$ -	\$ (9,143,236)	\$ 2,083,287	\$ (2,071,381)	

Combining Statement of Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds							
	Comr	Inmate Commissary/ Welfare Fund		al-Time lligence Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds			
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables (net): Total current assets		,079,366 4,516 ,083,882	\$	12,501 17 12,518	\$	1,091,867 4,533 1,096,400		
	1	,005,002		12,510		1,070,400		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:								
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		59,179		_		59,179		
Total capital assets		59,179		-		59,179		
Total noncurrent assets		59,179		-		59,179		
Total assets	1	,143,061		12,518		1,155,579		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		51,293		-		51,293		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		112,168		1,465		113,633		
Salaries and payroll taxes payable		2,591		-		2,591		
Compensated absenses		9,343		-		9,343		
Other liabilities		-		-		-		
Total current liabilities		124,102		1,465		125,567		
Noncurrent liabilities								
Net OPEB liability		46,358		-		46,358		
Net pension liability - LGERS		46,563		-		46,563		
Total noncurrent liabilities		92,921		-		92,921		
Total liabilities		217,023		1,465		218,488		
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		42,548		-		42,548		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		59,179		-		59,179		
Unrestricted (deficit)		875,604		11,053		886,657		
Total net position		934,783		11,053		945,836		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Enterpri						
	Co	Inmate mmissary/ lfare Fund	-	Real-Time telligence Fund				
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	272,976	\$	122,875	\$	395,851		
Total operating revenues		272,976		122,875		395,851		
OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits		55,333		-		55,333		
Contracted services		101,142		-		101,142		
Costs of products sold		64,273		-		64,273		
Other operating expenditures		50,107		112,598		162,705		
Depreciation		29,439		-		29,439		
Total operating expenditures		300,294		112,598		412,892		
Operating income (loss)		(27,318)		10,277		(17,041)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest and investment income		25,637		776		26,413		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		25,637		776		26,413		
Change in net position		(1,681)		11,053		9,372		
Net position, beginning		936,464		-		936,464		
Net position, ending	\$	934,783	\$	11,053	\$	945,836		

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

	Enterpris		
	Inmate Commissary/ Welfare Fund	Real-Time Intelligence Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 272,266 (174,577) (123,804)	\$ 122,858 (111,133)	\$ 395,124 (285,710) (123,804)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(26,115)	11,725	(14,390)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	05.405	55.4	26.412
Interest on investments Net cash provided by	25,637	776	26,413
investing activities	25,637	776	26,413
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(478)	12,501	12,023
Cash and investments, beginning of year	1,079,844	-	1,079,844
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 1,079,366	\$ 12,501	\$ 1,091,867

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

	Enterprise Funds						
	Inmate Commissary/ Welfare Fund		Real-Time Intelligence Fund		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(27,318)	\$ 10,27	7\$	(17,041)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		20.120			20.420		
Depreciation Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources:		29,439	-		29,439		
Accounts receivable		(710)	(1	7)	(727)		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		1,183	-		1,183		
Net pension liability		25,227	-		25,227		
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(30,172)	-		(30,172)		
Accounts payable		40,945	1,46	5	42,410		
Salaries and payroll taxes payable		(10,788)	-		(10,788)		
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		17,171	-		17,171		
Net OPEB liability		(53,755)	-		(53,755)		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(18,694)	-		(18,694)		
Accrued compensated absences		1,357	-		1,357		
Total adjustments		1,203	1,44	-8	2,651		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(26,115)	\$ 11,72	5 \$	(14,390)		

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Inmate Commissary/Welfare Fund

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES Operating revenues: Commissary concessions Telephone concessions Total operating revenues			\$ 199,305 73,671 272,976	
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings			 25,541	
Total revenues	\$	360,044	298,517	\$ (61,527)
EXPENDITURES Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits Contracted services Cost of products sold Other operating expenditures			 113,016 101,142 64,273 50,107	
Total expenditures		445,965	328,538	117,427
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(85,921)	(30,021)	55,900
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Appropriated fund balance		85,921	-	(85,921)
Total other financing sources (uses)		85,921	-	(85,921)
Revenues over expenditures	\$	_	(30,021)	\$ (30,021)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrua	ıl:			
Reconciling Items: Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Decrease in net OPEB liability Accrued interest on investments Depreciation Decrease in accrued compensated absences Total reconciling items Change in net position			\$ (1,183) (17,171) (25,227) 30,172 18,694 53,755 96 (29,439) (1,357) 28,340 (1,681)	

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Real-Time Intelligence Center

		Budget Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Operating revenues:						
Sales and Services			\$	122,875		
Total operating revenues				122,875		
Nonoperating revenues:						
Investment earnings				771		
Total revenues	\$	130,000		123,646	\$	(6,354)
EXPENDITURES						
Other operating expenditures				112,598		
Total expenditures		130,000		112,598		17,402
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		11,048		11,048
Revenues over expenditures	\$	-		11,048	\$	11,048
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrua	al:					
Reconciling Items:						
Accrued interest on investments				5		
Total reconciling items				5		
Change in net position			\$	11,053		

Schedules and Combining Statements for Internal Service Fund, Custodial Funds, and Component Unit

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Insurance Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to property, liability, business, and health insurance for both employees and eligible retirees.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

<u>Inmate Trust Fund</u> This fund accounts for the activity related to funds belonging to inmates during their period of incarceration.

Municipal Tax Collections Fund

This fund accounts for activity related to ad valorem and local option sales taxes collected on behalf of other taxing units.

COMPONENT UNIT

Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the local air quality regulatory agency formed by an interlocal agreement between Buncombe County and the City of Asheville.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Insurance Internal Service Fund

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES Operating revenues: Charges for services Other	 Budget	\$ Actual 37,819,849 3,656,340	(Variance Positive (Negative)
Total revenues	\$ 37,463,390	41,476,189	\$	4,012,799
EXPENDITURES Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits Insurance premiums Claims Other operating expenditures		 542,343 1,683,912 33,043,683 4,430,390		
Total expenditures	 40,103,052	39,700,328		402,724
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,639,662)	1,775,861		4,415,523
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to other funds Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses) Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ (972,641) 3,612,303 2,639,662 -	- - - 1,775,861	\$	972,641 (3,612,303) (2,639,662) 1,775,861

Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:

Reconciling item:

Increase in incurred but not reported claims	 (677,588)
Change in net position	\$ 1,098,273

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

JUNE 30, 2023

	Inr	nate Trust Fund	Municipal Tax Collections Fund		To	tal Custodial Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	142,514	\$	1,309,456	\$	1,451,970
Receivables, net		-		405,453		405,453
Total assets		142,514		1,714,909		1,857,423
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments Total liabilities		25,472		- 1,309,456 1,309,456		25,472 1,309,456 1,334,928
NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals and other governments		117.042		405,453		522,495
Total net position	\$	117,042	\$	405,453	\$	522,495

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

	Inmate Trus Fund		Municipal Tax Collections Fund		otal Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS Taxes for other governments Collections on behalf of inmates Total additions		\$ - \$ 99,230,052 <u>1,045,894</u> - <u>1,045,894</u> 99,230,052		\$	99,230,052 1,045,894 100,275,946
DEDUCTIONS Tax distributions to other governments			99,187,773		99,187,773
Payments on behalf of inmates Total deductions	998,9 998,9		- 99,187,773		998,910 100,186,683
Net increase in fiduciary net position	46,9	84	42,279		89,263
NET POSITION Net position, beginning	70,0	58	363,174		433,232
Net position, ending	\$ 117,0	42 \$	405,453	\$	522,495

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Net Position - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Asheville-Buncombe Air Quality Agency

Component Unit

Revenues over expenditures(106,972)8,037115,009OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources106,972-(106,972)Revenues and other sources over expenditures\$-8,037\$8,037Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrualReconciling items: Accrued interest on investments91Depreciation Capital outlay(9,184) (20,184)86,343Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(22,581) (211,816)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(211,816) (22,587)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (22,587)Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (28,986)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (28,986)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (28,986)Decrease in accrued compensated absences(2,759)			Budget	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES Environmental protection: Salaries and employee benefits Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenses Total expenditures 1,087,272 1,042,688 444,584 Revenues over expenditures (106,972) 8,037 115,009 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Appropriated fund balance 106,972 Total other financing sources 106,972 Calother financing sources 106,972 Revenues and other sources over expenditures \$ - 8,037 Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual Reconciling items: Accrued interest on investments 91 Depreciation (9,184) Capital outlay Reverse in deferred outflows of resources - pensions 95,116 Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (22,581) Increase in net pension liability Capital outlay of resources - OPEB 022,581	Federal, State, and other grants Licenses and permits Other licenses and taxes Investment earnings	¢	080.200	\$ 524,898 152,670 22,940	¢	70.425
Total expenditures1,087,2721,042,68844,584Revenues over expenditures(106,972)8,037115,009OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources106,972-(106,972)Revenues and other sources over expenditures\$-8,037\$8,037Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrualReconciling items: Accrued interest on investments91Depreciation Capital outlay(9,184) 86,34386,343Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions95,116Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB(22,581) (22,581)Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(22,581) (22,587)Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (28,986)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (28,986)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (28,986)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986) (27,59)Increase in accrued compensated absences(2,759)	EXPENDITURES Environmental protection: Salaries and employee benefits	\$	980,300	808,244	\$	10,425
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Appropriated fund balance 106,972 - (106,972) Total other financing sources 106,972 - (106,972) Revenues and other sources over expenditures \$ - 8,037 \$ 8,037 Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual Reconciling items: - 8,037 \$ 8,037 Reconciling items: - 91 -			1,087,272			44,584
Appropriated fund balance106,972-(106,972)Total other financing sources106,972-(106,972)Revenues and other sources over expenditures\$-8,037\$8,037Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrualReconciling items:9191Accrued interest on investments91919191Depreciation(9,184)86,343186,343Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions95,11695,116Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB(22,581)1Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions95,53795,537Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986)28,986)Decrease in net OPEB liability119,539119,539Increase in accrued compensated absences(2,759)1	Revenues over expenditures		(106,972)	8,037		115,009
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrualReconciling items:Accrued interest on investmentsDepreciationCapital outlayReconciling items:Accrued interest on investments91DepreciationCapital outlay86,343Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions95,116Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB(22,581)Increase in net pension liabilityDecrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions95,537Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986)Decrease in net OPEB liability119,539Increase in accrued compensated absences(27,59)	Appropriated fund balance			-		(106,972) (106,972)
Reconciling items:91Accrued interest on investments91Depreciation(9,184)Capital outlay86,343Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions95,116Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB(22,581)Increase in net pension liability(211,816)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB95,537Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986)Decrease in net OPEB liability119,539Increase in accrued compensated absences(2,759)	Revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$	_	8,037	\$	8,037
Accrued interest on investments91Depreciation(9,184)Capital outlay86,343Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions95,116Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB(22,581)Increase in net pension liability(211,816)Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions95,537Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB(28,986)Decrease in net OPEB liability119,539Increase in accrued compensated absences(2,759)	Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accr	ual				
Change in net position \$ 129,337	Accrued interest on investments Depreciation Capital outlay Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Decrease in net OPEB liability Increase in accrued compensated absences Total reconciling items			\$ (9,184) 86,343 95,116 (22,581) (211,816) 95,537 (28,986) 119,539 (2,759) 121,300		



Other Schedules

Buncombe County, North Carolina

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable General Fund

JUNE 30, 2023

Fiscal Year	τ	Incollected Balance July 1		Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30
2022-2023 2021-2022 2020-2021 2019-2020 2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2014 & Prior	\$	583,036 249,085 108,156 40,590 29,871 20,687 7,321 9,574 52,945	\$	243,686,305 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 243,137,929 345,736 61,037 37,012 5,656 1,919 11,005 1,004 1,346 18,309	\$ 548,376 237,300 188,048 71,144 34,934 27,952 9,682 6,317 8,228 34,636
Total Less allowance for uncollectib	\$ le ad val	1,101,265	\$ eivabl	243,686,305 e	\$ 243,620,953	1,166,617 (398,383)
Ad valorem taxes receivable, r	iet					\$ 768,234
Reconcilement with revenue Taxes - Ad valorem - Gener Reconciling items:						244,033,754
Credits and write-offs Interest collected Accruals Ad val tax revenue reported Other Total reconciling items	in PDF V	Woodfin Fund				 680,646 (602,975) 151,243 447,833 (1,089,548) (412,801)
Total collections and cr	edits					\$ 243,620,953

Analysis of Current Year County-Wide Tax Levy

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	(County-Wide			Total	Lev	/y
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	N	Property Excluding Iotor Vehicles		Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 49,779,687,057	\$ 0.488	\$ 242,924,873	\$	227,716,496	\$	15,208,377
Discoveries & Adjustments Prior year taxes	118,027,721	Various	 761,432		761,432		-
Net levy ⁽¹⁾	\$ 49,897,714,778		243,686,305		228,477,928		15,208,377
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			 548,376		495,140		53,236
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 243,137,929	\$	227,982,788	\$	15,155,141
Current levy collection %			 99.77%		99.78%		99.65%
Secondary market disclosures: Assessed valuation Assessment ratio ⁽²⁾ Real property Personal property Public service companies ⁽³⁾ Registered motor vehicles Total assessed valuation Tax rate per \$100					100.00% 12,858,787,862 2,932,950,422 973,156,750 3,132,819,744 19,897,714,778 0.488		
Levy (includes discoveries, releases, and a	batements)			\$	243,686,305		
In addition to the County-wide rate, the fol County on behalf of school districts and fiscal year ended June 30:							
School districts Fire protection districts Total				\$	11,023,534 29,299,354 40,322,888		
⁽¹⁾ Penalties collected are distributed directly to	the local school systems,						

⁽¹⁾ Penalties collected are distributed directly to the local school systems, and are therefore not included in the net levy.

⁽²⁾ Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

⁽³⁾ Valuation of railroads, telephone companies, and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.



Statistical Section



BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA *Statistical Section*

This part of the Buncombe County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	163
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	168
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	172
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	176
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	179

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the relevant year.

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Net Position by Component

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		2014		2015	. 4	2016	2	2017	2018		2019	6		2020	. 4	2021		2022	2023
Governmental activities Net Investment in Capital																			
Assets Restricted	S	93,609,590 \$ 44,010,550	se vi	84,189,214 \$ 52,200,321	\$ \$8 E	85,535,781 \$ 73,440,149	6 <u>5</u> 61	69,342,217 \$ 61.971.780	63,771,597 60,791,650	97 \$ 50		51,588,548 55,610,814	\$	66,862,258 § 62,676,954	e 9 \$	72,886,111 \$ 67,417,535	* 5 *	82,516,708 \$ 106,247,162	95,075,359 103,258,648
Unrestricted		(60, 363, 818)	(10	(108, 702, 036)	(175	(179,191,875)	(156	(156,460,610)	(286,835,738)	38)	(267,0:	(267,021,070)	(2	(287,431,790)	(27	(275, 570, 270)	(2((267, 344, 791)	(236,220,812)
Total governmental activities net position	Ś	77,256,322 \$ 27,687,499 \$ (20,2)	\$ 2	7,687,499 \$	3 (2)),215,945) \$	(25	;,146,613) \$	(162,272,4	91) \$	(159,87	21,708)	\$ (1	57,892,578)	\$ (13	5,266,624) \$.) \$	15,945) \$ (25,146,613) \$ (162,272,491) \$ (159,821,708) \$ (157,892,578) \$ (135,266,624) \$ (78,580,921) \$ (37,886,805)	(37,886
Business-type activities Net Investment in Canital																			
Assets	\$	26,200,976 \$ 24,859,349 \$	\$	4,859,349 \$		23,677,050 \$		22,947,463 \$	28,170,350	50 \$		31,723,337	S	30,182,901	\$	29,521,853 \$	\$	28,301,409 \$	29,427,255
Unrestricted		- 2,152,981		- 2,841,242	7	- 4,574,997	43	- 5,674,200	- (3,834,289)	(68	(1,6)	- (1,684,521)		- (53,017)		- 90,490		- 984,674	- (2,505,500)
Total business-type activities net position	s	28,353,957 \$ 27,700,591 \$ 28,252,047	\$ 2	7,700,591 \$	\$ 28	S	28	28,621,663 \$	24,336,061	61 \$		30,038,816 \$		30,129,884 \$		29,612,343 \$		29,286,083 \$	26,921,755
Primary government																			
Net investment in Capital Assets	Ś	119,810,566 \$ 109,048,563	\$ 10	9,048,563 \$		109,212,831 \$	92	92,289,680 \$	91,941,947	47 S		83,311,885	\$	97,045,159	5 10	\$ 102,407,964 \$	\$	110,818,117 \$	124,502,614
Restricted		44,010,550	S	52,200,321	7,	73,440,149	61	61,971,780	60,791,650	50	55,6	55,610,814			9	67,417,535	Ξ	106,247,162	103,258,648
Unrestricted		(58,210,837)	(10)	(105, 860, 794)	(174,61	4,616,878)	(150	(150, 786, 410)	(290, 670, 027)	27)	(268,7)	(268, 705, 591)	(7	(287, 484, 807)	(27	(275, 479, 780)	(2t	(266, 360, 117)	(238,726,312)
Total primary government net position	\$	\$ 105,610,279 \$ 55,388,090 \$	\$ 5	5,388,090 \$		8,036,102 \$;,475,050 \$	(137,936,4	30) \$	(129,78	82,892)	\$ (1	27,762,694) \$	3 (10	5,654,281) \$	ر چ	3,475,050 \$ (137,936,430) \$ (129,782,892) \$ (127,762,694) \$ (105,654,281) \$ (49,294,838) \$ (10,965,050)	(10,965

NOTE: Balances for prior years reflect restatements made in subsequent years.

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BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Net Position

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

EXPENSES	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 26.179.307 S	26.547.924	28.628.887	\$ 35.976.699 \$	31.735.854	\$51.470.532	\$57.033.928	\$62.905.681	\$69.303.669	\$78.636.285
Public safety	86,261,299	93,283,467	100,414,238	97,495,863	103,351,595	93,302,005	101,420,210	110,196,922	113,768,142	128,392,070
Economic and physical development	15,255,668	17,890,984	31,852,491	36,634,454	32,751,395	37,520,161	32,356,232	37,854,625	46,154,773	50,856,588
Human services	86,307,869	92,117,911	96,963,368	99,775,677	90,982,306	88,717,827	95,907,482	103,818,039	106,825,233	101,454,761
Cultural and recreational	10,611,885	9,798,772	8,981,702	9,052,515	8,758,786	9,974,167	10,109,657	9,761,217	7,193,826	10,131,965
Education	107,527,022	154,203,942	142,310,790	108,434,971	138,902,609	137,601,291	124,192,016	138,712,888	153,123,698	170,341,081
Interest on long-term debt	13,657,936	17,044,059	15,432,030	15,744,885	16,124,173	15,617,573	15,176,709	13,705,700	12,316,370	9,494,862
Total governmental activities expenses	345,800,986	410,887,059	424,583,506	403,115,064	422,606,718	434,203,556	436,196,234	476,955,072	508,685,711	549,307,612
Business-type activities:										
Solid Waste Disposal	6,811,079	7,830,522	7,270,565	8,493,953	11,911,302	4,715,353	10,869,728	12,659,318	12,035,590	14,429,606
Inmate commissary/welfare	222,997	357,906	335,562	433,890	525,854	477,143	378,732	256,761	398,720	412,892
	0///01+1	- 1001 0				10010				1 010 000
I otal business-type activities expenses Total primary governmental expenses	\$ 354,251,838 §	8,188,428 419,075,487	7,606,127 432,189,633	8,927,843 8 412,042,907 8	12,437,150 435,043,874 \$	5,192,496 439,396,052 \$	11,248,460 447,444,694 §	12,916,079	12,434,310 521,120,021 §	14,842,498 564,150,110
PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 3,542,856 \$	\$ 1,792,710 \$	\$ 2,407,864	\$ 5,207,544 \$	5,206,280 \$	5,352,685 \$	5,141,450	\$ 7,502,909 \$	\$ 7,379,953 \$	\$ 6,811,804
Public safety	10,483,019	11,512,251	10,816,741	13,719,683	14,253,115	14,624,759	15,808,262	12,078,741	13,947,930	12,005,556
Economic and physical development	448,312	489,513	437,203	529,488	1,840,544	757,008	1,010,471	3,525,855	4,367,490	5,064,761
Human services	2,237,859	2,268,101	3,031,866	3,175,287	1,790,538	1,717,706	1,910,601	4,474,914	4,800,514	4,361,719
Cultural and recreational	517,104	450,484	365,132	361,971	413,519	505,568	310,224	158,544	283,372	340,064
Education								636,621	1,116,720	1,040,434
Operating grants and contributions	48,960,176	56,295,309	58,289,268	60,726,292	48,691,985	51,538,618	52,120,976	63,004,949	79,355,050	71,647,262
Capital grants and contributions	9,367,855	6,344,047	2,568,300	2,185,978	3,420,608	3,454,933	2,684,062	1,178,692	798,363	2,834,870
Total governmental activities program revenues	75,557,181	79,152,415	77,916,374	85,906,243	75,616,589	77,951,277	78,986,046	92,561,225	112,049,392	104,106,470
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Solid Waste Disposal	6,928,813	6,773,435	7,342,311	8,232,842	8,326,404	9,258,677	10,684,973	11,220,363	10,929,639	10,733,832
Criminal justice information system	1.383.407	-		-		-	-	-		
Onerating grants and contributions	371.192	303.715	418.726	441.397	631.261	578 909	612.084	659 426		,
Capital grants and contributions			-	-		-	-	-	,	,
Total business-type activities program revenues	9,006,948	7,478,226	8,104,439	9,151,439	9,470,098	10,406,564	11,801,517	12,290,574	11,396,508	11,129,683
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			0 007 m20 20 4		0 FF0 E2 C 00			000 317 000 0	0 2 7 7 0 0 2 7 7 1

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	4107	C107	7010	/107	20102	2013	7070	1707	7707	7707
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (270,243,805) \$ 556.096	(331, 734, 644) (710.202)	\$ (346,667,132) \$ 498,312	(317,208,821) 223,596	(317,208,821) \$ (346,990,129) 223,596 (2.967,058)	\$ (356,252,279) 5.214.068	\$ (357,210,188) 553.057	\$ (384,393,847) \$ (625,505)	\$ (396,636,319) (1.037,802)	\$ (456,349,689) (3.392.527)
Total primary governmental net expense	\$ (269,687,709) \$	(332,444,846)	\$ (346,168,820) \$	(316,985,225)			\$ (356,657,131)	\$ (385,019,352) \$	(397,674,121)	\$ (459,742,216)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities:	ES IN NET POSITION	-								
Taxes: Property taxes	\$ 192,667,851	\$ 191,247,474	\$ 196,709,722 \$	201,518,909	\$ 216,163,406	\$ 221,478,724	\$ 232,199,493	\$ 256,895,134 \$	277,517,395 \$	288,320,136
Taxes: Local option sales tax	61,962,603	70,792,084	76,001,604	79,120,505	84,964,773	87,852,117	90,357,501	106,878,337	123,354,415	130,972,714
Other taxes and licenses	15,039,610	17,209,248	23,374,603	28,199,416	30,567,315	33,902,440	28,405,875	36,618,431	49,178,771	46,775,576
Investment earnings (loss), unrestricted	300,785	344,674	770,823	1,244,338	2,261,540	4,088,580	3,077,122	75,070	(52,847)	8,730,206
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(417,150)	1,828,088	3,139,269	91,350	192,891	157,785	145,412	126,077	9,025	131,261
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	956,147	1,607,318	1,312,887	2,103,635	2,935,957	6,935,722	4,953,915	5,580,557	6,187,691	10,965,406
Transfers	601,570	-						(60, 445)	-	
Total governmental activities	271,111,416	283,028,886	301,308,908	312,278,153	337,085,882	354,415,368	359,139,318	406,113,161	456,194,450	485,895,299
Business-type activities:										
Other taxes and licenses	,	ı	ı	,	,	,	ı	ı	747,118	811,217
Investment earnings, unrestricted	38,182	55,526	46,854	141,511	234,592	302,015	162,120	2,069	(36,477)	501,270
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		1,310	6,290	4,509	6,039	5,000	(624, 109)	45,450	901	36,000
Transfers	(601, 570)			i	i			60,445		i
Total business-type activities	(563,388)	56,836	53,144	146,020	240,631	307,015	(461, 989)	107,964	711,542	1,348,487
Total primary government	\$ 270,548,028	\$ 283,085,722	\$ 301,362,052 \$	312,424,173	\$ 337,326,513 9	\$ 354,722,383 9	\$ 358,677,329	\$ 406,221,125 \$	456,905,992	487,243,786
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	119 298 3	(052 302 0V) 3	3 (VCC 355 3V) 3	(1 030 668)		s (1836011)	¢ 1 020 120	3 712101217 S	50 550 131 C	70 604 157
	00//01	9	(+77,000,0+)	(000,000,+)	(1+7,404,4)	(112,000,1)	1,727,100	41,17,214	101,000,00	
Business-type activities	(7,292)	(653, 366)	551,456	369,616	(2, 726, 427)	5,521,083	91,068	(517, 541)	(326, 260)	(2, 364, 328)
Total primary government	\$ 860,319	\$ (49,359,124)	\$ (44,806,768) \$	(4,561,052)	\$ (12,630,674) \$	\$ 3,684,172	\$ 2,020,198	\$ 21,201,773 \$	59,231,871	38,329,829

NOTE: Balances for prior years do not reflect restatements made in subsequent years.

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2014	2015		2016			2017		2018		2019	5	2020	2021	2022		2023
General Fund Nonspendable	S	300,407	\$ 52.	52,597	\$	52.202	Ś	57,975	S	40.734	\$	38,481	S	56,655	\$ 86,950	\$ 453,917	17 \$	1,135,050
Restricted		20,197,103	23,297,383	383	22,973,645	3,645	6	22,449,441		16,994,461		21,348,759	25	25,450,599	25,584,257	32	90	39,756,699
Committed		1,200,000	5,462,421	421	3,76:	3,765,433		2,019,304		2,340,038		4,569,725	7	2,639,713	14,931,204	1,803,066	990	
Assigned		7,584,637	9,643,213	213	6,035	6,039,085	1	5,363,817		9,042,094		13,640,077	12	12,673,752	9,344,348	15,947,652	52	18,894,070
Unassigned		41,869,339	37,121,496	496	43,741,792	1,792	ŝ	37,694,163		53,872,735		55,692,912	56	56,964,358	66,704,252	74,109,359	159	67, 174, 948
Total General Fund	S	71,151,486 \$ 75,577,110 \$	\$ 75,577.	110	\$ 76,572,157		\$ 7	77,584,700	s	82,290,062	Ś	95,289,954	\$ 97	97,785,077	\$ 116,651,011	\$ 124,314,054		\$ 126,960,767
All other revisionmental finds																		
Nonspendable	S	1,532,974 \$ 1,452,037	\$ 1,452,	037	\$ 1,39	1,391,278	S	1,429,774	S	2,286,174	\$	4,092,455	s	1	' S	S	s S	
Restricted		174,502,262	187,815,672	672	115,560	15,566,695	-	70,341,446		82,685,453		46,305,740	54	54,285,298	54,039,097	89,721,963	J63	85,150,511
Assigned		27,805,926	21,257,379	379	8,492	8,492,988	1	5,933,577		14,285,768		7,163,959	15	15,244,724	5,851,770	22,106,342	342	23,440,477
Unassigned		'		ī		ī				(168)				ı		(1,942,419)	(611	(7, 185, 198)
Total all other governmental funds	Ś	\$ 203,841,162 \$ 210,525,088	\$ 210,525,	088	\$ 125,450,961		\$	87,704,797	s	99,257,227	Ś	57,562,154	\$ 69	69,530,022	\$ 59,890,867	\$ 109,885,886	886 \$ 1	101,405,790
Total Combined Governmental Fund Balances	S	\$ 274,992,648 \$ 286,102,198 \$	\$ 286,102,	198		3,118	\$ 16	5,289,497	\$ 1	81,547,289	\$ 1	52,852,108	\$ 167	,315,099	202,023,118 \$ 165,289,497 \$ 181,547,289 \$ 152,852,108 \$ 167,315,099 \$ 176,541,878 \$ 234,199,940 \$ 228,366,557	\$ 234,199,9	40 \$	228,366,557

NOTE: Balances for prior years reflect restatements made in subsequent years.

D EVENTIES	1014	2015	2100	2017	0100	0100	0000	1000	000	2002
NEVENUES	# 102 010 207 #			201007001 @	217 007 001 @	201770240 @	2010000000 @	202102301 @	2707	202 202
Ad valorem taxes Local ontion sales taxes		¢ 100,000,001 70,702,084	76 001 604	201,907,004 3	210,000,991 3 84 964 773	221,//0,240 3 87852117	60,357,501 3	6 105,727,01 106,878,337	123354415	c0c,0/c,/87 130 977 714
Other taxes and licenses	14 331 532	16,266,653	22 665 004	28,199,416	30 567 315	33 902 440	28 405 875	36.618.431	49 084 779	46 674 869
Unrestricted intergovernment	708.078	742,595	709.599	840.987	715.572	718.206	719.843	2,084,204	2.737.810	5.695.521
Restricted intergovernmental	58,328,031	61,016,020	59,150,308	62,840,342	52,681,247	54,949,366	54,336,167	62,512,752	78,684,648	72,719,279
Permits and fees	3,075,411	3,451,565	3,604,379	4,715,220	4,664,396	4,870,670	4,858,118	5,852,844	6,010,354	5,983,784
Sales and services	14,129,326	14,708,008	15,336,262	18,044,931	18,060,057	16,260,790	18,197,757	22,425,388	25,548,726	24,127,171
Investment earnings	274,061	382,885	721,103	1,141,090	2,235,734	4,299,443	1,839,869	35,831	(116,164)	8,579,875
Miscellaneous	956,147	1,607,318	1,312,887	1,262,648	2,220,385	5,915,315	5,051,020	4,616,998	4,406,727	5,450,469
Total revenues	346,714,495	360,732,789	375,959,833	398,072,143	412,196,470	430,538,595	435,669,987	498,217,166	567,890,459	587,773,987
Current:										
General government	23 200 093	25 720 370	26 764 764	29316045	29 248 466	41 849 374	46 976 274	52 176 119	977 736 73	77 667 428
Public safety	76.923.039	83.550.101	84.974.813	89.079.165	94.780.349	89.404.625	96.265.118	104.716.515	113.967.071	128.465.921
Economic and physical development	14.823.254	16.376.729	23.576.691	29.564.805	31,733.817	32,184.527	28.757.530	34.694.287	44.529.952	43.866.360
Human services	83.521.333	91.370.860	92.548.588	99,399,461	90,401,483	87.079.628	89.568.043	97.693.118	108.360.261	101.151.255
Cultural and recreation	8,987,448	8.387.620	7.422.146	7.769.730	7.580.495	8.309.149	8.305.780	8.074.325	9.179.460	13.360.244
Intergovernmental:		к К	к. К		к к	к к	к к	к к	к к	
Education	74,556,185	79,225,390	82,359,578	75,323,300	80,815,035	85,165,897	90,709,757	107,614,216	115,586,273	125,936,378
Capital outlay	69,217,388	99,951,422	91,403,795	59,688,720	74,464,435	64,475,539	45,287,687	46,765,633	47,499,365	57,605,380
Debt service										
Principal	20,243,994	24,407,151	25,932,708	26,145,568	29,020,567	31,920,567	31,914,567	33,428,570	33,584,822	36,633,546
Interest and fees	15,743,470	18,792,182	21,954,450	20,330,667	19,926,347	20,923,220	19,805,655	17,900,330	16,603,781	15,224,388
Total expenditures	387,216,204	447,781,825	456,937,533	436,617,461	457,970,994	461,312,526	457,590,411	503,063,113	556,548,761	599,910,900
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(40,501,709)	(87,049,036)	(80,977,700)	(38,545,318)	(45,774,524)	(30,773,931)	(21,920,424)	(4,845,947)	11,341,698	(12,136,913)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers from other funds	18,199,223	11,183,266	23,991,948	7,208,044	19,385,843	17,493,731	12,733,881	13,600,087	28,168,739	24,094,062
Transfers to other funds	(18, 582, 849)	(13,683,266)	(33, 156, 948)	(7,208,044)	(19, 385, 843)	(15,629,823)	(12,733,881)	(10,685,103)	(28,168,739)	(24,094,062)
Installment obligations issued General obligation debt issued	180,315,001	126,844,450		1,720,347	54,730,000		98,465,674 	10,096,000	124,831,000	
Premium/discount on debt issued	21 379 812	77 736 977			9671796				2 097 912	6 171 554
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(30.752.734)	(51.515.579)	,	,	-	,	(62.275.039)		(80.711.695)	
Sale of capital assets	82,210	2,592,738	5,081,479	91,350	670,495	214,844	192,780	155,102	99,186	131,978
Total other financing sources (uses)	170,640,663	98,158,586	(4,083,521)	1,811,697	61,772,291	2,078,752	36,383,415	13,166,086	46,316,403	6,303,532
Net change in tund balances	\$ 130,138,954 \$	11,109,550 \$	(85,061,221) \$	(36,733,621) \$	15,997,767 \$	(28,695,179) \$	14,462,991 \$	8,320,139 \$	\$ 101,658,101 \$	(2,833,381)
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.32%	9.65%	10.48%	10.64%	10.69%	11.46%	11.30%	10.20%	9.02%	8.64%

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Assessed Value of Taxable Property

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

Total Direct	Tax Rate	0.604	0.604	0.604	0.539	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.488	0.488
Total Taxable	Assessed Value	28,057,219	28,877,723	29,544,516	30,417,045	36,264,613	37,528,113	39,338,387	41,314,697	48,420,644	49,897,715
Public Service	Assessed Value	529,435	532,418	588,226	585,936	613,635	709,941	874,955	1,038,671	957,424	980,640
Less:	Tax Exempt Real Property	968,969	1,263,593	1,268,909	1,260,614	1,595,053	1,588,701	1,562,025	1,566,723	1,789,001	2,632,266
operty	Other	1,595,537	1,653,573	1,726,624	1,902,707	1,893,655	1,975,798	2,150,140	2,755,991	2,785,403	2,918,987
Personal Property	Motor Vehicles	1,342,270	1,952,226	2,100,032	2,215,126	2,320,683	2,429,053	2,424,076	2,766,719	2,905,716	3,093,631
	Historical Property	96,053	96,185	97,419	97,091	118,491	150,588	116,260	96,830	107,568	108,059
	Use Value Farm	1,007,838	1,015,256	1,034,999	1,014,952	1,281,038	1,272,935	1,174,739	1,206,360	1,372,910	1,327,077
erty	Commercial Property	5,784,047	5,995,685	6,143,178	6,445,705	7,987,749	8,110,475	7,831,821	8,299,036	9,340,190	10,025,136
Real Property	Residential Property	18,671,008	18,895,973	19,122,947	19,416,142	23,644,415	24,468,024	26, 328, 421	26,717,813	32,740,434	34,076,451
Fiscal Year	Ended June 30	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

SOURCE: Buncombe County Tax Department

NOTE: Tax exempt real property includes: elderly exclusion, use value deferred, and classified historic exempt property.

NOTE: The county assesses property at approximately 100 percent of actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

NOTE: Property in Buncombe County was reappraised in 2014 and 2017.

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (per \$100 of assessed value)

2014 County Direct Rates: County-wide Rate ¹ Fire Districts ³ Total average direct rate Municipality Rates: City of Asheville	14 ⁻ 0.604 \$ 0.118		(ç								ç		
: irect rate	604 \$ 118	C102	.70	2016	2017 4	7 -	2018	. 1	2019	2020		2021	20	2022 -	2023	23
rrect rate	604 \$ 118															
irect rate	118	0.604	Ś	0.604	\$ 0	.539 \$	0.529	S	0.529	\$ 0.5	29 \$	0.529	Ś	0.488	\$ 0.	.488
irect rate (0.118		0.118	0	0.118	0.123		0.143	0.143	43	0.133		0.130	0	0.138
	0.722	0.722		0.722	0	0.657	0.652		0.672	0.672	72	0.662		0.618	0.	.626
	460	0.475		0.475	0	.475	0.429		0.429	0.4	29	0.429		0.403	0.	403
Forest	0.385	0.385		0.395	0	0.395	0.330		0.345	0.345	45	0.345		0.345	0.	345
Town of Weaverville 0.4	420	0.420		0.440	0	.440	0.380		0.380	0.3	30	0.380		0.350	0	350
Town of Black Mountain 0.3	375	0.375		0.375	0	.375	0.333		0.333	0.3	33	0.333		0.306	0.	321
Town of Montreat 0.4	410	0.410		0.410	0	.410	0.410		0.410	0.4	30	0.430		0.430	0.	430
Town of Woodfin 0.3	305	0.305		0.305	0	.305	0.280		0.280	0.3	30	0.330		0.330	0.	0.330
Asheville School District 0.1	0.150	0.150		0.150	0	0.150	0.120		0.120	0.120	20	0.120		0.106	0.	0.106

NOTES:

All taxable property is subject to the county-wide tax. Most property in unincorporated areas are also subject to fire district taxes.
 A revaluation of real property is required by N.C. General Statute at least every eight years. Revaluation was completed for tax year 2013, 2016 and 2021 (fiscal year 2014, 2017 and 2022).
 Average rate of the various Fire Districts.

UNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	roperty Taxpayers
BUNCOMBE COUT	Principal Property Taxp

DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Decen	December 31, 2022	2	Deceml	December 31, 2013	3
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Taxable		Total Taxable	Taxable		Total Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Mission Hospital LLP	945,898,389	1	2.00%			
Ingles Markets Inc	371,289,455	2	0.79%	253,344,730	2	0.92%
Raytheon Technologies Corporation	257,647,700	3	0.55%			
Biltmore Company	150,392,261	4	0.32%	99,993,052	5	0.36%
GPI Resort Holdings LLC	146,281,000	5	0.31%	104,565,000	4	0.38%
New Belgium Brewing Company Inc	132,319,926	9	0.28%			
Eli Lilly & Company	131,680,384	7	0.28%			
Pratt & Whitney	106,126,479	8	0.22%			
Linamar North Carolina Inc	105,646,908	6	0.22%			
Southeastern Container Inc	100,702,243	10	0.21%	62,859,470	8	0.23%
MHG Asheville						
Progress/Duke Energy				323,318,363	1	1.17%
Town Square West LLC				107,582,750	ю	0.39%
The Cliffs at Walnut Cove LLC						
Arvato Digital Services (Sonopress)						
Asheville Mall CMBS LLC				75,985,600	9	0.28%
Bellsouth Tel Co - AT&T North Carolina				62,351,865	6	0.23%
Borgwarner Turbo Systems				64,093,710	7	0.23%
Public Service Co of NC Inc				60,953,371	10	0.22%
Totals	\$ 2,447,984,745		5.18%	\$ 1,215,047,911		4.40%
Total Overall Valuation	47.290.446.812			27.626.220.753		

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Total Levy for	Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Collected Within the iscal Year of the Levy	Collections in Subsequent	Total	Total Collections to Date
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage	Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2014	167,069	166,098	99.42%	106	166,204	99.48%
2015	174,422	173,958	99.73%	×	173,966	99.74%
2016	178,618	178,338	99.84%	29	178,367	99.86%
2017	183,816	183,615	99.89%	146	183,761	99.97%
2018	195,601	195,331	99.86%	ı	195,331	99.86%
2019	198,724	198,505	99.89%	ı	198,505	99.89%
2020	208,210	206,937	99.39%	ı	206,937	99.39%
2021	218,891	218,114	99.65%	ı	218,114	99.65%
2022	236,637	236,054	99.75%		236,054	99.75%
2023	243,686	243.138	99.78%		243.138	99.78%

SOURCE: Buncombe County Tax Department

NOTE: Property was revalued and effective in fiscal year 2014, 2017 and 2022

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

		Per	Capita	1,889	2,017	2,043	1,877	1,969	1,802	1,629	1,506	1,549	1,397
	Percentage	of Personal	Income	5.00%	5.01%	4.83%	4.31%	4.33%	3.76%	3.27%	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Total	Primary	Government	471,009	509, 141	523,215	488,172	516,558	477,147	435,572	407,022	427,098	387,380
	Total	Business-Type	Activities	4,834	3,030	2,688	2,348	2,007	1,741	1,320	1,001	17,289	14,256
Business-type Activities	Lease	Installment	Obligations		·	·	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1,290	727
Business-t		Installment	Notes	3,372	3,030	2,688	2,348	2,007	1,741	1,320	1,001	15,999	13,529
	Special	Obligation	Bonds	1,462	•	•	•	'	'	·	•	'	ı
	Total	Governmental	Activities	466,175	557,558	520,527	485,824	514,551	475,406	434,252	406,021	409,809	373,124
ivities	Subscription	Installment	Obligations				•				•		4,042
Governmental Activit	Lease	Installment	Obligations		·	·	ı	ı		ı	ı	1,651	1,999
9		Installment		427,831	527,434	493,279	461,451	493,053	456,783	418,502	393,144	398,154	359,883
	General	Obligation	Bonds	38,344	30,124	27,248	24,373	21,498	18,623	15,750	12,877	10,004	7,200
		Fiscal	Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

NOTE: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹Personal income and population data can be found on Table 13 (Demographic and Economic Statistics)

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		Per Capita ²	159	118	105	93	81	70	58	47	36	26
Percentage of Estimated	Actual Taxable Value ¹	of Property	0.14%	0.10%	0.09%	0.08%	0.06%	0.05%	0.04%	0.03%	0.02%	0.01%
	General Obligation	Bonds	38,344	30,124	27,248	24,373	21,498	18,623	15,750	12,877	10,004	7,200
		Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

NOTE: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹Property value data can be found on Table 5 (Assessed Value of Taxable Property)

²Population data can be found on Table 13 (Demographic and Economic Statistics)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Estimated share of Direct and Overlapping debt (2)	\$ 40,100,000 1,310,000	79,467,650 871,847 2,057,705 103,407 196,815 124,107,424 373,124,283 \$ 497,231,707
Percentage Applicable to County (1)	100% 100%	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%
Debt Outstanding	<pre>\$ 40,100,000 1,310,000</pre>	79,467,650 871,847 2,057,705 103,407 196,815 debt
Government Unit	Net general obligation bonded debt City of Asheville Town of Weaverville	Installment Debt City of Asheville Town of Biltmore Forest Town of Black Mountain Town of Weaverville Town of Weaverville Town of Woodfin Subtotal, overlapping debt County direct debt Total direct and overlapping debt

(1) The percentage of overlap is based on assessed property values.

(2) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County of Buncombe.

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)	(amounts ex	pressed in th	iousands)							
	2014	2015	2016	2017	Fiscal Year 2018 201	Year 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Debt limit	\$ 2,210,098 \$	2,154,040 \$	2,363,561 \$	2,433,364 \$	2,901,169 \$	3,002,249 \$	3,147,071 \$	3,305,175 \$	3,873,652 \$	3,991,817
Total net debt applicable to limit	402,098	454,994	431,485	406,791	432,220	400,014	399,315	375,675	390,468	373,043
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,808,000 \$	1,699,046 \$	1,932,076 \$	2,026,573 \$	2,468,949 \$	2,602,235 \$	2,747,756 \$	2,929,500 \$	3,483,184 \$	3,618,774
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	18.19%	21.12%	18.26%	16.72%	14.90%	13.32%	12.69%	11.37%	10.08%	9.35%
		V	Assessed value of taxable property	taxable property			÷	State Limit 49,897,715	ee Ŭ	County Limit 49,897,715
		D	ebt Limit - Eight	Debt Limit - Eight Percent (8%) of assessed value	sessed value		\$	3,991,817		
		D	ebt Limit - Three	Debt Limit - Three Percent (3%) of assessed value**	ssessed value**				\$	1,496,931
		Ċ	Gross Debt:							
			Total Bonded Debt	lebt				7,200		7,200
			Installment Pure	Installment Purchase Agreements				345,546		345,546
			Business-Type Debt	Debt				13,529		
			Debt Incurred for	Debt Incurred for Water Purposes						1,219
			Lease Liability					2,726		1,999
			SBITA Liability				I	4,042	I	4,042
		Ĕ	otal amount of de	Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit (net debt)	sbt limit (net debt)		∾	373,043	÷	360,006
		Ľ	Legal debt margin				÷	\$ 3,618,774	÷	\$ 1,136,925

Legal Debt Margin

NOTE: Under state finance law, Buncombe County's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 8 percent of total assessed property value. The only exclusion to debt applicable to the debt limit is that which is used for water purposes. ** Local policy has additional restrictions and guidance on the use of debt financing and debt structuring beyond the terms of the General Statutes. This includes a debt limit of only 3% and only excluses the values to be additional restrictions.

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Unemployment Rate	4.8%	4.7%	4.0%	3.4%	3.2%	3.3%	11.3%	4.5%	2.9%	2.8%
School Enrollment	31,003	30,232	32,008	31,966	31,828	30,747	30,441	28,753	28,747	28,625
Median Age	41.3	41.3	42.6	42.8	42.5	42.0	42.7	43.0	43.4	43.8
Per Capita Personal Income	40,797	42,996	44,403	46,323	48,819	50,804	53,309	N/A	N/A	N/A
Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	10,169,914	10,841,968	11,332,554	11,923,891	12,679,516	13,313,254	14,045,669	N/A	N/A	N/A
Population	252,384	256,096	260,096	262,360	264,849	267,372	270,224	272,880	275,777	277,266
Fiscal Y ear	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

NOTE: Population estimates come from the North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management. Personal income information is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is as of the month ending June. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year. Beginning in 2016 charter schools are included in total enrollment.

UNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	rincipal Employers
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CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

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	2023			2014	
		Approximate Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
1,000-2,999	1	0.71%-2.14%	750	1	0.58%
1,000-2,999	2	0.71% - 2.14%	550	4	0.43%
500-999	ŝ	0.36%-0.71%	600	e	0.47%
500-999	4	0.36%-0.71%			
400-499	5	0.29% - 0.36%	420	5	0.33%
300-399	9	0.21% - 0.28%			
300-399	7	0.21% - 0.28%	325	9	0.25%
300-399	8	0.21% - 0.28%			
300-399	6	0.21% - 0.28%	310	8	0.24%
300-399	10	0.21%-0.28%			
			650	0	0.50%
			325	7	0.25%
			300	6	0.23%
			235	10	0.18%
4,900-10,490		3.28%-6.46%	4,465		3.46%

Continued on Next Page

NON-MANUFACTURING						
		2023			2014	
•			Percentage			Percentage
			of 1 otal County			OT LOTAL COUNTY
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Mission Health System and Hospital	3,000+	1	2.14%	6,994	1	5.42%
Buncombe County Public Schools	3,000+	7	2.14%	4,000	0	3.10%
Ingles Markets, Inc.	1,000-2,999	ŝ	0.71%-2.14%	1,137	9	0.88%
VA Medical Center - Asheville	1,000-2,999	4	0.71%-2.14%	1,593	4	1.24%
The Biltmore Company	1,000-2,999	5	0.71%-2.14%	1,770	б	1.37%
Buncombe County Government	1,000-2,999	9	0.71%-2.14%	1,369	5	1.06%
City of Asheville Government	1,000-2,999	7	0.71%-2.14%	1,000	6	0.78%
Walmart	1,000-2,999	8	0.71%-2.14%			
Mountain Area Health Center	500-999	6	0.36%-0.71%			
Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College	500-999	10	0.36%-0.71%	1,019	8	0.79%
Omni Grove Park Inn				1,100	7	0.85%
CarePartners				950	10	0.74%
Total	13,000-26,000		9.26%-18.54%	20,932		16.23%

* Labor Force Estimate for 2023 per NCESC: 145,779 Labor Force Estimate for 2014 per NCESC: 128,950 SOURCE: Asheville Chamber of Commerce and Federal Reserve Bank Economic Research (FRED)

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Summary of Permanent Positions by Service Area

YEARS	
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General Fund	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function										
General Government	165	172	170	169	168	238	247	251	258	287
Public Safety	580	592	597	603	620	562	584	618	640	703
Human Services	565	586	609	584	589	569	570	572	567	572
Economic & Physical Development	23	22	23	23	24	42	43	44	49	58
Cultural and Recreational	81	70	61	63	64	65	65	80	98	105
Total	1,414	1,442	1,460	1,442	1,465	1,476	1,509	1,565	1,612	1,725
General Fund	1,414	1,442	1,460	1,442	1,465	1,476	1,509	1,565	1,612	1,725
Special Revenue Funds	ı	6	7	1	1	1	1	17	29	39
Enterprise Funds	31	25	23	26	26	31	31	36	39	42
Internal Service Fund	5	5	2	7	9	7	9	5	4	4
Total	1.450	1.481	1.487	1.476	1.498	1.515	1.547	1.623	1.684	1.810

Note: In 2019 General Services (44) moved from Public Safety to General Government and Inspections and Permits (21) moved from Public Safety to Economic & Physical Development SOURCE: Buncombe County Budget Office.

Operating Indicators by Function

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	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
GENERAL GOVERNMENT Number of Employment Applications Processed	6,980	7,611	3,660	7,296	7,863	6,789	8,431	7,954	8,042	7,100
retentage of registered voicts ratuepating in General Election	49.0%	17.0%	71.0%	N/A	23.3%	61.0%	N/A	78.3%	20.0%	57.6%
PUBLIC SAFETY Number of Inmates Processed Number of Building Permits Issued Number of Emergency Calls Dispatched*	13,870 2,057 66,223	12,973 2,354 68,537	13,349 2,332 70,150	12,962 2,419 71,837	12,550 2,451 165,481	12,009 3,027 187,317	10,821 3,021 174,904	7,746 3,458 176,319	8,165 3,574 232,757	7,692 3,162 212,112
HUMAN SERVICES Percentage of Children Reunified with Family after Foster Care	20%	34%	33%	24%	22%	29%	21%	28%	33%	46%
ECONOMIC AND PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT Number of Subdivision Plan Reviews	518	624	681	785	954	775	927	984	802	743
CULTURE AND RECREATION Library Book Circulation Number of Visitors to Swimming Pools	1,608,748 56,063	1,602,994 47,381	1,757,157 35,421	1,667,802 36,505	1,716,038 38,524	1,659,826 29,743	1,460,254 10,737	1,372,279 21,590	1,669,379 36,454	1,785,326 43,010
EDUCATION Dollars Spent Per Pupil**	\$ 2,243	\$ 2,420	\$ 2,384	\$ 2,169	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,517	\$ 2,650	\$ 2,867	\$ 3,037	\$ 3,389
ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE Tons of Waste Received Tons of Waste Recycled	133,795 14,317	131,222 12,826	139,443 12,591	152,302 14,092	183,455 14,300	184,037 16,589	216,811 17,964	224,457 18,503	224,233 16,840	228,887 21,097

SOURCE: Various Buncombe County Government Departments.

*Prior to 2018 the County was only dispatching EMS calls and in 2018 the County began dispatching EMS and Sheriff calls **General fund dollars spent per pupil

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
PUBLIC SAFETY Sheriff's Office										
Stations	2	ŝ	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol Vehicles	80	81	81	81	86	87	87	87	87	87
CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	AL									
Parks acreage	646	646	646	646	646	646	646	646	646	646
Parks	14	15	15	15	15	15	15	16	16	16
Swimming pools	9	S	5	5	5	5	5	S	5	5
Ballfields and courts	30	31	31	31	31	31	31	32	32	32
Libraries	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13

SOURCE: Various County Departments



Compliance Section







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Members of the Board of County Commissioners Buncombe County, North Carolina Asheville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Buncombe County, North Carolina** (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Buncombe County, North Carolina's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina January 9, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

To Members of the Board of County Commissioners Buncombe County, North Carolina Asheville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Buncombe County, North Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina,* issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act, but
 not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program. A timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina January 9, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

To Members of the Board of County Commissioners Buncombe County, North Carolina Asheville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited **Buncombe County, North Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major state program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major state program.

Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of the major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina January 9, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<i>Financial Statements</i> Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>X</u> Yes No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
<u>Federal Awards</u> Internal control over major state programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs?	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number 93.778 21.027 21.023	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster) Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Emergency Rental Assistance
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$1,664,442
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS (CONTINUED)

State Awards	
Internal control over major state programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs?	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major State programs:	
Program Name	
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds	
Justice Involved SUD Grant	
State Foster Care Benefits Program	

Other major state programs include the Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) which have a state match on the federal program. Therefore, this program has been included in the major programs above.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2023-001 Restatement of Prior Year Balances

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to ensure that financial statements properly present the financial position and results of the County in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to timely detect material misstatements in the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Context/Cause: During our audit for the year ended June 30, 2023, material misstatements in the opening balances of the County were identified and, thus, audit adjustments were required as follows:

• An error in recording the receipt of the Opioid Settlement funds as unearned revenue in the of \$621,438.

Effects: As a result of the issue identified above, a material audit adjustment was required to correct previously reported balances of the County. Restatements to beginning balances of the County in the amount of \$621,438.

Recommendation: We recommend the County carefully review the financial statements and the applicable reporting requirements under GAAP to ensure that all information and financial data is properly reported.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding and have taken steps to more carefully align applicable reporting requirements with presentation in the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no federal program findings for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

SECTION IV STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no state program findings for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

2022-001 Significant Deficiency over Federal suspension and debarment requirements

Criteria: Prior to entering into subawards and contracts with award funds, recipients must verify that such contractors and subrecipients are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise excluded pursuant to 31 CFR section 19.300.

Conditions: The County did not properly document federal and state suspension and debarment status for one vendor prior to entering into a contract with the vendor.

Current Status: Corrected.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
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Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients
Federal Awards:					
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster : FNS ARPA Funds FNS Consolidated Appropriations Act (CAA) Funds Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Admin Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Faud Admin Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Faud Admin Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Education & Training & Dependent Care Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster	10.561 10.561 10.561 10.561 10.561	12-3505-0-1-605 12-3505-0-1-605 2255NC40682514 2255NC40682514 2255NC40682514	\$ 380,533 - 4,144,9-6 218,483 57,517 4,801,497	о о	s 4,144,964 218,483 57,517 4,420,964
Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Public Health Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children Administration Breastleeding Program Total: Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children	1 10.557 10.557	13A2-5403-GC/13A2-5403-GD/13A2-5404-GC/13A2-5404-GD/13A2-5405- GD/13A2-5409-GC/13A2-5409-GC/13A2-5409-GD 13A2-5706-JQ/13A2-5706-JQ/13A2-5706-JQ	924,155 79,588 1,003,743		
Forest Service Passed through the Office of the State Controller: Schools and Roads - Grants to States and Counties Total Forest Service Schools and Roads - Grants to States and Counties	10.665	N/A	21,881 21,881		
Natural Resources Conservation Service Emergency Watershed Protection Program Guthnic Project - Streambank Restoration Total Emergency Watershed Protection Program	10.923	NR204532XXXXC032 NR204532XXXXC032	23,640 - 23,640		
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development Passed-through N.C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development	14.228	B-20-DW-37-0001	207,000,0 815,788 115,788		
 U.S. Department of Justice Community Violence Initiative (OIP) Adult Drug Court FY2027 Adult Drug Court FY2027 Faily Justice Court COD Office of Violence Against Women (OVW) Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Sive-Based Program (COAP) - Safer Together Public Safety Patrenship and Community Policing Grants (COPS) Equitable Sharing Program Pased-Through N.C. Department of Public Safety: Family Justice Carter GC Crime Victim Assistance - Sobriety Treatment and Recovery Teams (START) Expansion Edward Byrme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (JAG) Pased-through City of Asheville: Reaved Byrme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (JAG) Total U.S. Department of Justice 	16.738 16.585 16.585 16.590 16.538 16.710 16.72 16.738 16.738	15PBJA-22-GG-04717-CVIP/FAW-173039 2018-MU-BX-0025 15PBJA-22-GG-03944-DGCT 1510/W21GG02027fCrR 2019-AR-BX-K071 2019-AR-BX-K071 2020U-MX-0035 NC0110000 PROJ013509/PROJ015069 PROJ0135035 - 2019V2GX0067 2020-DJ-BX-0052 - PROJ015063 15-0404-0-1-754	122,695 107,718 8,423 8,423 6,4,591 125,000 105,362 81,194 24,433 1,4,710 1,289,982	31,574 31,574 31,574 -	

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	ATE AWARDS		
Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Passed-through Pass-through) State to Expenditures Expenditures Subrecipients
1.5. Dent. of Transportation Federal Transit Administration Passed-through N.C. Department of Transportation: Public Transportation for Nonurbanized Areas: Administration Capital Total Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509 20.509	36233,13,15,1 51081,1,2,3/36233,13,16,5	\$ 311,845 \$ 19,489 \$ \$ 4,159 5,19 - - 316,004 20,008 - -
Passed-through N.C. Department of Transportation: Transit Services Programs Cluster: Passed-through City of Asheville: 5310 SEDTAP 5310 NEDF Tapes Total Transit Services Programs Cluster Total Transit Services Programs Cluster	20.513 20.513	NC-2020-057-00/NC-1057-2021-2 NC-2019-017-00	128,544
Federal Transit Cluster: 5307 ARPA Total Federal Transit Cluster Total Federal Transit Administration	20.507		426,915 426,915 906,918 20,008 -
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Highway Safety Cluster State and Community Highway Safety - DWI Court 2022 State and Community Highway Safety - DWI Taskforce 2023 State and Community Highway Safety - DWI Taskforce 2023 Total Highway Safety Cluster	20616 20616 20616	M5CS-2022-15-02 AL-2022-02-10	11.952
Federal Highway Administration Highway Planning & Construction Cluster: Passed-flough N.C. Department of Transportation: Highway Planning & Construction - Enka Recreation Destination/Hominy Creek Greenway Woodfin Greenway project Total Highway Planning & Construction Cluster	20.205 20.205	EB-5824 EB-5774	63,110
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,340,887 20,008 -
U.S. Department of Treasury COVID-19: Emergency Rental Assistance Program II COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Friscal Recovery Funds Passed-through the Office of State Budgat and Management: NC Pandemic Recovery Office COVID-19: Communicable Disease Pandemic Recovery COVID-19: NC PRO Emergency Rental Assistance COVID-19: NC PRO Emergency Rental II Assistance	21.023 21.027 21.027 21.023 21.023	202205-1505-001 TDO22SLFRP8588C 25F1-249N-TT 20-0150-0-1-604	646,890 - 9,317,864 12,518,680 - 9,317,864 591,870 1,306,031
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			18,312,366 - 9,317,864
<u>Institute of Museum and Library Services</u> Flowstate Community Arts Initiative Total Institute of Museaum and Library Services	45.312	59-0300-0-1-503	4,008
U.S. Department of Environmental Protection Agency Air Pollution Control Program Support Ambient Air Monitoring Network Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	66.001 66.034	A00406820 PM01D04620	214.517

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	TE AWARDS				
Grantor/Proggh Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures Exp	Passed-through State to Expenditures Subrecipients	ough vients
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families					
Division of Social Services: Work First/Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	2201NCTANF	\$ 2,239,079 \$	- \$ 6,3.	6,349,469
Division of Public Health: Family Planning - TANF Total for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster	93.558	13A1-5151-T2	27,155 2,266,234	- 6,3	- 6,349,469
Eoster Care and Adoption Cluster ² . Title IV-E Foster Care-Administration Foster Care-Direct Benefits Payments Foster Care VD-E-CPS Adoption Assistance Total for Foster Care and Adoption Cluster:	93.658 93.658 93.658 93.659	2201NCFOST 2201NCFOST 2201NCFOST 2201NCFOST 2201NCADPT	2,880,896 1,439,162 749,528 26,504 5,336,594	- 2,5 389,446 3; 226,095 5; - 22 615,541 3,60	2,545,350 356,641 523,432 267,008 3,692,432
N.C. Child Support Enforcement Section	93.563	2201NCCES	1,011,133	- 5	521,891
Refugee Assistance - Administration Refugee Health Assessments Total for Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566 93.566	2201NCRCMA 1370-8100-68	80,728 49,499 130,227		
Crisis Intervention Program Energy Assistance Payments - Direct Benefit Payments Low Income Home Energy Assistance Block Grant - Administration Total for Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568 93.568 93.568	2201NCLIEA 2201NCLIEA 2201NCLIEA	393,273 298,465 214,100 905,839		
Division of Child Development: Subsidized Child Care Child Care Development Cluster: Division of Social Services: COVID 10 1 cm Income Lanachald Mages Anciences Decormon ADDA	03,400		007.180		
COVIDENT: LOW-INCOME LOUGHSTON WARL ASSASSANCE LOUGHST - AND A Childcare Development Fund - Administration Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program: Permanency Planning - Families for Kids ADS Reconsid Services	93.596 93.645 03.645	2101ACCCDF 2201NCCWSS 2201NCCWSS	81,878 81,878 81,878		
CPS TANF Transferred to SSBG Independent Living Crain - LINKS	93.667 93.674	2201NC0SR 2201NC0SR 2201NCCILP	261,203 53,002	- - 13,250	
Independent Living Grant - LINKS - Direct Benefit Payments COVID-19: Pandemic Funds - LINKS Family Reunification	93.674 93.674 93.556	2201NCCILP 75-1545-01-609 2201NCFPSS	155,687 - 58,820 1,208,711		
SSBG - Other Services SSBG - In-Home Services SSBG - Adult Day Care Total for Social Services Block Grant	93.667 93.667 93.667	2201NC0SR 2201NC0SR 2201NC0SR	446,590 38,912 40,600 526,102	- 1. 33,788 33,788 1.	148,863 5,559 10,627 165,049
T otal Administration for Children and Families			1,734,813	47,039 1:	157,134
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Passed through VAYA Health: COVID-19: VAYA ARPA Child and Family - FY23 Total Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	93.958	N/A	29,622 29,622		, ,

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	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	
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UNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	DITURE	2023
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BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	TATE AWARDS				
Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Medical Assistance:					
Medicand Cluster Medicaned Assisted Treatment (MAT) Grant Medicated Assisted Treatment (MAT) Grant FY23 Medical Assistance Program - Administration Adult Home Specialist Fund Total Medicaid Cluster	93.788 93.788 93.778 93.778	N/A N/A XIX-MAP22 XIX-MAP22	\$ 33,917 99,330 12,780,667 347,898 13,261,752	\$ - 1,999,712 31,186 2,030,898	\$ 4,386,796 316,712 4,703,508
State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice Total N.C. Health Choice	93.767	CHIP22	372,840 372,840	22,220 22,220	64,017 64,017
Total Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services			13,634,592	2,053,118	4,767,525
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Division of rubite retain: HIV Punds - CAPUS Safe Spaces	93.940	1311-4300-HV	28,000		
l uberculosis Control Program Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.116 93.074	1460-2/20-NF/1460-UK/7-NF 1264-2680-EU	41,185		
Preventative Health and Health Services Block Grant COVID-19: ELC Enhancing Detection Activities	93.991 93.323	1261-5503-PH 1175-883A-P5	30,327 592,201		27,000 -
School Health Centers APPA Covid-19 SH Team Workforce	93.323 93.354	1332-892A-L <i>5</i> 1332-535A-VM	115,000 202.174		115,000 202.174
Division of Community Health:		TAT 14000-2001			1.1.1.1.1.1.1
Wisewoman Project Advancing Equity	93.436 93.391	1313-3720-AL 1161-7955-LZ	146,190 59,317		
COVID-19: CDC Vaccination Program Immunization Action Plan	93.268 93.768	1331-6315-LD/1331-639B-P7 1331-631D-F1	350,493 47 612		
unuutatization revent rau Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Programs Gonorthen Partine Services	93.977 93.977	1320-1021 1320-3100-D7 1311-4651-NB	125,020		
Total Centers for Disease Control	-		1,812,619		344,174
Health Resources and Services Administration Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Phylic Health-					
Nurse Family Partnership - Healthy Families America Nurse Family Partnership - Healthy Families America	93.505 93.994	1271-123D-D2/1271-123D-VH 1271-5020-AP/1271-5020-AP/1271-5020-00	168,770 451.566	- 322	
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Total Health Resources and Services Administration	93.994	13A1-5735-AP/1271-5318-AR/1271-5745-AR/1271-5351-AR	256,780 877,116	- 322	124,724 124,724
Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and Community Based Programs Pased-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Public Health: Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention Total Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and Community Based Programs	93.136 ograms	1175-8380-DH	97,358 97,358		

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
BUNCOMBE COUN	SCHEDULE OF	FOR THE YEAR ENDE

Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Public Health: Family Planning Services Title X Total Office of Assistant Secretary for Health	93.217	13A1-5900-FP	\$ 112.088 112.088	· ·	۰ ۱
Administration for Community Living (ACL) COVID-19 Adult Protective Services (APS) Essential Services Fund Total Administration for Community Living (ACL)	93.747	75-0142-0-1-506	61,619 61,619		
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			28,009,853	2,715,015	15,957,349
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed-through N.C. Department of Public Safety: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program - USAR Support Funding	97.036 97.042 97.067	4617 Tropical Storm Fred EMA-2021-EP-00015/EMA-2021-EP-00014/EMPG-S-2026-2025011 EMW-2021-SS-0039	103,004 80,907 23,640	67,196 -	- - 23,640
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			207,551	67,196	23,640
Total Federal Awards			55,481,414	2,833,792	29,719,817
State Awards: <u>N.C. Department of Administration</u> DMVA Community County Grants Total N.C. Department of Administration		N/A		2,083 2,083	
N.C. Department of Aericulture and Consumer Services Technical Assistance-Soil/Water Matching Funds Spay/Neuter Grant Rental Equipment for Small Farms Total N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services		N/A N/A N/A 2021-011-03		26,716 3,600 9,109 24,499 63,924	
N.C. Department of Cultural and Natural Resources Division of State Library: Aid to Public Libraries Total N.C. Department of Cultural and Natural Resources		N/A		246,406 246,406	
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources Hominy Creek Project - Center for Creative Living VW Settlement Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality		CW18528/EP5032042		25,617 14,947 40,564	

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services Division of Public Health: Communicable Disease Control General Aid to Control Breast and Cervical Cancer Program		1175-4510-00 1161-4110-00 1325-355-04/130-559-00	ω	\$ 7,807 213,419 121,705	· · ·
Tuberculosis Integrated Targeted Testing Services (ITTS) Minority Diabetes Prevention Progam		1460-4551-00/1460-4554-00 1311-4601-RR/1311-4601-BN 1262-4179-00		32,935 3,459 294,820	
womens stream service Fund Healthy Communities Women and Child Health-Family Planning Child Health School Nurse Funding Initiative School Nurse Funding Initiative		1.5A1-0021-FK 1.261-5503-00 1.3A1-5735-00 1.271-5351-00 1.332-5358-00		15,080 3,713 71,602 23,614 150,000	
COVID Support in BCDF Total Division of Public Health				56,777 992,937	, ,
Division of Social Services: State Foster Care Benefits Program		N/A	,	946,293	511,463
Energy Assistance - Frivate Grants County Funded Programs		N/A N/A		3,000 -	10,236,542
Non-Allocating County Cost Work First Non Reimbursable		N/A A/N			1,573,086 595,171
LINKS/CHAFE/ NR-LINKS Start Model		A/A A/N		262,048	8,103 -
State Child Welfare CDS Total Division of Social Services		NA		241,831 1,453,172	- 12,924,365
Division of Mental Health/DD/SAS: Justice Involved SUD Grant Total Division of Mental Health/DD/SAS		N/A		561,672 561,672	
Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services				3,007,780	12,924,365
N.C. Department of Public Instruction Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction		V/V		1,825,316 1,825,316	1,825,316 1,825,316
N.C. Department of Public Safety Division of Emergency Management TF2 Jaksson County Deployment COVID-19: NCEM State Stream Restoration and Stabilization Streamfow Relabiliation Assistance Program		N/A 22-080-4127		13,733 300 -	
Division of Juvenile Justice Delinquency Prevention: Juvenile Crime Prevention Council Programs Methodist Home For Children - J.CPC Total N.C. Department of Public Safety		N/A N/A		612,416 75,000 701,449	564,855 75,000 639,855
<u>NC: Department of Transportation</u> Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster ROAP Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program ROAP Rural General Public Transportation ROAP Work First Transitional-Employment Transportation Assistance Program Total Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster		DOT-I6CL DOT-I6CL DOT-I6CL		182,668 109,762 7,557 299,987	9,350 - 9,350
Total N.C. Department of Transportation Total State Awards				299,987 6,187,510	9,350 15,398,886

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	AND STATE AWARDS		
Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed.(Direct & Passed-through Pass-through) State to Expenditures Expenditures Subrecipients
Other Financial Assistance: NC Dept. of Justice Opioid Settlement Fund (Note 5)			\$ - \$ 352,612 \$ -
Total Federal and State Awards			<u>\$ 55,481,414 \$ 9,373,914 \$ 45,118,703</u>
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards: Note 1: Basic Presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Buncombe County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2022 The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Buncombe County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or eash flows of Buncombe County.	the federal and State grant activity of Buncombe County (gulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements o and does not present the financial position, changes in n	under the programs of the federal government and the Sta s. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Av tet position or cash flows of Buncombe County.	te of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2022 The information in this vards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule
Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.	ng. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost I	principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certai	in types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
Note 3: Cluster of Programs The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Foster Care and Adoption	treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Fo	sster Care and Adoption	
Note 4: Indirect Cost Rate The County has elected not to use the de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance	niform Guidance.		
Note 5: Opioid Settlement Fund The NC Department of Justice does not consider Opioid Settlement Funds either Federal or State Financial assistance since they are from a settlement with private major drug companies. Since these funds are subject to the State Single Audit Implementation Act, they are reported as "Other Financial Assistance" on the SEFSA, and considered State Awards for State single audit requirements.	r State Financial assistance since they are from a settlemer udit requirements.	nt with private major drug companies. Since these funds	are subject to the State Single Audit Implementation Act, they are reported as
Total Federal Awards by Cluster and Assistance Listing Total Forest Services Cluster Total Highway Safety Cluster Total Highway Safety Cluster Total Fransit Cluster Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Total Adeiand Cluster Total CCDF Cluster	10.561 10.665 20.616 20.513 20.513 20.513 20.513 20.513 20.555 93.594 93.594 93.594 93.594 93.594 93.594 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555 10.5555		4,801,497 21,881 178,062 178,062 178,062 426,915 13,128,506 13,128,506 13,128,500 125,020 125,020 103,004 103,004 103,004 103,004 103,346 103,346 116,141 115,788 115,788 116,141 115,788 116,141 115,788 116,141 115,788 116,141 115,788 116,141 115,788 116,141 115,788 116,141 116,

	Fed.(Direct & Pas-through) Expenditures
	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number
BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	Federal AL Number
BUNCOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLIN SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES (FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title

Canacybas-Uncaga Andrei Canacybas-Uncaga Pasethongia National Pasethongia Pasethon			State/Pass-Through	Fed.(Direct &		Passed-through
	Grantor/Program Title Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	Grantor's Number	Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	to Subrecipients
		21.027		13,110,550		
		45.312		4,008		
		66.001		214,517		
		66.034		135,700		
		93.074		75,000		
		93.116 03.136		41,185		
		93.217		112.088		
		93.268		398,105		
		93.323		707,201		
		93.354		202,174		
		93.391		59,317		
		93.436		146,190		
		93.499		87,488		
		93.556		58,820		
		93.563		1,011,133		
		93.566		130,227		
		93.568		905,839		
		93.645		81,878		
		93.658		5,069,586		
		93.659		267,008		
		93.667		858,747		
		93.674		208,689		
		93.747		61,619		
		93.767		372,840		
		93.788		133,246		
		93.991		30,327		
55,481,414		93.958		29,622		
				55,481,414		

Finance Department



Melissa Moore Finance Director

Buncombe County Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Buncombe County respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Audit period: July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023

The finding from Section II. Financial Statement Findings and Responses is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in Section II.

2023-001 Restatement of Prior Year Balances

The auditors recommend the County carefully review the financial statements and the applicable reporting requirements under GAAP to ensure that all information and financial data is properly reported.

There is no disagreement with this audit finding.

The facts underlying this finding were based on best-available information and expert guidance at the time of a previous audit. County staff will carefully review the financial statements and applicable reporting requirements under GAAP, and proactively communicate with regulators and auditors regarding special reporting situations.

Person responsible for correction action: Melissa Moore, Finance Director

Completion date: The County will implement enhanced review and communication processes immediately.



buncombecounty.org

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